# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# FORM 10-Q

Mark One)		
	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO 1934	SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
	For the quarterly period ended August 31, 2010	
		OR
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO 1934	SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
	For the transition period fromto	<u> </u>
	Commiss	ion File Number 001-08495
		Constellation
		TION BRANDS, INC. registrant as specified in its charter)
	Delaware	16-0716709
	(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
	incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
20	7 High Point Drive, Building 100, Victor, New York	14564
	(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
	(Registrant's tele	(585) 678-7100 ephone number, including area code)
	(Former name, former address	and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)
		It to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding ach reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🗹 No
nd posted purs		d posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to
	ck mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an a ted filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company"	ccelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
arge accelerat	ed filer ☑ Accelerated filer □	Non-accelerated filer $\square$ Smaller reporting company $\square$ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)
ndicate by che	ck mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined	in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes□ No ☑
The number of	shares outstanding with respect to each of the classes of comm	non stock of Constellation Brands, Inc., as of September 30, 2010, is set forth below:
	Class	Number of Shares Outstanding
	Class A Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share	187,659,975
	Class B Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share	23,687,975
	Class 1 Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share	None

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This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the Company's control, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in, or implied by, such forward-looking statements. For further information regarding such forward-looking statements, risks and uncertainties, please see "Information Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" under Part I — Item 2 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

## PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Financial Statements.

# CONSTELLATION BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in millions, except share and per share data) (unaudited)

	August 31, 2010	February 28, 2010
ASSETS	2010	2010
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash investments	\$ 13.9	\$ 43.5
Accounts receivable, net	720.7	514.7
Inventories	1,722.4	1,879.9
Prepaid expenses and other	103.0	151.0
Total current assets	2,560.0	2,589.1
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, net	1,529.0	1,567.2
GOODWILL	2,566.1	2,570.6
INTANGIBLE ASSETS, net	920.1	925.0
OTHER ASSETS, net	301.9	442.4
Total assets	\$ 7,877.1	\$ 8,094.3
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Notes payable to banks	\$ 347.0	\$ 371.2
Current maturities of long-term debt	308.7	187.2
Accounts payable	253.5	268.8
Accrued excise taxes	57.7	43.8
Other accrued expenses and liabilities	482.8	501.6
Total current liabilities	1,449.7	1,372.6
LONG-TERM DEBT, less current maturities	3,127.7	3,277.1
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	544.0	536.2
OTHER LIABILITIES	325.8	332.1
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Class A Common Stock, \$.01 par value-		
Authorized, 322,000,000 shares;		
Issued, 226,948,305 shares at August 31, 2010,		
and 225,062,547 shares at February 28, 2010	2.3	2.3
Class B Convertible Common Stock, \$.01 par value-		
Authorized, 30,000,000 shares;		
Issued, 28,717,433 shares at August 31, 2010,		
and 28,734,637 shares at February 28, 2010	0.2	0.2
Additional and to control	0.3	0.3
Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	1,538.4 1,243.2	1,493.2 1,102.8
Accumulated other comprehensive income	550.6	1,102.8
Accumulated other comprehensive meonic		
	3,334.8	3,185.8
Less: Treasury stock -		
Class A Common Stock, 39,450,317 shares at August 31, 2010, and 26,549,546 shares at February 28, 2010, at cost	(902.7)	(607.3)
Class B Convertible Common Stock, 5,005,800 shares at August 31, 2010, and February 28, 2010, at cost	(2.2)	(2.2)
	(904.9)	(609.5)
Total stockholders' equity	2,429.9	2,576.3
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 7,877.1	\$ 8,094.3

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# CONSTELLATION BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (in millions, except per share data) (unaudited)

	F	For the Six Months Ended August 31,		Fo	For the Three Months Ended August 31,			
		2010		2009		2010		2009
SALES	\$	2,033.1	\$	2,094.5	\$	1,056.9	\$	1,090.7
Less — excise taxes		(382.8)		(426.1)		(194.1)		(213.9)
Net sales		1,650.3		1,668.4		862.8		876.8
COST OF PRODUCT SOLD		(1,066.1)		(1,090.1)		(548.6)		(567.2)
Gross profit		584.2		578.3		314.2		309.6
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		(336.1)		(331.4)		(167.3)		(166.3)
RESTRUCTURING CHARGES		(18.6)		(22.1)		(13.7)		(3.2)
Operating income		229.5		224.8		133.2		140.1
EQUITY IN EARNINGS OF EQUITY METHOD INVESTEES		120.9		136.0		66.4		73.2
INTEREST EXPENSE, net		(98.8)		(136.5)		(50.3)		(68.1)
Income before income taxes		251.6		224.3		149.3		145.2
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES		(111.2)		(118.1)		(58.0)		(45.5)
NET INCOME	\$	140.4	\$	106.2	\$	91.3	\$	99.7
		<u>.</u>						
SHARE DATA:								
Earnings per common share:								
Basic — Class A Common Stock	\$	0.67	\$	0.49	\$	0.44	\$	0.46
Basic — Class B Convertible Common Stock	\$	0.61	\$	0.44	\$	0.40	\$	0.42
Diluted — Class A Common Stock	\$	0.65	\$	0.48	\$	0.43	\$	0.45
Diluted — Class B Convertible Common Stock	\$	0.60	\$	0.44	\$	0.40	\$	0.41
					<del></del>			
Weighted average common shares outstanding:								
Basic — Class A Common Stock		189.084		195.571		185.455		195.910
Basic — Class B Convertible Common Stock		23.719		23.740		23.712		23.736
Diluted — Class A Common Stock		215.136		220.274		211.149		220.714
Diluted — Class B Convertible Common Stock		23.719		23.740		23.712		23.736

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# CONSTELLATION BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in millions) (unaudited)

	For	the Six Months		9	
	20	010		2009	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	•	440.4		4068	
Net income	\$	140.4	\$	106.2	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		61.0		77.1	
Deferred tax provision (benefit)		50.6		(28.7)	
Equity in earnings of equity method investees, net of distributed earnings		36.5		(12.3)	
Stock-based compensation expense		25.7		25.4	
Amortization of intangible and other assets		7.3		6.0	
Loss (gain) on disposal or impairment of long-lived assets, net		4.8		(1.4)	
Loss on business sold		_		0.8	
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from purchases and sales of businesses:					
Accounts receivable, net		(204.5)		(204.5)	
Inventories		157.2		91.3	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		5.3		1.0	
Accounts payable		(10.7)		(11.5)	
Accrued excise taxes		13.2		17.6	
Other accrued expenses and liabilities		39.7		8.8	
Other, net		(20.8)		21.6	
Total adjustments		165.3		(8.8)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	<del></del>	305.7		97.4	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(43.2)		(65.1)	
Investment in equity method investee		(29.7)		(0.5)	
(Repayments related to) proceeds from sale of business		(1.6)		276.4	
Proceeds from note receivable		60.0		_	
Proceeds from sales of assets		3.1		14.5	
Other investing activities		0.5		1.2	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(10.9)		226.5	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchases of treasury stock		(300.0)		_	
Principal payments of long-term debt		Ì			
N		(24.5)		(271.4)	
Net repayment of notes payable		(24.1)		(60.2)	
Payment of financing costs of long-term debt		(0.2)		_	
Exercise of employee stock options		18.0		9.0	
Excess tax benefits from stock-based payment awards		4.7		2.2	
Proceeds from employee stock purchases		2.1		2.3	
Net cash used in financing activities		(324.0)		(318.1)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash investments		(0.4)		0.8	
		(			
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS		(29.6)		6.6	
CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS, beginning of period		43.5		13.1	
CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS, end of period	\$	13.9	\$	19.7	
CURRI EMENITAT DICCLOCURES OF NONCACH BRIFESTRIC AND EDITATICING A CTRUTTES					
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	ф	4.0	Φ.		
Property, plant and equipment acquired under financing arrangements	\$	4.8	\$		
Note receivable from sale of value spirits business	\$	_	\$	60.0	
Title Teet. asie from suite of value spirits susmess	Ψ		Ψ	00.0	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

# CONSTELLATION BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2010 (unaudited)

#### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by Constellation Brands, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company"), without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission applicable to quarterly reporting on Form 10-Q and reflect, in the opinion of the Company, all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial information for the Company. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, have been condensed or omitted as permitted by such rules and regulations. These consolidated financial statements and related notes should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2010. Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of annual results.

In connection with the Company's recent changes within its internal management structure for its United Kingdom ("U.K.") and Australia businesses, and the Company's revised business strategy within these markets, the Company changed its reportable operating segments on May 1, 2010, to consist of: Constellation Wines North America ("CWNA"), Constellation Wines Australia and Europe ("CWAE"), Corporate Operations and Other, and Crown Imports (see Note 17).

#### 2. RECENTLY ADOPTED ACCOUNTING GUIDANCE:

Consolidation of variable interest entities —

Effective March 1, 2010, the Company adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") June 2009 amended guidance for consolidation. This guidance, among other things, (i) requires an entity to perform an analysis to determine whether an entity's variable interest or interests give it a controlling financial interest in a variable interest entity; (ii) requires ongoing reassessments of whether an entity is the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity and eliminates the quantitative approach previously required for determining the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity; (iii) amends previously issued guidance for determining whether an entity is a variable interest entity; and (iv) requires enhanced disclosure that will provide users of financial statements with more transparent information about an entity's involvement in a variable interest entity. In addition, effective March 1, 2010, the Company adopted the FASB additional December 2009 guidance on assessing whether a variable interest entity should be consolidated. This guidance identifies the determination of whether a reporting entity should consolidate another entity is based upon, among other things, (i) the other entity's purpose and design, and (ii) the reporting entity's ability to direct the activities of the other entity that most significantly impact the other entity's economic performance. This guidance also requires additional disclosures about an entity's involvement with a variable interest entity, including significant changes in risk exposure due to an entity's involvement with a variable interest entity affects the financial statements of the reporting entity. The adoption of the combined guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Fair value measurements and disclosures —

In January 2010, the FASB issued amended guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures. This guidance requires an entity to (i) disclose separately the amounts of significant transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and the reasons for the transfers, and (ii) present separately information about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements on a gross basis in the reconciliation for fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3). This guidance also clarifies existing disclosures requiring an entity to provide fair value measurement disclosures for each class of assets and liabilities and, for Level 2 or Level 3 fair value measurements, disclosures about the valuation techniques and inputs used to measure fair value for both recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements. Effective March 1, 2010, the Company adopted the additional disclosure requirements and clarifications of existing disclosures of this guidance, except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements in the reconciliation for fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3). The Company is required to adopt those disclosures for its annual and interim periods beginning March 1, 2011. The adoption of the applicable provisions of this guidance on March 1, 2010, did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company does not expect the adoption of the remaining provision of this guidance to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

#### 3. INVENTORIES:

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (computed in accordance with the first-in, first-out method) or market. Elements of cost include materials, labor and overhead and consist of the following:

(in millions)	August 31, 	February 28, 2010
Raw materials and supplies	\$ 45.8	\$ 44.3
In-process inventories	1,162.7	1,325.0
Finished case goods	513.9	510.6
	\$ 1,722.4	\$ 1,879.9

#### 4. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS:

As a multinational company, the Company is exposed to market risk from changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates that could affect the Company's results of operations and financial condition. The amount of volatility realized will vary based upon the effectiveness and level of derivative instruments outstanding during a particular period of time, as well as the currency and interest rate market movements during that same period.

The Company enters into derivative instruments, primarily interest rate swaps and foreign currency forward and option contracts, to manage interest rate and foreign currency risks. In accordance with the FASB guidance for derivatives and hedging, the Company recognizes all derivatives as either assets or liabilities on the balance sheet and measures those instruments at fair value. The fair values of the Company's derivative instruments change with fluctuations in interest rates and/or currency rates and are expected to offset changes in the values of the underlying exposures. The Company's derivative instruments are held solely to hedge economic exposures. The Company follows strict policies to manage interest rate and foreign currency risks, including prohibitions on derivative market-making or other speculative activities.

To qualify for hedge accounting treatment under the FASB guidance for derivatives and hedging, the details of the hedging relationship must be formally documented at inception of the arrangement, including the risk management objective, hedging strategy, hedged item, specific risk that is being hedged, the derivative instrument, how effectiveness is being assessed and how ineffectiveness will be measured. The derivative must be highly effective in offsetting either changes in the fair value or cash flows, as appropriate, of the risk being hedged. Effectiveness is evaluated on a retrospective and prospective basis based on quantitative measures.

Certain of the Company's derivative instruments do not qualify for hedge accounting treatment under the FASB guidance for derivatives and hedging; for others, the Company chooses not to maintain the required documentation to apply hedge accounting treatment. These undesignated instruments are used to economically hedge the Company's exposure to fluctuations in the value of foreign currency denominated receivables and payables; foreign currency investments, primarily consisting of loans to subsidiaries; and cash flows related primarily to repatriation of those loans or investments. Foreign currency contracts, generally less than 12 months in duration, are used to hedge some of these risks. The Company's derivative policy permits the use of undesignated derivatives when the derivative instrument is settled within the fiscal quarter or offsets a recognized balance sheet exposure. In these circumstances, the mark to fair value is reported currently through earnings in selling, general and administrative expenses on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of August 31, 2010, and February 28, 2010, the Company had undesignated foreign currency contracts outstanding with a notional value of \$761.8 million and \$554.9 million, respectively. In addition, the Company had offsetting undesignated interest rate swap agreements with an absolute notional amount of \$2,400.0 million outstanding at February 28, 2010 (see Note 9). The Company had no undesignated interest rate swap agreements outstanding as of August 31, 2010.

Furthermore, when the Company determines that a derivative instrument which qualified for hedge accounting treatment has ceased to be highly effective as a hedge, the Company discontinues hedge accounting prospectively. The Company also discontinues hedge accounting prospectively when (i) a derivative expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised; (ii) it is no longer probable that the forecasted transaction will occur; or (iii) management determines that designating the derivative as a hedging instrument is no longer appropriate.

#### Cash flow hedges:

The Company is exposed to foreign denominated cash flow fluctuations in connection with third party and intercompany sales and purchases and, historically, third party financing arrangements. The Company primarily uses foreign currency forward and option contracts to hedge certain of these risks. In addition, the Company utilizes interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to changes in interest rates. Derivatives managing the Company's cash flow exposures generally mature within three years or less, with a maximum maturity of five years. Throughout the term of the designated cash flow hedge relationship, but at least quarterly, a retrospective evaluation and prospective assessment of hedge effectiveness is performed. All components of the Company's derivative instruments' gains or losses are included in the assessment of hedge effectiveness. In the event the relationship is no longer effective, the Company recognizes the change in the fair value of the hedging derivative instrument from the date the hedging derivative instrument became no longer effective immediately in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. In conjunction with its effectiveness testing, the Company also evaluates ineffectiveness associated with the hedge relationship. Resulting ineffectiveness, if any, is recognized immediately in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The Company records the fair value of its foreign currency and interest rate swap contracts qualifying for cash flow hedge accounting treatment in its consolidated balance sheet with the effective portion of the related gain or loss on those contracts deferred in stockholders' equity (as a component of AOCI (as defined in Note 14)). These deferred gains or losses are recognized in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations in the same period in which the underlying hedged items are recognized and on the same line item as the underlying hedged items. However, to the extent that any derivative instrument is not considered to be highly effective in offsetting the change in the value of the hedged item, the hedging relationship is terminated and the amount related to the ineffective portion of this derivative instrument is immediately recognized in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations in selling, general and administrative expenses.

As of August 31, 2010, and February 28, 2010, the Company had cash flow designated foreign currency contracts outstanding with a notional value of \$528.6 million and \$465.2 million, respectively. In addition, as of August 31, 2010, and February 28, 2010, the Company had cash flow designated interest rate swap agreements outstanding with a notional value of \$500.0 million and \$1,200.0 million, respectively (see Note 9). The Company expects \$3.1 million of net gains, net of income tax effect, to be reclassified from AOCI to earnings within the next 12 months.

#### Fair value hedges:

Fair value hedges are hedges that offset the risk of changes in the fair values of recorded assets and liabilities, and firm commitments. The Company records changes in fair value of derivative instruments which are designated and deemed effective as fair value hedges, in earnings offset by the corresponding changes in the fair value of the hedged items. The Company did not designate any derivative instruments as fair value hedges for the six months and three months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009.

#### Net investment hedges:

Net investment hedges are hedges that use derivative instruments or non-derivative instruments to hedge the foreign currency exposure of a net investment in a foreign operation. Historically, the Company has managed currency exposures resulting from certain of its net investments in foreign subsidiaries principally with debt denominated in the related foreign currency. Accordingly, gains and losses on these instruments were recorded as foreign currency translation adjustments in AOCI. The Company did not designate any derivative or non-derivative instruments as net investment hedges for the six months and three months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009.

#### Fair values of derivative instruments:

The fair value and location of the Company's derivative instruments on its Consolidated Balance Sheets are as follows (see Note 5):

Balance Sheet Location	August 31, 2010	February 28, 2010
(in millions)		
Derivative instruments designated as hedging instruments		
Foreign currency contracts		
Prepaid expenses and other	\$ 16.7	\$ 17.1
Other accrued expenses and liabilities	\$ 11.5	\$ 15.1
Other assets, net	\$ 7.0	\$ 13.5
Other liabilities	\$ 1.8	\$ 5.5
Interest rate swap contracts		
Other accrued expenses and liabilities	\$ —	\$ 11.8
Other liabilities	\$ 19.7	\$ —

Balance Sheet Location (in millions)	 ust 31, 010	ruary 28, 2010
Derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments		
Foreign currency contracts		
Prepaid expenses and other	\$ 11.9	\$ 12.0
Other accrued expenses and liabilities	\$ 7.5	\$ 7.8
Other assets, net	\$ 0.1	\$ 1.6
Other liabilities	\$ 0.2	\$ 1.2
Interest rate swap contracts		
Prepaid expenses and other	\$ _	\$ 2.7
Other accrued expenses and liabilities	\$ _	\$ 2.9

The effect of the Company's derivative instruments designated in cash flow hedging relationships on its Consolidated Statements of Operations, as well as its Other Comprehensive Income ("OCI"), net of income tax effect, is as follows:

Derivative Instruments in Designated Cash Flow Hedging Relationships (in millions)	Gai Rec ii (E	Net n (Loss) cognized n OCI ffective ortion)	Location of Net Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI to Income (Effective portion)	Red from I (E	Net in (Loss) classified a AOCI to ncome effective sortion)
For the Six Months Ended August 31, 2010					
Foreign currency contracts	\$	0.1	Sales	\$	7.9
Foreign currency contracts		(2.1)	Cost of product sold		1.3
Interest rate swap contracts		(12.0)	Interest expense, net		
Total	\$	(14.0)	Total	\$	9.2
For the Six Months Ended August 31, 2009 Foreign currency contracts	\$	32.0	Sales	\$	7.1
Foreign currency contracts	Ф	13.8	Cost of product sold	\$	(5.6)
Foreign currency contracts		8.2	Selling, general and administrative expenses		18.5
Interest rate swap contracts		(4.5)	Interest expense, net		(12.9)
*			* '		
Total	\$	49.5	Total	\$	7.1
For the Three Months Ended August 31, 2010	Ф	1.2	0.1	Ф	4.2
Foreign currency contracts	\$	1.2 1.2	Sales	\$	4.3
Foreign currency contracts Foreign currency contracts		1.2	Cost of product sold Selling, general and administrative expenses		(0.9)
Interest rate swap contracts		(12.0)	Interest expense, net		_
*			* '		
Total	\$	(9.6)	Total	\$	3.4
For the Three Months Ended August 31, 2009					
Foreign currency contracts	\$	(1.4)	Sales	\$	3.8
Foreign currency contracts		2.7	Cost of product sold		(2.7)
Foreign currency contracts		0.9	Selling, general and administrative expenses		0.7
Interest rate swap contracts		(1.3)	Interest expense, net		(7.1)
Total	\$	0.9	Total	\$	(5.3)

Derivative Instruments in Designated Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	Location of Net Gain Recognized in Income (Ineffective portion)	Net Gain Recognized in Income (Ineffective portion)
For the Six Months Ended August 31, 2010		
Foreign currency contracts	Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 0.7
For the Six Months Ended August 31, 2009		
Foreign currency contracts	Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 0.1
Total currency communication	somms, general and damming and to enpointe	ψ 0.11
For the Three Months Ended August 31, 2010		
Foreign currency contracts	Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 0.4
For the Three Months Ended August 31, 2009	Calling and advictoring and a	ф 0.1
Foreign currency contracts	Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 0.1
The effect of the Company's undesignated derivative instruments on its	Consolidated Statements of Operations is as follows:	
Derivative Instruments not  Designated as Hedging Instruments  (in millions)	Location of Net (Loss) Gain Recognized in Income	Net (Loss) Gain Recognized in Income
For the Six Months Ended August 31, 2010		
Foreign currency contracts	Selling, general and administrative expenses	<u>\$ (1.0)</u>
Total		\$ (1.0)
E 1 81 17 1 E 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
For the Six Months Ended August 31, 2009 Foreign currency contracts	Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 8.0
Interest rate swap contracts	Interest expense, net	(0.4)
Total		\$ 7.6
For the Three Months Ended August 31, 2010		
Foreign currency contracts	Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 3.3
Total		\$ 3.3
For the Three Months Ended August 31, 2009 Foreign currency contracts	Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 5.3
Interest rate swap contracts	Interest expense, net	(0.1)
Total		\$ 5.2
		<del></del>
	10	

#### Credit risk:

The Company enters into master agreements with its bank derivative trading counterparties that allow netting of certain derivative positions in order to manage credit risk. The Company's derivative instruments are not subject to credit rating contingencies or collateral requirements. As of August 31, 2010, the fair value of derivative instruments in a net liability position due to counterparties was \$30.0 million. If the Company were required to settle the net liability position under these derivative instruments on August 31, 2010, the Company would have had sufficient availability under its revolving credit facility to satisfy this obligation.

Counterparty credit risk:

Counterparty credit risk relates to losses the Company could incur if a counterparty defaults on a derivative contract. The Company manages exposure to counterparty credit risk by requiring specified minimum credit standards and diversification of counterparties. The Company enters into master agreements with its bank derivative trading counterparties that allow netting of certain derivative positions in order to manage counterparty credit risk. As of August 31, 2010, all of the Company's counterparty exposures are with financial institutions which have investment grade ratings. The Company has procedures to monitor counterparty credit risk for both current and future potential credit exposures. As of August 31, 2010, the fair value of derivative instruments in a net receivable position due from counterparties was \$25.0 million.

#### 5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

The Company calculates the fair value of financial instruments using quoted market prices whenever available. When quoted market prices are not available, the Company uses standard pricing models for various types of financial instruments (such as forwards, options, swaps, etc.) which take into account the present value of estimated future cash flows.

The carrying amount and estimated fair value of the Company's financial instruments are summarized as follows:

)	February 28, 2010	
Fair	Carrying	Fair
Value	Amount	Value
\$ 13.9	\$ 43.5	\$ 43.5
\$ 720.7	\$ 514.7	\$ 514.7
\$ 35.7	\$ 44.2	\$ 44.2
\$ —	\$ 2.7	\$ 2.7
\$ 4.9	\$ 65.7	\$ 65.7
\$ 337.7	\$ 371.2	\$ 370.1
\$ 253.5	\$ 268.8	\$ 268.8
\$3,482.5	\$3,464.3	\$3,483.4
\$ 21.0	\$ 29.6	\$ 29.6
\$ 19.7	\$ 14.7	\$ 14.7
		•

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments:

Cash and cash investments, accounts receivable and accounts payable: The carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Foreign currency contracts: The fair value is estimated using market-based inputs, obtained from independent pricing services, into valuation models (see "Fair value measurements" below).

Interest rate swap contracts: The fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices from respective counterparties (see "Fair value measurements" below).

Notes receivable: These instruments are fixed interest rate bearing notes. The fair value is estimated by discounting cash flows using market-based inputs, including counterparty credit risk.

Notes payable to banks: The revolving credit facility under the 2006 Credit Agreement (as defined in Note 9) is a variable interest rate bearing note which includes a fixed margin which is adjustable based upon the Company's debt ratio (as defined in the 2006 Credit Agreement). The fair value of the revolving credit facility is estimated by discounting cash flows using LIBOR plus a margin reflecting current market conditions obtained from participating member financial institutions. The remaining instruments are variable interest rate bearing notes for which the carrying value approximates the fair value.

Long-term debt: The tranche A term loan facility under the 2006 Credit Agreement is a variable interest rate bearing note which includes a fixed margin which is adjustable based upon the Company's debt ratio. The tranche B term loan facility under the 2006 Credit Agreement is a variable interest rate bearing note which includes a fixed margin. The fair value of the tranche A term loan facility and the tranche B term loan facility is estimated by discounting cash flows using LIBOR plus a margin reflecting current market conditions obtained from participating member financial institutions. The fair value of the remaining long-term debt, which is all fixed rate, is estimated by discounting cash flows using interest rates currently available for debt with similar terms and maturities.

Fair value measurements —

The FASB guidance on fair value measurements and disclosures defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This guidance emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement, and states that a fair value measurement should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. In addition, the fair value measurement guidance establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 inputs include data points that are observable such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical assets or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, and inputs (other than quoted prices) such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable for the asset and liability, either directly or indirectly; Level 3 inputs are unobservable data points for the asset or liability, and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability.

The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

(in millions)	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
August 31, 2010				
Assets:				
Foreign currency contracts	\$ —	\$ 35.7	\$ —	\$35.7
Liabilities:				
Foreign currency contracts	\$ —	\$ 21.0	\$ —	\$21.0
Interest rate swap contracts	\$ —	\$ 19.7	\$ —	\$19.7
February 28, 2010				
Assets:				
Foreign currency contracts	\$ —	\$ 44.2	\$ —	\$44.2
Interest rate swap contracts	\$ —	\$ 2.7	\$ —	\$ 2.7
Liabilities:				
Foreign currency contracts	\$ —	\$ 29.6	\$ —	\$29.6
Interest rate swap contracts	\$ —	\$ 14.7	\$ —	\$14.7

The Company's foreign currency contracts consist of foreign currency forward and option contracts which are valued using market-based inputs, obtained from independent pricing services, into valuation models. These valuation models require various inputs, including contractual terms, market foreign exchange prices, interest-rate yield curves and currency volatilities. Interest rate swap fair values are based on quotes from respective counterparties. Quotes are corroborated by the Company using discounted cash flow calculations based upon forward interest-rate yield curves, which are obtained from independent pricing services.

The following table presents the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis for which an impairment assessment was performed for the six months and three months ended August 31, 2010. There were no assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis during the six months and three months ended August 31, 2009.

	Fai	r Value Measurements Us	sing	
	Quoted	Significant		
	Prices in	Other	Significant	
	Active	Observable	Unobservable	
	Markets	Inputs	Inputs	
(in millions)	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	Total Losses
Long-lived assets held for sale	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 4.1	\$ 5.8
Total	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 4.1	\$ 5.8

Long-lived assets held for sale:

In connection with the Company's Australian Initiative (as defined in Note 15), long-lived assets held for sale with a carrying value of \$10.1 million were written down to their estimated fair value of \$4.1 million, less cost to sell (which was estimated to be minimal), resulting in a loss of \$5.8 million for the six months and three months ended August 31, 2010. This loss is included in restructuring charges on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. These assets consisted primarily of certain winery and vineyard assets which had satisfied the conditions necessary to be classified as held for sale. As such, these assets were written down to a value based on the Company's estimate of fair value less cost to sell. The fair value was determined based on a market value approach adjusted for the different characteristics between assets measured and the assets upon which the observable inputs were based.

#### 6. GOODWILL:

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill are as follows:

			Crown	Consolidations and	
(in millions)	CWNA	CWAE	Imports	Eliminations	Consolidated
Balance, February 28, 2009					
Goodwill	\$ 2,615.0	\$ 852.6	\$ 13.0	\$ (13.0)	\$ 3,467.6
Accumulated impairment losses	_	(852.6)	_	_	(852.6)
	2,615.0		13.0	(13.0)	2,615.0
Foreign currency translation adjustments	114.1	_	_	_	114.1
Divestiture of business	(158.5)				(158.5)
Balance, February 28, 2010					
Goodwill	2,570.6	852.6	13.0	(13.0)	3,423.2
Accumulated impairment losses		(852.6)			(852.6)
	2,570.6	_	13.0	(13.0)	2,570.6
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(4.5)				(4.5)
Balance, August 31, 2010				·	
Goodwill	2,566.1	852.6	13.0	(13.0)	3,418.7
Accumulated impairment losses		(852.6)			(852.6)
	\$ 2,566.1	<u> </u>	\$ 13.0	<u>\$ (13.0)</u>	\$ 2,566.1

For the year ended February 28, 2010, the Company's CWNA segment's divestiture of business consists of the reduction of goodwill in connection with the divestiture of its value spirits business in March 2009. The Company sold its value spirits business for \$336.4 million, net of direct costs to sell. The Company received \$276.4 million, net of direct costs to sell, in cash proceeds and a note receivable for \$60.0 million in connection with this divestiture. In March 2010, the Company received full payment of the note receivable. In connection with the classification of the value spirits business as an asset group held for sale as of February 28, 2009, the Company recorded a loss of \$15.6 million in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2009, primarily related to asset impairments. For the first quarter of fiscal 2010, the Company recognized a net gain of \$0.2 million, which included a gain on settlement of a postretirement obligation of \$1.0 million, partially offset by an additional loss of \$0.8 million. This net gain is included in selling, general and administrative expenses on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations for the six months ended August 31, 2009.

#### 7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS:

The major components of intangible assets are as follows:

	August :	31, 2010	February	28, 2010
	Gross Carrying	Net Carrying	Gross Carrying	Net Carrying
(in millions)	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
Amortizable intangible assets:				
Customer relationships	\$ 84.7	\$ 66.2	\$ 85.0	\$ 69.0
Other	2.6	0.1	2.6	0.3
Total	<u>\$ 87.3</u>	66.3	\$ 87.6	69.3
Nonamortizable intangible assets:				
Trademarks		844.2		846.0
Other		9.6		9.7
Total		853.8		855.7
Total intangible assets, net		\$ 920.1		\$ 925.0

The Company did not incur costs to renew or extend the term of acquired intangible assets during the six months and three months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009. The difference between the gross carrying amount and net carrying amount for each item presented is attributable to accumulated amortization. Amortization expense for intangible assets was \$2.8 million for the six months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, and \$1.4 for the three months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009. Estimated amortization expense for the remaining six months of fiscal 2011 and for each of the five succeeding fiscal years and thereafter is as follows:

(in millions)	
2011	\$ 2.8
2012	\$ 4.9
2012 2013	\$ 4.8
2014 2015	\$ 4.8
2015	\$ 4.8
2016	\$ 4.8
Thereafter	\$39.4

#### 8. INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY METHOD INVESTEES:

#### Crown Imports:

Constellation Beers Ltd. ("Constellation Beers") (previously known as Barton Beers, Ltd.), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Diblo, S.A. de C.V. ("Diblo"), an entity owned 76.75% by Grupo Modelo, S.A.B. de C.V. ("Modelo") and 23.25% by Anheuser-Busch Companies, Inc., each have, directly or indirectly, equal interests in a joint venture, Crown Imports LLC ("Crown Imports"). Crown Imports has the exclusive right to import, market and sell Modelo's Mexican beer portfolio (the "Modelo Brands") in the U.S. and Guam. In addition, Crown Imports also has the exclusive rights to import, market and sell the Tsingtao and St. Pauli Girl brands in the U.S.

The Company accounts for its investment in Crown Imports under the equity method. Accordingly, the results of operations of Crown Imports are included in equity in earnings of equity method investees on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of August 31, 2010, and February 28, 2010, the Company's investment in Crown Imports was \$130.8 million and \$167.2 million, respectively. The carrying amount of the investment is greater than the Company's equity in the underlying assets of Crown Imports by \$13.6 million due to the difference in the carrying amounts of the indefinite lived intangible assets contributed to Crown Imports by each party. The Company received \$156.0 million and \$123.7 million of cash distributions from Crown Imports for the six months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, respectively, all of which represent distributions of earnings.

Constellation Beers provides certain administrative services to Crown Imports. Amounts related to the performance of these services for the six months and three months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, were not material. In addition, as of August 31, 2010, and February 28, 2010, amounts receivable from Crown Imports were not material.

The following table presents summarized financial information for the Company's Crown Imports equity method investment. The amounts shown represent 100% of this equity method investments' results of operations.

	Crown
(in millions)	Imports
For the Six Months Ended August 31, 2010	
Net sales	\$1,300.9
Gross profit	\$ 368.0
Income from continuing operations	\$ 239.2
Net income	\$ 239.2
For the Six Months Ended August 31, 2009	
Net sales	\$1,335.5
Gross profit	\$ 395.1
Income from continuing operations	\$ 270.2
Net income	\$ 270.2
For the Three Months Ended August 31, 2010	
Net sales	\$ 679.4
Gross profit	\$ 191.8
Income from continuing operations	\$ 130.7
Net income	\$ 130.7
For the Three Months Ended August 31, 2009	
Net sales	\$ 696.4
Gross profit	\$ 204.5
Income from continuing operations	\$ 144.5
Net income	\$ 144.5

#### Other:

In connection with the Company's December 2004 investment in Ruffino S.r.l. ("Ruffino"), the Company granted separate irrevocable and unconditional options to the two other shareholders of Ruffino to put to the Company all of the ownership interests held by these shareholders for a price as calculated in the joint venture agreement. Each option may be exercised during the period starting from January 1, 2010, and ending on December 31, 2010. For the year ended February 28, 2010, in connection with the notification by the 9.9% shareholder of Ruffino to exercise the option to put its entire equity interest in Ruffino to the Company for the specified minimum value of €23.5 million, the Company recognized a loss of \$34.3 million for the third quarter of fiscal 2010 on the contractual obligation created by this notification. In May 2010, the Company settled this put option through a cash payment of €23.5 million (\$29.6 million) to the 9.9% shareholder of Ruffino, thereby increasing the Company's equity interest in Ruffino to 49.9%. The price of the other option, which represents the remaining 50.1% interest in Ruffino, is based upon a formula contained in the joint venture agreement. The formula is subject to a number of variables, including future results of Ruffino. The Company continues to evaluate the impact of the variables in the formula on the cash settlement if the 50.1% shareholder of Ruffino were to exercise the option to put its entire equity interest in Ruffino to the Company. Subject to the mutual agreement and understanding of the respective rights of each of the parties to this put option, the Company currently estimates that the cash settlement for this put option could be as much as €55 million (\$70 million). As of August 31, 2010, the Company concluded that it is not probable that there is a likelihood of loss under this contingent obligation. Therefore, no liability has been recorded by the Company related to this contingent obligation and an estimate of any loss is currently not estimable. As of

#### 9. BORROWINGS:

Borrowings consist of the following:

	August 31, 2010					
(in millions)	Current	Long-term	Total	Total		
Notes Payable to Banks				·		
Senior Credit Facility —						
Revolving Credit Loans	\$ 277.0	\$ —	\$ 277.0	\$ 289.3		
Other	70.0		70.0	81.9		
	\$ 347.0	<u>\$</u>	\$ 347.0	\$ 371.2		
Long-term Debt						
Senior Credit Facility — Term Loans	\$ 302.8	\$ 1,225.2	\$ 1,528.0	\$ 1,549.1		
Senior Notes	_	1,893.1	1,893.1	1,892.6		
Other Long-term Debt	5.9	9.4	15.3	22.6		
	\$ 308.7	\$ 3,127.7	\$ 3,436.4	\$ 3,464.3		

Senior credit facility —

The Company and certain of its U.S. subsidiaries, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as a lender and administrative agent, and certain other agents, lenders, and financial institutions are parties to a credit agreement, as amended (the "2006 Credit Agreement"). The 2006 Credit Agreement provides for aggregate credit facilities of \$3,842.0 million, consisting of (i) a \$1,200.0 million tranche A term loan facility with a final maturity in June 2011 (the "Tranche A Term Loans"), (ii) a \$1,800.0 million tranche B term loan facility, of which \$1,500.0 million has a final maturity in June 2013 (the "2013 Tranche B Term Loans") and \$300.0 million has a final maturity in June 2015 (the "2015 Tranche B Term Loans"), and (iii) an \$842.0 million revolving credit facility (including a sub-facility for letters of credit of up to \$200 million), of which \$192.0 million terminates in June 2011 (the "2011 Revolving Facility") and \$650.0 million terminates in June 2013 (the "2013 Revolving Facility"). The Company uses its revolving credit facility under the 2006 Credit Agreement for general corporate purposes.

As of August 31, 2010, under the 2006 Credit Agreement, the Company had outstanding Tranche A Term Loans of \$300.0 million bearing an interest rate of 1.6%, 2013 Tranche B Term Loans of \$928.0 million bearing an interest rate of 1.8%, 2015 Tranche B Term Loans of \$300.0 million bearing an interest rate of 3.1%, 2011 Revolving Facility of \$55.9 million bearing an interest rate of 1.6%, 2013 Revolving Facility of \$221.1 million bearing an interest rate of 2.7%, outstanding letters of credit of \$13.9 million, and \$551.1 million in revolving loans available to be drawn.

Through February 28, 2010, the Company had outstanding interest rate swap agreements which were designated as cash flow hedges of \$1,200.0 million of the Company's floating LIBOR rate debt. The designated cash flow hedges fixed the Company's interest rates on \$1,200.0 million of the Company's floating LIBOR rate debt through February 28, 2010. In addition, the Company had offsetting undesignated interest rate swap agreements with an absolute notional amount of \$2,400.0 million outstanding as of February 28, 2010. On March 1, 2010, the Company paid \$11.9 million in connection with the maturity of these outstanding interest rate swap agreements, which is reported in other, net in cash flows from operating activities in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. In June 2010, the Company entered into a new five year delayed start interest rate swap agreement effective September 1, 2011, which was designated as a cash flow hedge for \$500.0 million of the Company's floating LIBOR rate debt. Accordingly, the Company fixed its interest rates on \$500.0 million of the Company's floating LIBOR rate debt at an average rate of 2.9% (exclusive of borrowing margins) through September 1, 2016. For the six months and three months ended August 31, 2009, the Company reclassified net losses of \$12.9 million and \$7.1 million, net of income tax effect, respectively, from AOCI to interest expense, net on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company did not reclassify any amount from AOCI to interest expense, net on its Consolidated Statements of Operations for the six months and three months ended August 31, 2010.

#### 10. INCOME TAXES:

The Company's effective tax rate for the six months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, was 44.2% and 52.7%, respectively. The Company's effective tax rate for the six months ended August 31, 2010, includes the recognition of a valuation allowance against deferred tax assets in the U.K. of \$30.1 million, partially offset by a decrease in uncertain tax positions in connection with the completion of various income tax examinations during the six months ended August 31, 2010. During the first quarter of fiscal 2011, lower estimates of future U.K. operating results and cash flows, combined with cumulative losses in recent years in the U.K., impacted the Company's assessment regarding the realizability of certain deferred tax assets in the U.K. As a result of this assessment, the Company determined that additional valuation allowances were required in the first quarter of fiscal 2011. The Company's effective tax rate for the six months ended August 31, 2009, includes \$37.5 million of taxes associated with the sale of the value spirits business, primarily related to the write-off of nondeductible goodwill, partially offset by a decrease in uncertain tax positions in connection with the completion of various income tax examinations during the second quarter of fiscal 2010.

The Company's effective tax rate for the three months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, was 38.8% and 31.3%, respectively. The Company's effective tax rates for both the three months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, reflect, among other items, decreases in uncertain tax positions in connection with the completion of various income tax examinations during each respective period. The amount of the decrease recorded for the three months ended August 31, 2010, was less than the amount recorded for the three months ended August 31, 2009.

#### 11. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS:

Net periodic benefit cost reported in the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Company's defined benefit pension plans includes the following components:

	For the Six Months					For the Three Months					
	Ended August 31,					Ended	ed August 31,				
(in millions)	2010 2009			2	010		2009				
Service cost	\$	2.2	\$	1.1	\$	1.1	\$	0.6			
Interest cost		11.7		10.7		5.9		5.6			
Expected return on plan assets		(12.6)		(12.5)		(6.4)		(6.6)			
Amortization of prior service cost		0.1		_		0.1		_			
Recognized net actuarial loss		4.8		2.2		2.4		1.2			
Recognized net loss due to settlement				1.1			_	1.1			
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	6.2	\$	2.6	\$	3.1	\$	1.9			

Contributions of \$5.4 million have been made by the Company to fund its defined benefit pension plans for the six months ended August 31, 2010. The Company presently anticipates contributing an additional \$5.2 million to fund its defined benefit pension plans during the year ending February 28, 2011, resulting in total employer contributions of \$10.6 million for the year ending February 28, 2011.

#### 12. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:

In April 2010, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$300.0 million of the Company's Class A Common Stock and Class B Convertible Common Stock. Pursuant to this authorization, the Company repurchased \$300.0 million of its shares of Class A Common Stock through a collared accelerated stock buyback ("ASB") transaction which was announced in April 2010. During the first quarter of fiscal 2011, the Company received 13,801,480 shares of Class A Common Stock, representing the minimum number of shares that will be received under the ASB transaction. The Company used revolver borrowings under the 2006 Credit Agreement to pay the purchase price for the repurchased shares. The repurchased shares that have been received have become treasury shares. The final number of shares to which the Company is entitled under the ASB transaction will generally be based on the average of the daily volume weighted average prices of the Company's Class A Common Stock over a calculation period (scheduled to end on November 24, 2010, subject to being shortened by the counterparty to the ASB transaction), but no less than 13,801,480 shares or more than 18,401,973 shares subject to certain terms of the ASB transaction. The Company paid the purchase price under the ASB transaction in April 2010, at which time it received an initial installment of 11,016,451 shares of Class A Common Stock. In May 2010, the Company received an additional 2,785,029 shares of Class A Common Stock in connection with the early termination of the hedge period on May 10, 2010. The Company may be entitled to receive up to 4,600,493 additional shares pursuant to the ASB transaction following the end of the calculation period.

#### 13. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:

The Company has two classes of outstanding common stock: Class A Common Stock and Class B Convertible Common Stock. Earnings per common share — basic excludes the effect of common stock equivalents and is computed using the two-class computation method. Earnings per common share – diluted for Class A Common Stock reflects the potential dilution that could result if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock. Earnings per common share — diluted for Class A Common Stock has been computed using the more dilutive of the if-converted or two-class computation method. Using the if-converted method, earnings per common share — diluted for Class A Common Stock assumes the exercise of stock options using the treasury stock method and the conversion of Class B Convertible Common Stock. Using the two-class computation method, earnings per common share — diluted for Class A Common Stock has been calculated using the if-converted method. For the six months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, earnings per common share — diluted for Class B Convertible Common Stock is presented without assuming conversion into Class A Common Stock has been calculated using the if-converted method. For the six months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, earnings per common share — diluted for Class B Convertible Common Stock is presented without assuming conversion into Class A Common Stock has been calculated using the if-converted method. For the three months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, earnings per common share — diluted for Class A Common Stock has been calculated using the if-converted method. For the three months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, earnings per common share — diluted for Class B Convertible Common Stock is presented without assuming conversion into Class A Common Stock is presented without assuming conversion into Class A Common Stock and is computed using the two-class computation method.

The computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share is as follows:

	For the Si Ended At	ugust 31,	For the Three Ended Au	igust 31,
(in millions, except per share data)	2010	2009	2010	2009
Income available to common stockholders	<u>\$ 140.4</u>	<u>\$ 106.2</u>	<u>\$ 91.3</u>	<u>\$ 99.7</u>
Weighted average common shares outstanding — basic:				
Class A Common Stock	189.084	195.571	185.455	195.910
Class B Convertible Common Stock	23.719	23.740	23.712	23.736
Weighted average common shares outstanding — diluted:				
Class A Common Stock	189.084	195.571	185.455	195.910
Class B Convertible Common Stock	23.719	23.740	23.712	23.736
Stock-based awards, primarily stock options	2.333	0.963	1.982	1.068
Weighted average common shares outstanding — diluted	215.136	220.274	211.149	220.714
Earnings per common share — basic:				
Class A Common Stock	\$ 0.67	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.46
Class B Convertible Common Stock	\$ 0.61	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.42
Earnings per common share — diluted:				
Class A Common Stock	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.45
Class B Convertible Common Stock	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.41

For the six months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, stock-based awards, primarily stock options, which could result in the issuance of 23.5 million and 32.8 million shares, respectively, of Class A Common Stock were outstanding, but were not included in the computation of earnings per common share – diluted for Class A Common Stock because the effect of including such awards would have been antidilutive. For the three months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, stock-based awards, primarily stock options, which could result in the issuance of 25.3 million and 32.5 million shares, respectively, of Class A Common Stock were outstanding, but were not included in the computation of earnings per common share – diluted for Class A Common Stock because the effect of including such awards would have been antidilutive.

#### 14. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:

Comprehensive income consists of net income, foreign currency translation adjustments, net unrealized (losses) gains on derivative instruments and pension/postretirement adjustments. The reconciliation of net income to comprehensive income is as follows:

(in millions)		fore Tax Amount	 Tax Benefit (Expense)		Net o	f Tax ount
For the Six Months Ended August 31, 2010			 1_/_			
Net income				:	\$ 1	140.4
Other comprehensive (loss) income:						
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$	(14.3)	\$ (1.6)			(15.9)
Unrealized loss on cash flow hedges:						
Net derivative losses		(19.1)	5.1			(14.0)
Reclassification adjustments		(13.3)	 3.4	_		(9.9)
Net loss recognized in other comprehensive income		(32.4)	8.5			(23.9)
Pension/postretirement:						
Net losses arising during the period		(0.7)	0.4			(0.3)
Reclassification adjustments		4.9	 (1.4)	_		3.5
Net gain recognized in other comprehensive income		4.2	(1.0)			3.2
Other comprehensive loss	\$	(42.5)	\$ 5.9	-		(36.6)
Total comprehensive income	_				\$ 1	103.8
Total comprehensive meonic				=	ν .	105.0
For the Six Months Ended August 31, 2009						
Net income				:	\$ 1	106.2
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$	429.4	\$ (3.8)		4	425.6
Unrealized gain on cash flow hedges:						
Net derivative gains		74.4	(24.9)			49.5
Reclassification adjustments		(13.9)	 6.7			(7.2)
Net gain recognized in other comprehensive income		60.5	(18.2)			42.3
Pension/postretirement:						
Net losses arising during the period		(10.7)	2.9			(7.8)
Reclassification adjustments		2.2	 (0.5)			1.7
Net loss recognized in other comprehensive income		(8.5)	 2.4			(6.1)
Other comprehensive income	\$	481.4	\$ (19.6)		4	461.8
Total comprehensive income				:	\$ 5	568.0
				=		

	Before Tax Amount			x Benefit Expense)		et of Tax Amount
For the Three Months Ended August 31, 2010					e.	01.2
Net income Other comprehensive income (loss):					\$	91.3
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$	36.8	\$	2.5		39.3
Unrealized loss on cash flow hedges:	Φ	30.0	Ф	2.3		39.3
Net derivative losses		(14.1)		4.5		(9.6)
Reclassification adjustments		(5.3)		1.5		(3.8)
Net loss recognized in other comprehensive income		(19.4)		6.0		(13.4)
Pension/postretirement:		(->)				()
Net losses arising during the period		(6.7)		2.1		(4.6)
Reclassification adjustments		2.5		(0.7)		1.8
Net loss recognized in other comprehensive income		(4.2)		1.4		(2.8)
Other comprehensive income	\$	13.2	\$	9.9		23.1
Total comprehensive income					<u>\$</u>	114.4
For the Three Months Ended August 31, 2009						
Net income					\$	99.7
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$	59.9	\$	0.9		60.8
Unrealized gain on cash flow hedges:						
Net derivative gains		9.3		(8.4)		0.9
Reclassification adjustments		6.5	_	(1.3)	_	5.2
Net gain recognized in other comprehensive income		15.8		(9.7)		6.1
Pension/postretirement:						
Net losses arising during the period		(0.5)		_		(0.5)
Reclassification adjustments		2.2	_	(0.6)		1.6
Net gain recognized in other comprehensive income		1.7		(0.6)	_	1.1
Other comprehensive income	\$	77.4	\$	(9.4)	_	68.0
Total comprehensive income					\$	167.7

Accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI"), net of income tax effect, includes the following components:

		Net			
	Foreign	Unrealized		Accumulated	
	Currency	Gains		Other	
	Translation	(Losses) on	Pension/	Comprehensive	
(in millions)	Adjustments	Derivatives	Postretirement	Income	
Balance, February 28, 2010	\$ 672.9	\$ 19.6	\$ (105.3)	\$ 587.2	
Current period change	(15.9)	(23.9)	3.2	(36.6)	
Balance, August 31, 2010	\$ 657.0	\$ (4.3)	\$ (102.1)	\$ 550.6	

#### 15. RESTRUCTURING CHARGES:

The Company has several restructuring plans primarily within its CWNA segment and CWAE segment, as follows:

Robert Mondavi Plan —

In January 2005, the Company announced a plan to restructure and integrate the operations of The Robert Mondavi Corporation ("Robert Mondavi") (the "Robert Mondavi Plan"). The objective of the Robert Mondavi Plan is to achieve operational efficiencies and eliminate redundant costs resulting from the December 22, 2004, acquisition of Robert Mondavi. The Robert Mondavi Plan includes the elimination of certain employees, the consolidation of certain field sales and administrative offices, and the termination of various contracts. The Company does not expect any additional costs associated with the Robert Mondavi Plan to be recognized in its Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company expects the related cash expenditures to be completed by February 29, 2012.

Fiscal 2006 Plan -

In fiscal 2006, the Company announced a plan to reorganize certain worldwide wine operations and a plan to consolidate certain west coast production processes in the U.S. (collectively, the "Fiscal 2006 Plan"). The Fiscal 2006 Plan's principal features are to reorganize and simplify the infrastructure and reporting structure of the Company's global wine business and to consolidate certain west coast production processes. This Fiscal 2006 Plan is part of the Company's ongoing effort to enhance its administrative, operational and production efficiencies in light of its ongoing growth. The objective of the Fiscal 2006 Plan is to achieve greater efficiency in sales, administrative and operational activities and to eliminate redundant costs. The Fiscal 2006 Plan includes the termination of employment of certain employees in various locations worldwide, the consolidation of certain worldwide wine selling and administrative functions, the consolidation of certain warehouse and production functions, the termination of various contracts, investment in new assets and the reconfiguration of certain existing assets. All costs and related cash expenditures associated with the Fiscal 2006 Plan were complete as of February 28, 2009.

Vincor Plan -

In July 2006, the Company announced a plan to restructure and integrate the operations of Vincor International Inc. ("Vincor") (the "Vincor Plan"). The objective of the Vincor Plan is to achieve operational efficiencies and eliminate redundant costs resulting from the June 2006 Vincor acquisition, as well as to achieve greater efficiency in sales, marketing, administrative and operational activities. The Vincor Plan includes the elimination of certain employment redundancies, primarily in the U.S., U.K. and Australia, and the termination of various contracts. The Company does not expect any additional costs associated with the Vincor Plan to be recognized in its Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company expects the related cash expenditures to be completed by February 29, 2012.

Fiscal 2007 Wine Plan —

In August 2006, the Company announced a plan to invest in new distribution and bottling facilities in the U.K. and to streamline certain Australian wine operations (collectively, the "Fiscal 2007 Wine Plan"). The U.K. portion of the plan includes new investments in property, plant and equipment and certain disposals of property, plant and equipment and is expected to increase wine bottling capacity and efficiency and reduce costs of transport, production and distribution. The U.K. portion of the plan also includes costs for employee terminations. The Australian portion of the plan includes the buy-out of certain grape supply and processing contracts and the sale of certain property, plant and equipment. The initiatives are part of the Company's ongoing efforts to maximize asset utilization, further reduce costs and improve long-term return on invested capital throughout its international operations. The Company does not expect any additional costs associated with the Fiscal 2007 Wine Plan to be recognized in its Consolidated Statements of Operations. The related cash expenditures associated with the Fiscal 2007 Wine Plan were substantially complete by February 28, 2010.

#### Fiscal 2008 Plan -

In November 2007, the Company initiated its plans to streamline certain of its international operations, including the consolidation of certain winemaking and packaging operations in Australia, the buy-out of certain grape processing and wine storage contracts in Australia, equipment relocation costs in Australia, and certain employee termination costs. In addition, the Company incurred certain other restructuring charges during the third quarter of fiscal 2008 in connection with the consolidation of certain spirits production processes in the U.S. In January 2008, the Company announced its plans to streamline certain of its operations in the U.S., primarily in connection with the restructuring and integration of the operations acquired in the Beam Wine Estates, Inc. ("BWE") acquisition. These initiatives are collectively referred to as the Fiscal 2008 Plan. The Fiscal 2008 Plan is part of the Company's ongoing efforts to maximize asset utilization, further reduce costs and improve long-term return on invested capital throughout its domestic and international operations. The Company expects all costs associated with the Fiscal 2008 Plan to be recognized in its Consolidated Statements of Operations by February 29, 2012, with the related cash expenditures to be substantially completed by February 29, 2012, as well.

#### Australian Initiative —

In August 2008, the Company announced a plan to sell certain assets and implement operational changes designed to improve the efficiencies and returns associated with the Australian business, primarily by consolidating certain winemaking and packaging operations and reducing the Company's overall grape supply due to reduced capacity needs resulting from a streamlining of the Company's product portfolio (the "Australian Initiative").

The Australian Initiative includes the planned sale of three wineries and more than 20 vineyard properties, a streamlining of the Company's wine product portfolio and production footprint, the buy-out and/or renegotiation of certain grape supply and other contracts, equipment relocations and costs for employee terminations. In connection with the Australian Initiative, the Company recorded restructuring charges on its Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended February 28, 2010, and February 28, 2009, of \$13.4 million and \$46.5 million, respectively, which represented noncash charges related to the write-down of property, plant and equipment, net, held for sale. Included in the Company's restructuring charges on its Consolidated Statements of Operations for the six months and three months ended August 31, 2010, is \$5.8 million of noncash charges related to the write-down of property, plant and equipment, net, held for sale (which are excluded from the restructuring liability rollforward table below). As of August 31, 2010, the Company's CWAE segment had \$23.0 million of Australian assets held for sale which are included in property, plant and equipment, net on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company expects all costs associated with the Australian Initiative to be recognized in its Consolidated Statements of Operations by February 28, 2011, with the related cash expenditures to be substantially completed by February 28, 2011, as well.

#### Fiscal 2010 Global Initiative —

In April 2009, the Company announced its plan to simplify its business, increase efficiencies and reduce its cost structure on a global basis (the "Global Initiative"). The Global Initiative includes an approximately five percent reduction in the Company's global workforce and the closing of certain office, production and warehouse facilities. In addition, the Global Initiative includes the termination of certain contracts, and a streamlining of the Company's production footprint and sales and administrative organizations. Lastly, the Global Initiative includes other non-material restructuring activities primarily in connection with the consolidation of the Company's remaining spirits business into its North American wine business following the March 2009 divestiture of its value spirits business. This initiative is part of the Company's ongoing efforts to maximize asset utilization, reduce costs and improve long-term return on invested capital throughout the Company's operations. The Company expects substantially all costs associated with the Global Initiative to be recognized in its Consolidated Statements of Operations by February 29, 2012, with the related cash expenditures to be substantially completed by February 28, 2013.

Restructuring charges consist of employee termination benefit costs, contract termination costs and other associated costs. Employee termination benefit costs are accounted for under the FASB guidance for compensation — nonretirement postemployment benefits, as the Company has had several restructuring programs which have provided employee termination benefits in the past. The Company includes employee severance, related payroll benefit costs (such as costs to provide continuing health insurance) and outplacement services as employee termination benefit costs. Contract termination costs, and other associated costs including, but not limited to, facility consolidation and relocation costs, are accounted for under the FASB guidance for exit or disposal cost obligations. Contract termination costs are costs to terminate a contract that is not a capital lease, including costs to terminate the contract before the end of its term or costs that will continue to be incurred under the contract for its remaining term without economic benefit to the entity. The Company includes costs to terminate certain operating leases for buildings, computer and IT equipment, and costs to terminate contracts, including distributor contracts and contracts for long-term purchase commitments, as contract termination costs. Other associated costs include, but are not limited to, costs to consolidate or close facilities and relocate employees. The Company includes employee relocation costs and equipment relocation costs as other associated costs.

Details of each plan for which the Company expects to incur additional costs are presented separately in the following table. Plans for which exit activities were completed prior to March 1, 2010, are reported below under "Other Plans." These plans include the Fiscal 2007 Wine Plan, the Vincor Plan, the Fiscal 2006 Plan, the Robert Mondavi Plan and certain other immaterial restructuring activities.

	a		Fiscal	0.1	
	Global	Australian	2008	Other	T 1
(in millions)	Initiative	Initiative	Plan	Plans	Total
Restructuring liability, February 28, 2010	\$ 8.9	\$ —	\$ 4.0	\$ 1.8	\$ 14.7
Restructuring charges:					
Employee termination benefit costs	4.2	_	_	_	4.2
Contract termination costs	_	_	_	0.1	0.1
Facility consolidation/relocation costs	0.6				0.6
Restructuring charges, May 31, 2010	4.8			0.1	4.9
Employee termination benefit costs	6.4	0.5	_	_	6.9
Contract termination costs	0.5	_	_	_	0.5
Facility consolidation/relocation costs	0.5				0.5
Restructuring charges, August 31, 2010	7.4	0.5			7.9
Total restructuring charges	12.2	0.5	_	0.1	12.8
Cash expenditures	(7.4)	_	(1.1)	(1.0)	(9.5)
Foreign currency translation adjustments			0.1		0.1
Restructuring liability, August 31, 2010	\$ 13.7	\$ 0.5	\$ 3.0	\$ 0.9	\$ 18.1

In connection with the Company's BWE acquisition, Vincor acquisition and Robert Mondavi acquisition, the Company accrued \$24.7 million, \$37.7 million and \$50.5 million of liabilities for exit costs, respectively, as of the respective acquisition date. As of August 31, 2010, the balances of the BWE, Vincor and Robert Mondavi purchase accounting accruals were \$2.9 million, \$0.3 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. As of February 28, 2010, the balances of the BWE, Vincor and Robert Mondavi purchase accounting accruals were \$3.9 million, \$0.3 million and \$1.2 million, respectively.

For the six months and three months ended August 31, 2010, employee termination benefit costs include a reversal of prior accruals of \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, associated with the Global Initiative. For the six months ended August 31, 2009, employee termination benefit costs include a reversal of prior accruals of \$1.0 million associated with the Fiscal 2008 Plan and other immaterial restructuring activities.

The following table presents a summary of restructuring charges and other costs incurred in connection with the Company's restructuring activities, including a summary of amounts incurred by each of the Company's reportable segments:

(in millions) For the Six Months Ended August 31, 2010	Global Initiative		_	Australian Initiative		Fiscal 2008 Plan			ther lans	_	Total
Restructuring charges	\$	12.2	\$		6.3	\$	_		\$ 0.1	\$	18.6
Other costs:											
Accelerated depreciation/inventory write-down/other costs (cost of product sold)		1.1			_		_		_		1.1
Asset write-down/other costs/acquisition-related integration costs (selling, general and administrative expenses)		2.7			_		0.2		_		2.9
Total other costs		3.8					0.2				4.0
Total costs	\$	16.0	\$		6.3	\$	0.2		\$ 0.1	\$	22.6
Total Costs by Reportable Segment:											
CWNA											
Restructuring charges	\$	1.7	\$			\$	_		\$ 0.1	\$	
Other costs		3.4	_				0.2		 	_	3.6
Total CWNA	\$	5.1	<u>\$</u>			\$	0.2	;	\$ 0.1	\$	5.4
CWAE											
Restructuring charges	\$	10.5	\$		6.3	\$			\$ 	\$	
Other costs	_	0.3	_		_		_		_	_	0.3
Total CWAE	\$	10.8	\$		6.3	\$		:	\$ 	\$	17.1
Corporate Operations and Other											
Restructuring charges	\$	_	\$		_	\$	_		\$ _	\$	
Other costs		0.1	_							_	0.1
Total Corporate Operations and Other	\$	0.1	\$			\$			\$ 	\$	0.1
For the Six Months Ended August 31, 2009											
Restructuring charges	\$	21.0	\$		1.4	\$	(0.1)		\$ (0.2)	\$	22.1
Other costs:											
Accelerated depreciation/inventory write-down/other costs (cost of product sold)		7.3			1.7		_		8.8		17.8
Asset write-down/other costs/acquisition-related integration costs (selling, general and administrative expenses)		21.7			1.7		0.2		0.6		24.2
Total other costs		29.0	_		3.4		0.2		9.4	_	42.0
Total costs	\$	50.0	\$		4.8	\$	0.1	_	\$ 9.2	\$	
		26	=							_	

	Global		ralian	Fisca 2009	8		ther		n . 1
(in millions) Total Costs by Reportable Segment:	Initiative	Initi	ative	Plar	1	PI	ans		<u> Fotal</u>
CWNA									
Restructuring charges	\$ 10.9	\$	_	\$	(0.3)	\$	(0.2)	\$	10.4
Other costs	24.1	l	_		0.2		0.4		24.7
Total CWNA	\$ 35.0	\$	_	\$	(0.1)	\$	0.2	\$	35.1
CWAE									
Restructuring charges Other costs	\$ 8.2 1.7		1.4 3.4	\$	0.2	\$	9.0	\$	9.8 14.1
Total CWAE	\$ 9.9	\$	4.8	\$	0.2	\$	9.0	\$	23.9
Corporate Operations and Other Restructuring charges	\$ 1.9		_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1.9
Other costs	3.2	_						_	3.2
Total Corporate Operations and Other	\$ 5.	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	5.1
For the Three Months Ended August 31, 2010									
Restructuring charges Other costs:	\$ 7.4	4 \$	6.3	\$	_	\$	_	\$	13.7
Accelerated depreciation/inventory write-down/other costs (cost of product sold)	0.	1	_		_		_		0.1
Asset write-down/other costs/acquisition-related integration costs (selling, general and administrative expenses)	1.8	<u></u>	<u> </u>		0.1		1.0		2.9
Total other costs	1.9	<u></u>	<u> </u>		0.1		1.0		3.0
Total costs	\$ 9.3	<u>\$</u>	6.3	\$	0.1	\$	1.0	\$	16.7
Total Costs by Reportable Segment: CWNA									
Restructuring charges	\$ 1.0	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1.0
Other costs	1.7				0.1				1.8
Total CWNA	\$ 2.7	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$	0.1	\$		\$	2.8
CWAE									
Restructuring charges	\$ 6.4		6.3	\$	_	\$	_	\$	12.7
Other costs	0.1						1.0		1.1
Total CWAE	\$ 6.5	<u>\$</u>	6.3	\$	<u> </u>	\$	1.0	\$	13.8
Corporate Operations and Other									
Restructuring charges	\$ -	-	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Other costs	0.							_	0.1
Total Corporate Operations and Other	\$ 0.	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$	_	\$		\$	0.1
For the Three Months Ended August 31, 2009									
Restructuring charges	\$ 3.	1 \$	(0.1)	\$	0.2	\$	_	\$	3.2
Other costs:  Accelerated depreciation/inventory write-down/other costs (cost of product sold)	7.2	2	0.5		_		5.3		13.0
Asset write-down/other costs/acquisition-related integration costs (selling, general and administrative expenses)	8.5	5	1.2		_		0.5		10.2
Total other costs	15.7		1.7				5.8		23.2
Total costs	\$ 18.8		1.6	\$	0.2	\$	5.8	\$	26.4
	27								

(in millions)	Global Initiative	Australian Initiative	Fiscal 2008 Plan	Other Plans	Total
Total Costs by Reportable Segment: CWNA					
Restructuring charges	\$ 0.8	s —	s —	s —	\$ 0.8
Other costs	13.9	_	_	_	13.9
Total CWNA	\$ 14.7	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 14.7
CWAE					
Restructuring charges	\$ 2.3	\$ (0.1)	\$ 0.2	\$ —	\$ 2.4
Other costs	1.2	1.7		5.8	8.7
Total CWAE	\$ 3.5	\$ 1.6	\$ 0.2	\$ 5.8	\$ 11.1
Corporate Operations and Other					
Restructuring charges	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Other costs	0.6				0.6
Total Corporate Operations and Other	\$ 0.6	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 0.6

A summary of restructuring charges and other costs incurred since inception for each plan, as well as total expected costs for each plan, are presented in the following table:

(in millions)  Costs incurred to date  Restructuring charges:	Global Initiative	Australian Initiative	Fiscal 2008 Plan	Other Plans
Employee termination benefit costs	\$ 35.0	\$ 10.0	\$ 8.7	\$ 42.0
Contract termination costs	4.2	3.5	1.5	25.2
Facility consolidation/relocation costs	2.2	1.1	1.0	1.7
Impairment charges on assets held for sale, net of gains on sales of assets held for sale	_	65.7	_	_
Total restructuring charges	41.4	80.3	11.2	68.9
Other costs:  Accelerated depreciation/inventory write-down/other costs (cost of product sold)  Asset write-down/other costs/acquisition-related integration costs (selling, general and administrative expenses)  Asset impairment (impairment of goodwill and intangible assets)  Total other costs	12.6 37.6 — 50.2	59.2 6.9 21.8 87.9	17.9 16.1 7.4 41.4	97.6 0.4 144.1
Total costs incurred to date	\$ 91.6	\$ 168.2	\$ 52.6	\$ 213.0
Total Costs Incurred to Date by Reportable Segment:  CWNA  Restructuring charges  Other costs  Total CWNA	\$ 17.8 39.1 \$ 56.9	\$ — = \$ —	\$ 7.1 34.2 \$ 41.3	\$ 24.2 68.2 \$ 92.4

(in millions)	Global Initiative	Australian Initiative	Fiscal 2008 Plan	Other Plans
CWAE		<u> </u>		
Restructuring charges	\$ 20.6	\$ 80.3	\$ 4.1	\$ 42.8
Other costs	6.1	87.9	7.0	73.0
Total CWAE	\$ 26.7	\$ 168.2	<u>\$ 11.1</u>	<u>\$ 115.8</u>
Corporate Operations and Other				
Restructuring charges	\$ 3.0	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1.9
Other costs	5.0		0.2	2.9
Total Corporate Operations and Other	\$ 8.0	<u>\$</u>	\$ 0.2	\$ 4.8
Total expected costs				
Restructuring charges:				
Employee termination benefit costs	\$ 38.8	\$ 10.0	\$ 8.7	\$ 42.0
Contract termination costs	12.4	3.5	1.5	25.2
Facility consolidation/relocation costs	4.3	1.4	2.8	1.7
Impairment charges on assets held for sale, net of gains on sales of assets held for sale		65.7		
Total restructuring charges	55.5	80.6	13.0	68.9
Other costs:				
Accelerated depreciation/inventory write-down/other costs (cost of product sold)	12.7	59.2	17.9	46.1
Asset write-down/other costs/acquisition-related integration costs (selling, general and	40.4	- 0		0= 6
administrative expenses)	42.1	7.0	16.5	97.6
Asset impairment (impairment of goodwill and intangible assets)		21.8	7.4	0.4
Total other costs	54.8	88.0	41.8	144.1
Total expected costs	\$ 110.3	\$ 168.6	\$ 54.8	\$ 213.0
TAIR AIG AIR AIR A				
Total Expected Costs by Reportable Segment:				
CWNA Restructuring charges	\$ 24.5	s —	\$ 7.1	\$ 24.2
Other costs	\$ 24.3 41.0	\$ —	34.5	68.2
Total CWNA	<u>\$ 65.5</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 41.6</u>	<u>\$ 92.4</u>
CWAE				
Restructuring charges	\$ 28.0	\$ 80.6	\$ 5.9	\$ 42.8
Other costs	8.8	88.0	7.1	73.0
Total CWAE	\$ 36.8	\$ 168.6	\$ 13.0	\$ 115.8
Corporate Operations and Other				
Restructuring charges	\$ 3.0	s —	\$ —	\$ 1.9
Other costs	5.0	_	0.2	2.9
Total Corporate Operations and Other	\$ 8.0	<u> </u>	\$ 0.2	\$ 4.8
29				

#### 16. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL INFORMATION:

The following information sets forth the condensed consolidating balance sheets as of August 31, 2010, and February 28, 2010, the condensed consolidating statements of operations for the six months and three months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, and the condensed consolidating statements of cash flows for the six months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, for the Company, the parent company, the combined subsidiaries of the Company which guarantee the Company's senior notes ("Subsidiary Guarantors") and the combined subsidiaries of the Company which are not Subsidiary Guarantors (primarily foreign subsidiaries) ("Subsidiary Nonguarantors"). The Subsidiary Guarantors are wholly-owned and the guarantees are full, unconditional, joint and several obligations of each of the Subsidiary Guarantors. Separate financial statements for the Subsidiary Guarantors of the Company are not presented because the Company has determined that such financial statements would not be material to investors. The accounting policies of the parent company, the Subsidiary Guarantors and the Subsidiary Nonguarantors are the same as those described for the Company in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in Note 1 to the Company's consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2010, and include the recently adopted accounting guidance described in Note 2 herein. There are no restrictions on the ability of the Subsidiary Guarantors to transfer funds to the Company in the form of cash dividends, loans or advances.

(in millions)	Parent	Subsidiary Guarantors	Subsidiary	Eliminations	Consolidated
Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet at August 31, 2010	Company	Guarantors	Nonguarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Current assets:					
Cash and cash investments	\$ 0.2	\$ 1.2	\$ 12.5	\$ —	\$ 13.9
Accounts receivable, net	382.8	27.3	310.6	φ —	720.7
Inventories	119.2	894.7	719.0	(10.5)	1,722.4
Prepaid expenses and other	14.5	56.6	30.3	1.6	103.0
Intercompany (payable) receivable	(485.2)	264.5	220.7	1.0	105.0
				(0.0)	2.560.0
Total current assets	31.5	1,244.3	1,293.1	(8.9)	2,560.0
Property, plant and equipment, net	93.1	768.7	667.2	(6.472.0)	1,529.0
Investments in subsidiaries	6,344.2	127.8		(6,472.0)	2.566.1
Goodwill	_	1,985.9	580.2	_	2,566.1
Intangible assets, net	20.2	680.9	239.2	(12.7)	920.1
Other assets, net	39.3	203.0	73.3	(13.7)	301.9
Total assets	\$ 6,508.1	\$ 5,010.6	\$ 2,853.0	\$ (6,494.6)	<u>\$ 7,877.1</u>
Current liabilities:					
Notes payable to banks	\$ 277.0	\$ —	\$ 70.0	\$ —	\$ 347.0
Current maturities of long-term debt	306.8	1.3	0.6	_	308.7
Accounts payable	9.7	114.2	129.6	_	253.5
Accrued excise taxes	18.5	0.7	38.5	_	57.7
Other accrued expenses and liabilities	226.7	79.7	178.2	(1.8)	482.8
Total current liabilities	838.7	195.9	416.9	(1.8)	1,449.7
Long-term debt, less current maturities	3,119.3	7.8	0.6	_	3,127.7
Deferred income taxes	_	487.2	70.5	(13.7)	544.0
Other liabilities	120.2	64.2	141.4	_	325.8
		¥			
	30				

(in millions)	Parent Company	Subsidiary Guarantors	Subsidiary Nonguarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Stockholders' equity:	Company	Guarantors	Nonguarantors	Ellilliauolis	Consolidated
Preferred stock		9.0	1,460.5	(1,469.5)	
Class A and Class B Convertible Common Stock	2.6	100.7	184.0	(284.7)	2.6
Additional paid-in capital	1,538.4	1,323.6	1.269.0	(2,592.6)	1.538.4
Retained earnings (deficit)	1,243.2	2,805.0	(1,297.5)	(1,507.5)	1,243.2
Accumulated other comprehensive income	550.6	17.2	607.6	(624.8)	550.6
Treasury stock	(904.9)	17.2 —	-	(024.8)	(904.9)
Total stockholders' equity	2,429.9	4,255.5	2,223.6	(6.470.1)	2,429.9
* *				(6,479.1)	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 6,508.1	\$ 5,010.6	\$ 2,853.0	<u>\$ (6,494.6)</u>	\$ 7,877.1
Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet at February 28, 2010					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash investments	\$ 0.3	\$ 3.3	\$ 39.9	\$ —	\$ 43.5
Accounts receivable, net	219.5	22.6	272.6	_	514.7
Inventories	119.8	1,017.5	754.0	(11.4)	1,879.9
Prepaid expenses and other	18.5	65.2	38.0	29.3	151.0
Intercompany (payable) receivable	(68.6)	(132.1)	200.7		
Total current assets	289.5	976.5	1,305.2	17.9	2,589.1
Property, plant and equipment, net	71.8	784.4	711.0	_	1,567.2
Investments in subsidiaries	6,191.0	130.8	_	(6,321.8)	_
Goodwill	_	1,985.9	584.7	_	2,570.6
Intangible assets, net	_	682.8	242.2	_	925.0
Other assets, net	104.7	236.3	108.2	(6.8)	442.4
Total assets	\$ 6,657.0	\$ 4,796.7	\$ 2,951.3	\$ (6,310.7)	\$ 8,094.3
Current liabilities:					
Notes payable to banks	\$ 289.3	\$ —	\$ 81.9	\$ —	\$ 371.2
Current maturities of long-term debt	172.7	1.3	13.2	_	187.2
Accounts payable	14.5	104.6	149.7	_	268.8
Accrued excise taxes	8.3	_	35.5	_	43.8
Other accrued expenses and liabilities	190.2	85.3	201.0	25.1	501.6
Total current liabilities	675.0	191.2	481.3	25.1	1,372.6
Long-term debt, less current maturities	3,270.9	5.6	0.6	_	3,277.1
Deferred income taxes	_	475.5	67.5	(6.8)	536.2
Other liabilities	134.8	47.7	149.6		332.1
Stockholders' equity:					
Preferred stock	_	9.0	1,430.9	(1,439.9)	_
Class A and Class B Convertible Common Stock	2.6	100.7	184.0	(284.7)	2.6
Additional paid-in capital	1,493.2	1,323.6	1,269.0	(2,592.6)	1,493.2
Retained earnings (deficit)	1,102.8	2,611.0	(1,260.8)	(1,350.2)	1,102.8
Accumulated other comprehensive income	587.2	32.4	629.2	(661.6)	587.2
Treasury stock	(609.5)	_	_	_	(609.5)
Total stockholders' equity	2,576.3	4,076.7	2,252.3	(6,329.0)	2,576.3
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 6,657.0	\$ 4,796.7	\$ 2,951.3	\$ (6,310.7)	\$ 8,094.3
Total Intollices and Stockholders equity	Ψ 0,037.0	Ψ 4,770.7	Ψ 2,731.3	ψ (0,510.7)	Ψ 0,074.3
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	Parent	Subsidiary	Subsidiary		
(in millions)	Company	Guarantors	Nonguarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations for the Six Months E Sales	\$ 335.4	\$ 929.1	\$ 973.4	\$ (204.8)	\$ 2,033.1
Less — excise taxes	(56.6)	(53.8)	(272.4)	\$ (204.8) —	(382.8)
Net sales	278.8	875.3	701.0	(204.8)	1.650.3
Cost of product sold	(135.8)	(554.9)	(532.8)	157.4	(1,066.1)
Gross profit	143.0	320.4	168.2	(47.4)	584.2
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(146.6)	(120.2)	(118.6)	49.3	(336.1)
Restructuring charges	(140.0)	(1.8)	(16.8)	<del></del>	(18.6)
Operating (loss) income	(3.6)	198.4	32.8	1.9	229.5
Equity in earnings of equity method investees and subsidiaries	203.0	116.8	1.6	(200.5)	120.9
Interest (expense) income, net	(107.0)	6.8	1.4	(200.5)	(98.8)
Income before income taxes	92.4	322.0	35.8	(198.6)	251.6
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	48.0	(128.4)	(29.4)	(1.4)	(111.2)
Net income	\$ 140.4	\$ 193.6	\$ 6.4	\$ (200.0)	\$ 140.4
Net income	<u>3 140.4</u>	\$ 193.0	\$ 0.4	\$ (200.0)	\$ 140.4
	. 1 1 4	0.0			
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations for the Six Months E Sales	\$ 285.8	\$ 940.4	\$ 1.020.6	e (150.2)	\$ 2,094.5
Less — excise taxes	\$ 285.8 (74.2)	\$ 940.4 (57.1)	(294.8)	\$ (152.3)	\$ 2,094.5 (426.1)
		883.3	725.8	(152.2)	-
Net sales Cost of product sold	211.6 (101.8)	(524.4)	(563.6)	(152.3) 99.7	1,668.4 (1,090.1)
Gross profit	109.8	358.9	162.2	(52.6)	578.3
Selling, general and administrative expenses Restructuring charges	(118.4) 0.4	(139.4) (11.3)	(125.1) (11.2)	51.5	(331.4) (22.1)
6 6					
Operating (loss) income	(8.2)	208.2	25.9	(1.1)	224.8
Equity in earnings of equity method investees and subsidiaries Interest expense, net	203.8	138.4	1.9	(208.1)	136.0
* *	(111.8)	(21.6)	(3.1)	(200.2)	(136.5)
Income before income taxes	83.8	325.0	24.7	(209.2)	224.3
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	22.4	(161.5)	20.1	0.9	(118.1)
Net income	<u>\$ 106.2</u>	<u>\$ 163.5</u>	\$ 44.8	<u>\$ (208.3)</u>	\$ 106.2
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations for the Three Months				d (4050)	
Sales	\$ 167.1	\$ 497.2	\$ 499.5	\$ (106.9)	\$ 1,056.9
Less — excise taxes	(27.8)	(29.6)	(136.7)		(194.1)
Net sales	139.3	467.6	362.8	(106.9)	862.8
Cost of product sold	(68.3)	(288.7)	(275.3)	83.7	(548.6)
Gross profit	71.0	178.9	87.5	(23.2)	314.2
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(73.2)	(62.1)	(56.6)	24.6	(167.3)
Restructuring charges		(1.3)	(12.4)		(13.7)
Operating (loss) income	(2.2)	115.5	18.5	1.4	133.2
Equity in earnings of equity method investees and subsidiaries	116.0	67.2	1.0	(117.8)	66.4
Interest (expense) income, net	(55.6)	4.7	0.6		(50.3)
Income before income taxes	58.2	187.4	20.1	(116.4)	149.3
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	33.1	(73.5)	(16.3)	(1.3)	(58.0)
Net income	\$ 91.3	\$ 113.9	\$ 3.8	\$ (117.7)	\$ 91.3

	Parent	Subsidiary	Subsidiary		
(in millions)	Company	Guarantors	Nonguarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Operations for the Three Months Sales	\$ Ended August 31, 2 \$ 102.3		e 526.4	n (52.5)	¢ 1,000.7
Less — excise taxes	\$ 102.3	\$ 504.5 (33.7)	\$ 536.4 (152.5)	\$ (52.5)	\$ 1,090.7 (213.9)
	74.6			(52.5)	876.8
Net sales	,	470.8	383.9	(52.5) 26.4	
Cost of product sold	(23.7)	(275.8)	(294.1)		(567.2)
Gross profit	50.9	195.0	89.8	(26.1)	309.6
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(56.8)	(66.4)	(70.4)	27.3	(166.3)
Restructuring charges		(0.7)	(2.5)		(3.2)
Operating (loss) income	(5.9)	127.9	16.9	1.2	140.1
Equity in earnings of equity method investees and subsidiaries	127.9	73.0	1.9	(129.6)	73.2
Interest expense, net	(51.6)	(14.7)	(1.8)	<u> </u>	(68.1)
Income before income taxes	70.4	186.2	17.0	(128.4)	145.2
Benefit from (provision for) income taxes	29.3	(84.6)	9.4	0.4	(45.5)
Net income	\$ 99.7	\$ 101.6	\$ 26.4	\$ (128.0)	\$ 99.7
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the Six Months I	Ended August 31 20	10			
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (170.9)	\$ 396.7	\$ 79.9	\$ —	\$ 305.7
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(23.2)	(13.4)	(6.6)	_	(43.2)
Investment in equity method investee	_	(0.1)	(29.6)	_	(29.7)
(Repayments related to) proceeds from sale of business	_	_	(1.6)	_	(1.6)
Proceeds from note receivable	60.0	_	_	_	60.0
Proceeds from sales of assets	_	0.5	2.6	_	3.1
Other investing activities	_	_	0.5	_	0.5
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	36.8	(13.0)	(34.7)		(10.9)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Intercompany financings, net	444.6	(385.2)	(59.4)	_	_
Purchases of treasury stock	(300.0)	_	_	_	(300.0)
Principal payments of long-term debt	(22.9)	(0.6)	(1.0)	_	(24.5)
Net repayment of notes payable	(12.3)	_	(11.8)	_	(24.1)
Payment of financing costs of long-term debt	(0.2)	_	_	_	(0.2)
Exercise of employee stock options	18.0	_	_	_	18.0
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment awards	4.7	_	_	_	4.7
Proceeds from employee stock purchases	2.1				2.1
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	134.0	(385.8)	(72.2)		(324.0)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash investments			(0.4)		(0.4)

	Parent	Subsidiary	Subsidiary	THE STATE OF	
(in millions)	Company	Guarantors	Nonguarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash investments	(0.1)	(2.1)	(27.4)	_	(29.6)
Cash and cash investments, beginning of period	0.3	3.3	39.9		43.5
Cash and cash investments, end of period	\$ 0.2	\$ 1.2	\$ 12.5	<u> </u>	\$ 13.9
Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows for the Six Month					
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (198.5)	\$ 247.4	\$ 48.5	\$ —	\$ 97.4
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(2.8)	(41.7)	(20.6)		(65.1)
Investment in equity method investee	(2.8)	(0.5)	(20.0)	_	(0.5)
Proceeds from sale of business		262.1	14.3		276.4
Proceeds from sales of assets		0.1	14.4		14.5
Other investing activities	1.0	-	0.2	_	1.2
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(1.8)	220.0	8.3		226.5
ivet cash (used iii) provided by investing activities	(1.0)	220.0	0.3		220.3
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Intercompany financings, net	420.5	(464.9)	44.4	_	_
Principal payments of long-term debt	(261.3)	(2.1)	(8.0)	_	(271.4)
Net proceeds from (repayment of) notes payable	26.0		(86.2)	_	(60.2)
Exercise of employee stock options	9.0	_	`	_	9.0
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment awards	2.2	_	_	_	2.2
Proceeds from employee stock purchases	2.3	_	_	_	2.3
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	198.7	(467.0)	(49.8)		(318.1)
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Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash investments	_	_	0.8	_	0.8
	<del></del>				
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash investments	(1.6)	0.4	7.8	_	6.6
Cash and cash investments, beginning of period	2.3	3.7	7.1	_	13.1
Cash and cash investments, end of period	\$ 0.7	\$ 4.1	\$ 14.9	<u> </u>	\$ 19.7
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#### 17. BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION:

Prior to May 1, 2010, the Company's internal management financial reporting consisted of two business divisions, Constellation Wines and Crown Imports. In connection with the Company's recent changes within its internal management structure for its U.K. and Australia businesses, and the Company's revised business strategy within these markets, the Company changed its internal management financial reporting on May 1, 2010, to consist of four business divisions: Constellation Wines North America, Constellation Wines Australia and Europe, Constellation Wines New Zealand and Crown Imports. However, due to a number of factors, including the size of the Constellation Wines New Zealand segment's operations, the similarity of its economic characteristics and long-term financial performance with that of the Constellation Wines North America business, and the fact that the vast majority of the wine produced by the Constellation Wines New Zealand operating segment is sold in the U.S. and Canada, the Company has aggregated the results of this operating segment with its Constellation Wines North America operating segment to form one reportable segment. Accordingly, beginning May 1, 2010, the Company began reporting its operating results in four segments: Constellation Wines North America (wine and spirits) ("CWNA"), Constellation Wines Australia and Europe (wine) ("CWAE"), Corporate Operations and Other, and Crown Imports (imported beer). Amounts included in the Corporate Operations and Other segment consist of costs of executive management, corporate development, corporate finance, human resources, internal audit, investor relations, legal, public relations, global information technology and global supply chain. Any costs incurred at the corporate office that are applicable to the segments are allocated to the appropriate segment. The amounts included in the Corporate Operations and Other segment are not included in the chief operating decision maker's evaluation of the other reportable segments.

The new business segments reflect how the Company's operations are managed, how operating performance within the Company is evaluated by senior management and the structure of its internal financial reporting. The financial information for the six months and three months ended August 31, 2009, has been restated to conform to the new segment presentation.

In addition, the Company excludes restructuring charges and unusual items that affect comparability from its definition of operating income for segment purposes as these items are not reflective of normal continuing operations of the segments. The Company excludes these items as segment operating performance and segment management compensation is evaluated based upon a normalized segment operating income. As such, the performance measures for incentive compensation purposes for segment management do not include the impact of these items.

For the six months and three months ended August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, restructuring charges and unusual items included in operating income consist of:

	For the Six Months Ended August 31,			For the Three Months Ended August 31,				
(in millions)	20	2010 2009 2010		2010			2009	
Cost of Product Sold								
Accelerated depreciation	\$	1.1	\$	14.0	\$	0.1	\$	11.1
Flow through of inventory step-up		1.6		5.2		0.6		2.5
Inventory write-downs		_		1.0		_		0.6
Other				2.8				1.3
Cost of Product Sold		2.7		23.0		0.7		15.5
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses								
Gain on sale of nonstrategic assets		(1.0)		_		—		_
Acquisition-related integration costs		0.2		0.1		0.1		_
Net gain on March 2009 sale of value spirits business		_		(0.2)		—		_
Other costs		3.7		24.1		2.8		10.2
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses		2.9		24.0		2.9		10.2
Restructuring Charges		18.6		22.1		13.7	_	3.2
Restructuring Charges and Unusual Items	\$	24.2	\$	69.1	\$	17.3	\$	28.9

The Company evaluates performance based on operating income of the respective business units. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described for the Company in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in Note 1 to the Company's consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2010, and include the recently adopted accounting guidance described in Note 2 herein.

Segment information is as follows:

	For the Six Ended Au		For the Thi Ended A	
(in millions)	2010	2009	2010	2009
<u>CWNA</u> :				
Net sales:				
Wine	\$ 1,132.3	\$ 1,094.4	\$ 600.6	\$ 570.2
Spirits	113.2	124.8	55.0	64.7
Net sales	\$ 1,245.5	\$ 1,219.2	\$ 655.6	\$ 634.9
Segment operating income	\$ 313.7	\$ 331.3	\$ 181.2	\$ 183.8
Equity in losses of equity method investees	\$ (0.2)	\$ (1.3)	\$ (0.3)	\$ (0.1)
Long-lived tangible assets	\$ 1,078.0	\$ 1,117.6	\$ 1,078.0	\$ 1,117.6
Investment in equity method investees	\$ 74.2	\$ 95.2	\$ 74.2	\$ 95.2
Total assets	\$ 6,446.3	\$ 6,571.9	\$ 6,446.3	\$ 6,571.9
Capital expenditures	\$ 22.6	\$ 32.7	\$ 8.8	\$ 14.9
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 44.4	\$ 53.2	\$ 21.6	\$ 30.0

Net suice   Segment operating loss   Segment operation   Segment operating loss   Segment oper		For the Six Ended Au		For the Three Months Ended August 31,			
Net sales:   Wine	(in millions)						
Net sules							
Wine         \$ 404,8         \$ 4492         \$ 2072         \$ 241,9           Segment operating (loss) income         \$ (6.0)         \$ 42         \$ (3.2)         \$ 241,9           Equity in earnings of equity method investees         \$ 2.1         \$ 2.2         \$ 1.5         \$ 1.1           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 347,6         \$ 445,3         \$ 347,6         \$ 485,3         \$ 367,7         \$ 36,7         \$ 1,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 1,10         \$ 20,20         \$ 1,10         \$ 20,20         \$ 1,10         \$ 20,20         \$ 1,10         \$ 20,20         \$ 1,10         \$ 20,20         \$ 1,10         \$ 20,20         \$ 1,10         \$ 20,20         \$ 1,10         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20         \$ 20,20 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Net sales		\$ 404.8	\$ 449.2	\$ 207.2	\$ 241.9		
Segment operating (loss) income         \$ (6,0)         \$ 4.2         \$ 1.5         \$ 1.1           Engulty in carnings of equity method investees         \$ 3.476         \$ 445.3         \$ 3.476         \$ 3.53         \$ 3.67         \$ 1.00         \$ 3.67         \$ 1.00         \$ 3.67         \$ 1.00	Net cales						
Equity in earnings of equity method investees   \$ 2,1   \$ 2,2   \$ 1,5   \$ 1,1     Long-lived tangbile assets   \$ 347,6   \$ 345,3   \$ 347,6   \$ 345,3     Investment in equity method investees   \$ 3,76   \$ 3,76   \$ 3,67     Total assets   \$ 1,153,4   \$ 1,536,9   \$ 1,153,4   \$ 1,356,9     Capital expenditures   \$ 2,1   \$ 1,16   \$ 0,7   \$ 1,12     Equity in earnings of equity method investees   \$ 1,53,4   \$ 1,536,9     Capital expenditures   \$ 1,13,4   \$ 1,536,9     Capital expenditures   \$ 1,13   \$ 1,13     Capital expenditures   \$ 1,13							
Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 347.6         \$ 445.3         \$ 347.6         \$ 345.5           Investment in equity method investees         \$ 37.6         \$ 1,534.8         \$ 1,536.9 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>							
Investment in equity method investees							
Total assets         \$ 1,153,4         \$ 1,153,6         \$ 1,153,6         \$ 1,353,6         \$ 1,353,6         \$ 1,353,6         \$ 1,353,6         \$ 1,353,6         \$ 1,353,6         \$ 1,253,6							
Capital expenditures         \$ 2.1         \$ 1.16         \$ 0.7         \$ 1.1           Depreciation and amortization         \$ 15.3         \$ 23.4         \$ 7.5         \$ 12.7           Corporate Operations and Other:         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$							
Pepreciation and amortization   S   15.3   S   23.4   S   7.5   S   12.7				. ,	. ,		
				*			
Net sales         S	Depreciation and amortization	\$ 15.5	\$ 23.4	\$ 7.5	\$ 12.7		
Segment operating loss         \$ (\$4.0)         \$ (\$11.6)         \$ (\$7.5)         \$ (\$18.9)           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 103.4         \$ 59.6         \$ 103.4         \$ 59.6           Capital expenditures         \$ 18.5         \$ 20.8         \$ 8.1         \$ 2.0           Depreciation and amortization         \$ 8.6         \$ 6.5         \$ 4.6         \$ 3.2           Crown Imports           Net sales         \$ 1,300.9         \$ 1,335.5         \$ 679.4         \$ 606.4           Segment operating income         \$ 240.1         \$ 27.0         \$ 13.2         \$ 144.5         \$ 606.4           Segment operating income         \$ 240.1         \$ 27.0         \$ 13.2         \$ 144.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7           Segment operating income         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 2.0         3.0         \$ 2.0         3.0         \$ 2.0         3.0         \$ 2.0         3.0         \$ 2.0         3.0         \$ 2.0         3.0         \$ 2.0         3.0         \$ 2.0         3.0         \$ 2.0         3.0         \$ 2.				•			
Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 103.4         \$ 59.6         \$ 103.4         \$ 59.6           Total assets         \$ 146.6         \$ 176.8         \$ 146.6         \$ 176.8           Capital expenditures         \$ 18.5         \$ 20.8         \$ 8.1         \$ 2.0           Depreciation and amortization         \$ 8.6         \$ 6.5         \$ 4.6         \$ 3.2           Crown Imports         \$ 1,300.9         \$ 1,335.5         \$ 679.4         \$ 666.4           Segment operating income         \$ 240.1         \$ 270.7         \$ 131.2         \$ 144.7           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6           Capital expenditures         \$ 0.4         \$ 0.8         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6           Capital expenditures         \$ 0.4         \$ 0.8         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3           Depreciation and amortization         \$ 0.9         \$ 0.5         \$ 0.4         \$ 0.2           Restructuring Charges and Unusual Items:         \$ 10.2         \$ (69.1)         \$ (71.3)         \$ (28.2)           Operating loss         \$ (24.2)         \$ (69.1)         \$ (71.3)         \$ (28.2)	- 1-1 - 1-1-1						
Total assets         \$ 146.6         \$ 176.8         \$ 146.6         \$ 176.8           Capital expenditures         \$ 18.5         \$ 20.8         \$ 8.1         \$ 2.0           Depreciation and amortization         \$ 8.6         \$ 6.5         \$ 4.6         \$ 3.2           Crown Imports           Net sales         \$ 1,300.9         \$ 1,335.5         \$ 679.4         \$ 666.4           Segment operating income         \$ 240.1         \$ 270.7         \$ 131.2         \$ 144.7           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$							
Capital expenditures         \$ 18.5         \$ 20.8         \$ 8.1         \$ 2.0           Depreciation and amortization         \$ 8.6         \$ 6.5         \$ 4.6         \$ 3.2           Crown Imports         \$ 1,300.9         \$ 1,335.5         \$ 679.4         \$ 696.4           Segment operating income         \$ 240.1         \$ 270.7         \$ 131.2         \$ 144.7           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7           Total assets         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7							
Depreciation and amortization   \$ 8.6   \$ 6.5   \$ 4.6   \$ 3.2							
Crown Imports         Net sales         \$ 1,300.9         \$ 1,335.5         \$ 679.4         \$ 696.4           Segment operating income         \$ 240.1         \$ 270.7         \$ 131.2         \$ 144.7           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7           Total assets         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6           Capital expenditures         \$ 0.9         \$ 0.5         \$ 0.4         \$ 0.2           Depreciation and amortization         \$ 0.9         \$ 0.5         \$ 0.4         \$ 0.2           Restructuring Charges and Unusual Items:         \$ 0.9         \$ 0.5         \$ 0.4         \$ 0.2           Operating loss         \$ (24.2)         \$ (69.1)         \$ (17.3)         \$ (28.9)           Equity in losses of equity method investees         \$ (0.6)         \$ -         \$ (0.1)         \$ -           Equity in losses of equity method investees         \$ (30.9)         \$ (1,30.9)         \$ (1,30.5)         \$ (69.4)         \$ (0.1)         \$ (69.4)           Postating income         \$ (24.2)         \$ (69.1)         \$ (7.7)         \$ (131.2)         \$ (144.7)         \$ (14.7)         \$ (14.7)         \$ (14.7)         \$ (14.7)         \$ (14.7)         \$ (14.7)         \$ (14.7)							
Net sales         \$ 1,300.9         \$ 1,335.5         \$ 679.4         \$ 696.4           Segment operating income         \$ 240.1         \$ 270.7         \$ 131.2         \$ 144.7           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7           Total assets         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6           Capital expenditures         \$ 0.9         \$ 0.5         \$ 0.4         \$ 0.2           Depreciation and amortization         \$ 0.9         \$ 0.5         \$ 0.4         \$ 0.2           Restructuring Charges and Unusual Items:         Use of equity method investees           Operating loss         \$ (24.2)         \$ (69.1)         \$ (17.3)         \$ (28.9)           Equity in losses of equity method investees         \$ (1300.9)         \$ (1,335.5)         \$ (67.4)         \$ (29.9)           Equity in losses of equity method investees         \$ (1,300.9)         \$ (1,335.5)         \$ (679.4)         \$ (696.4)           Operating income         \$ (240.1)         \$ (270.7)         \$ (131.2)         \$ (144.7)           Equity in carnings of Crown Imports         \$ (130.9)         \$ (1,335.5)         \$ (679.4)         \$ (696.4)           Dong-lived langible assets         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)	Depreciation and amortization	\$ 8.6	\$ 6.5	\$ 4.6	\$ 3.2		
Segment operating income         \$ 240.1         \$ 270.7         \$ 131.2         \$ 144.7           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 4.5         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.6         \$ 387.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 3	Crown Imports:						
Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7         \$ 4.5         \$ 5.7           Total assets         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 287.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.4         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3	Net sales	\$ 1,300.9	\$ 1,335.5	\$ 679.4	\$ 696.4		
Total assets         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6         \$ 378.7         \$ 387.6           Capital expenditures         \$ 0.4         \$ 0.8         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3           Depreciation and amortization         \$ 0.9         \$ 0.5         \$ 0.4         \$ 0.2           Restructuring Charges and Unusual Items:           Operating loss         \$ (24.2)         \$ (69.1)         \$ (17.3)         \$ (28.9)           Equity in losses of equity method investees         \$ (0.6)         \$ —         \$ (0.1)         \$ —           Consolidation and Eliminations:           Net sales         \$ (1,300.9)         \$ (1,335.5)         \$ (696.4)         \$ (69	Segment operating income	\$ 240.1	\$ 270.7	\$ 131.2	\$ 144.7		
Capital expenditures         \$ 0.4         \$ 0.8         \$ 0.2         \$ 0.3           Depreciation and amortization         \$ 0.9         \$ 0.5         \$ 0.4         \$ 0.2           Restructuring Charges and Unusual Items           Operating loss         \$ (24.2)         \$ (69.1)         \$ (17.3)         \$ (28.9)           Equity in losses of equity method investees         \$ (0.6)         \$ -         \$ (0.1)         \$ -           Consolidation and Eliminations:           Net sales         \$ (1,300.9)         \$ (1,335.5)         \$ (696.4)           Operating income         \$ (240.1)         \$ (270.7)         \$ (131.2)         \$ (144.7)           Equity in earnings of Crown Imports         \$ 119.6         \$ 135.1         \$ 5.3         \$ 7.2.2           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (4	Long-lived tangible assets	\$ 4.5	\$ 5.7	\$ 4.5	\$ 5.7		
Restructuring Charges and Unusual Items:   Operating loss	Total assets	\$ 378.7	\$ 387.6	\$ 378.7	\$ 387.6		
Restructuring Charges and Unusual Items:   Operating loss   \$ (24.2)	Capital expenditures	\$ 0.4	\$ 0.8	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.3		
Operating loss         \$ (24.2)         \$ (69.1)         \$ (17.3)         \$ (28.9)           Equity in losses of equity method investees         \$ (0.6)         \$ —         \$ (0.1)         \$ —           Consolidation and Eliminations:           Net sales         \$ (1,300.9)         \$ (1,335.5)         \$ (679.4)         \$ (696.4)           Operating income         \$ (240.1)         \$ (270.7)         \$ (131.2)         \$ (144.7)           Equity in earnings of Crown Imports         \$ 119.6         \$ 135.1         \$ 65.3         \$ 72.2           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)           Investment in equity method investees         \$ 130.8         \$ 148.3         \$ 130.8         \$ 148.3           Total assets         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)           Capital expenditures         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.8)         \$ (0.2)         \$ (0.3)           Depreciation and amortization         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.8)         \$ (0.2)         \$ (0.2)           Consolidated:         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.8)         \$ (0.2)         \$ (0.2)           Net sales         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.8)         \$ (0.2)         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.2)	Depreciation and amortization	\$ 0.9	\$ 0.5	\$ 0.4	\$ 0.2		
Operating loss         \$ (24.2)         \$ (69.1)         \$ (17.3)         \$ (28.9)           Equity in losses of equity method investees         \$ (0.6)         \$ —         \$ (0.1)         \$ —           Consolidation and Eliminations:           Net sales         \$ (1,300.9)         \$ (1,335.5)         \$ (679.4)         \$ (696.4)           Operating income         \$ (240.1)         \$ (270.7)         \$ (131.2)         \$ (144.7)           Equity in earnings of Crown Imports         \$ 119.6         \$ 135.1         \$ 65.3         \$ 72.2           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)           Investment in equity method investees         \$ 130.8         \$ 148.3         \$ 130.8         \$ 148.3           Total assets         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)           Capital expenditures         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.8)         \$ (0.2)         \$ (0.3)           Depreciation and amortization         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.8)         \$ (0.2)         \$ (0.2)           Consolidated:         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.8)         \$ (0.2)         \$ (0.2)           Net sales         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.8)         \$ (0.2)         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.2)	Restructuring Charges and Unusual Items:						
Equity in losses of equity method investees         \$ (0.6)         \$ —         \$ (0.1)         \$ —           Consolidation and Eliminations:         Net sales         \$ (1,300.9)         \$ (1,335.5)         \$ (679.4)         \$ (696.4)           Operating income         \$ (240.1)         \$ (270.7)         \$ (131.2)         \$ (144.7)           Equity in earnings of Crown Imports         \$ 119.6         \$ 135.1         \$ 65.3         \$ 72.2           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)           Investment in equity method investees         \$ 130.8         \$ 148.3         \$ 130.8         \$ 148.3           Total assets         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)           Capital expenditures         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.8)         \$ (0.2)         \$ (0.3)           Depreciation and amortization         \$ (0.9)         \$ (0.5)         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.8)         \$ (0.2)         \$ (0.3)           Consolidated:         Net sales         \$ 1,650.3         \$ 1,668.4         \$ 862.8         \$ 876.8           Operating income         \$ 229.5         \$ 224.8         \$ 133.2         \$ 140.1           Equity in earnings of equity method investees         \$ 1,529.0 <t< td=""><td></td><td>\$ (24.2)</td><td>\$ (69.1)</td><td>\$ (17.3)</td><td>\$ (28.9)</td></t<>		\$ (24.2)	\$ (69.1)	\$ (17.3)	\$ (28.9)		
Net sales         \$ (1,300.9)         \$ (1,335.5)         \$ (679.4)         \$ (696.4)           Operating income         \$ (240.1)         \$ (270.7)         \$ (131.2)         \$ (144.7)           Equity in earnings of Crown Imports         \$ 119.6         \$ 135.1         \$ 65.3         \$ 72.2           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (24.9)         \$ (239.3)         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)	1 &	. ,					
Net sales         \$ (1,300.9)         \$ (1,335.5)         \$ (679.4)         \$ (696.4)           Operating income         \$ (240.1)         \$ (270.7)         \$ (131.2)         \$ (144.7)           Equity in earnings of Crown Imports         \$ 119.6         \$ 135.1         \$ 65.3         \$ 72.2           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (24.9)         \$ (239.3)         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)	Consolidation and Eliminations						
Operating income         \$ (240.1)         \$ (270.7)         \$ (131.2)         \$ (144.7)           Equity in earnings of Crown Imports         \$ 119.6         \$ 135.1         \$ 65.3         \$ 72.2           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)         \$ (4.5)         \$ (5.7)           Investment in equity method investees         \$ 130.8         \$ 148.3         \$ 130.8         \$ 148.3           Total assets         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)           Capital expenditures         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.8)         \$ (0.2)         \$ (0.3)           Depreciation and amortization         \$ (0.9)         \$ (0.5)         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.2)           Consolidated:         \$ (0.9)         \$ (0.5)         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.2)           Net sales         \$ (0.9)         \$ (0.5)         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.2)           Consolidated:         Net sales           Net sales         \$ (0.9)         \$ (0.5)         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.2)           Veta in principle assets         \$ (0.9)         \$ (0.5)         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.2)           Equity in earnings of equity method investees         \$ (0.9)         \$ (0.5)         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.2)           L		\$ (1.200.0)	¢ (1.225.5)	¢ (670.4)	¢ (606.4)		
Equity in earnings of Crown Imports       \$ 119.6       \$ 135.1       \$ 65.3       \$ 72.2         Long-lived tangible assets       \$ (4.5)       \$ (5.7)       \$ (4.5)       \$ (5.7)         Investment in equity method investees       \$ 130.8       \$ 148.3       \$ 130.8       \$ 148.3         Total assets       \$ (247.9)       \$ (239.3)       \$ (247.9)       \$ (239.3)         Capital expenditures       \$ (0.4)       \$ (0.8)       \$ (0.2)       \$ (0.3)         Depreciation and amortization       \$ (0.9)       \$ (0.5)       \$ (0.4)       \$ (0.2)         Consolidated:         Net sales       \$ 1,650.3       \$ 1,668.4       \$ 862.8       \$ 876.8         Operating income       \$ 229.5       \$ 224.8       \$ 133.2       \$ 140.1         Equity in earnings of equity method investees       \$ 120.9       \$ 136.0       \$ 66.4       \$ 73.2         Long-lived tangible assets       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5         Investment in equity method investees       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2         Total assets       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9         Capital expenditures       \$ 43.2       \$ 65.1       \$ 17.6       \$ 18.0			. , ,	. ,			
Long-lived tangible assets       \$ (4.5)       \$ (5.7)       \$ (4.5)       \$ (5.7)         Investment in equity method investees       \$ 130.8       \$ 148.3       \$ 130.8       \$ 148.3         Total assets       \$ (247.9)       \$ (239.3)       \$ (247.9)       \$ (239.3)         Capital expenditures       \$ (0.4)       \$ (0.8)       \$ (0.2)       \$ (0.3)         Depreciation and amortization       \$ (0.9)       \$ (0.5)       \$ (0.4)       \$ (0.2)         Consolidated:         Net sales       \$ 1,650.3       \$ 1,668.4       \$ 862.8       \$ 876.8         Operating income       \$ 229.5       \$ 224.8       \$ 133.2       \$ 140.1         Equity in earnings of equity method investees       \$ 120.9       \$ 136.0       \$ 66.4       \$ 73.2         Long-lived tangible assets       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5         Investment in equity method investees       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2         Total assets       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9         Capital expenditures       \$ 43.2       \$ 65.1       \$ 17.6       \$ 18.0	1 &	,		. (	. (		
Investment in equity method investees       \$ 130.8       \$ 148.3       \$ 130.8       \$ 148.3         Total assets       \$ (247.9)       \$ (239.3)       \$ (247.9)       \$ (239.3)         Capital expenditures       \$ (0.4)       \$ (0.8)       \$ (0.2)       \$ (0.3)         Depreciation and amortization       \$ (0.9)       \$ (0.5)       \$ (0.4)       \$ (0.2)         Consolidated:         Net sales       \$ 1,650.3       \$ 1,668.4       \$ 862.8       \$ 876.8         Operating income       \$ 229.5       \$ 224.8       \$ 133.2       \$ 140.1         Equity in earnings of equity method investees       \$ 120.9       \$ 136.0       \$ 66.4       \$ 73.2         Long-lived tangible assets       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5         Investment in equity method investees       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2         Total assets       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9         Capital expenditures       \$ 43.2       \$ 65.1       \$ 17.6       \$ 18.0	1 7 0 1						
Total assets         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)         \$ (247.9)         \$ (239.3)           Capital expenditures         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.8)         \$ (0.2)         \$ (0.3)           Depreciation and amortization         \$ (0.9)         \$ (0.5)         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.2)           Consolidated:           Net sales         \$ 1,650.3         \$ 1,668.4         \$ 862.8         \$ 876.8           Operating income         \$ 229.5         \$ 224.8         \$ 133.2         \$ 140.1           Equity in earnings of equity method investees         \$ 120.9         \$ 136.0         \$ 66.4         \$ 73.2           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 1,529.0         \$ 1,622.5         \$ 1,529.0         \$ 1,622.5           Investment in equity method investees         \$ 242.6         \$ 280.2         \$ 242.6         \$ 280.2           Total assets         \$ 7,877.1         \$ 8,433.9         \$ 7,877.1         \$ 8,433.9           Capital expenditures         \$ 43.2         \$ 65.1         \$ 17.6         \$ 18.0							
Capital expenditures       \$ (0.4)       \$ (0.8)       \$ (0.2)       \$ (0.3)         Depreciation and amortization       \$ (0.9)       \$ (0.5)       \$ (0.4)       \$ (0.2)         Consolidated:         Net sales       \$ 1,650.3       \$ 1,668.4       \$ 862.8       \$ 876.8         Operating income       \$ 229.5       \$ 224.8       \$ 133.2       \$ 140.1         Equity in earnings of equity method investees       \$ 120.9       \$ 136.0       \$ 66.4       \$ 73.2         Long-lived tangible assets       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5         Investment in equity method investees       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2         Total assets       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9         Capital expenditures       \$ 43.2       \$ 65.1       \$ 17.6       \$ 18.0	1 7						
Consolidated:         \$ (0.9)         \$ (0.5)         \$ (0.4)         \$ (0.2)           Net sales         \$ 1,650.3         \$ 1,668.4         \$ 862.8         \$ 876.8           Operating income         \$ 229.5         \$ 224.8         \$ 133.2         \$ 140.1           Equity in earnings of equity method investees         \$ 120.9         \$ 136.0         \$ 66.4         \$ 73.2           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 1,529.0         \$ 1,622.5         \$ 1,529.0         \$ 1,622.5           Investment in equity method investees         \$ 242.6         \$ 280.2         \$ 242.6         \$ 280.2           Total assets         \$ 7,877.1         \$ 8,433.9         \$ 7,877.1         \$ 8,433.9           Capital expenditures         \$ 43.2         \$ 65.1         \$ 17.6         \$ 18.0			, ,	, ,			
Net sales         \$ 1,650.3         \$ 1,668.4         \$ 862.8         \$ 876.8           Operating income         \$ 229.5         \$ 224.8         \$ 133.2         \$ 140.1           Equity in earnings of equity method investees         \$ 120.9         \$ 136.0         \$ 66.4         \$ 73.2           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 1,529.0         \$ 1,622.5         \$ 1,529.0         \$ 1,622.5           Investment in equity method investees         \$ 242.6         \$ 280.2         \$ 242.6         \$ 280.2           Total assets         \$ 7,877.1         \$ 8,433.9         \$ 7,877.1         \$ 8,433.9           Capital expenditures         \$ 43.2         \$ 65.1         \$ 17.6         \$ 18.0			,				
Net sales         \$ 1,650.3         \$ 1,668.4         \$ 862.8         \$ 876.8           Operating income         \$ 229.5         \$ 224.8         \$ 133.2         \$ 140.1           Equity in earnings of equity method investees         \$ 120.9         \$ 136.0         \$ 66.4         \$ 73.2           Long-lived tangible assets         \$ 1,529.0         \$ 1,622.5         \$ 1,529.0         \$ 1,622.5           Investment in equity method investees         \$ 242.6         \$ 280.2         \$ 242.6         \$ 280.2           Total assets         \$ 7,877.1         \$ 8,433.9         \$ 7,877.1         \$ 8,433.9           Capital expenditures         \$ 43.2         \$ 65.1         \$ 17.6         \$ 18.0		, , ,	Ì	Ì	Ì		
Operating income       \$ 229.5       \$ 224.8       \$ 133.2       \$ 140.1         Equity in earnings of equity method investees       \$ 120.9       \$ 136.0       \$ 66.4       \$ 73.2         Long-lived tangible assets       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5         Investment in equity method investees       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2         Total assets       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9         Capital expenditures       \$ 43.2       \$ 65.1       \$ 17.6       \$ 18.0		0 4 650 0		A 0.50 0	<b>.</b>		
Equity in earnings of equity method investees       \$ 120.9       \$ 136.0       \$ 66.4       \$ 73.2         Long-lived tangible assets       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5         Investment in equity method investees       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2         Total assets       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9         Capital expenditures       \$ 43.2       \$ 65.1       \$ 17.6       \$ 18.0							
Long-lived tangible assets       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5       \$ 1,529.0       \$ 1,622.5         Investment in equity method investees       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2       \$ 242.6       \$ 280.2         Total assets       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9         Capital expenditures       \$ 43.2       \$ 65.1       \$ 17.6       \$ 18.0							
Investment in equity method investees         \$ 242.6         \$ 280.2         \$ 242.6         \$ 280.2           Total assets         \$ 7,877.1         \$ 8,433.9         \$ 7,877.1         \$ 8,433.9           Capital expenditures         \$ 43.2         \$ 65.1         \$ 17.6         \$ 18.0							
Total assets       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9       \$ 7,877.1       \$ 8,433.9         Capital expenditures       \$ 43.2       \$ 65.1       \$ 17.6       \$ 18.0			. ,	. ,	, ,		
Capital expenditures \$ 43.2 \$ 65.1 \$ 17.6 \$ 18.0	1 7						
			. ,		. ,		
Depreciation and amortization \$ 68.3 \$ 83.1 \$ 33.7 \$ 45.9							
	Depreciation and amortization	\$ 68.3	\$ 85.1	\$ 33.7	\$ 45.9		

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

#### Overview

The Company is the world's leading wine company with a broad portfolio of consumer-preferred premium wine brands complemented by spirits, imported beer and other select beverage alcohol products. The Company continues to supply imported beer in the United States ("U.S.") through its investment in a joint venture with Grupo Modelo, S.A.B. de C.V. This imported beers joint venture operates as Crown Imports LLC and is referred to hereinafter as "Crown Imports." The Company is the leading premium wine company in the U.S.; a leading producer and exporter of wine from Australia and New Zealand; the leading producer and marketer of wine in Canada; and a major supplier of beverage alcohol in the United Kingdom ("U.K."). Through its investment in a joint venture with Punch Taverns plc, the Company has an interest in a U.K. wholesale business ("Matthew Clark"), which is the U.K.'s leading independent premier drinks wholesaler serving the on-trade drinks industry.

In connection with the Company's recent changes within its internal management structure for its U.K. and Australia businesses, and the Company's revised business strategy within these markets, the Company changed its internal management financial reporting on May 1, 2010, to consist of four business divisions: Constellation Wines North America, Constellation Wines Australia and Europe, Constellation Wines New Zealand and Crown Imports. However, due to a number of factors, including the size of the Constellation Wines New Zealand segment's operations, the similarity of its economic characteristics and long-term financial performance with that of the Constellation Wines North America business, and the fact that the vast majority of the wine produced by the Constellation Wines New Zealand operating segment is sold in the U.S. and Canada, the Company has aggregated the results of this operating segment with its Constellation Wines North America operating segment to form one reportable segment. Accordingly, beginning May 1, 2010, the Company began reporting its operating results in four segments: Constellation Wines North America (wine and spirits) ("CWNA"), Constellation Wines Australia and Europe (wine) ("CWAE"), Corporate Operations and Other, and Crown Imports (imported beer). Prior to the changes noted above, the Company's internal management financial reporting consisted of two business divisions, Constellation Wines and Crown Imports. Amounts included in the Corporate Operations and Other segment consist of costs of executive management, corporate development, corporate finance, human resources, internal audit, investor relations, legal, public relations, global information technology and global supply chain. Any costs incurred at the corporate office that are applicable to the segments are allocated to the appropriate segment. The amounts included in the Corporate Operations and Other segment are not included in the chief operating decision maker's evaluation of the other reportable segments. All costs repo

The new business segments reflect how the Company's operations are managed, how operating performance within the Company is evaluated by senior management and the structure of its internal financial reporting. The financial information for Second Quarter 2010 and Six Months 2010 (each as defined below) has been restated to conform to the new segment presentation.

In addition, the Company excludes restructuring charges and unusual items that affect comparability from its definition of operating income for segment purposes as these items are not reflective of normal continuing operations of the segments. The Company excludes these items as segment operating performance and segment management compensation is evaluated based upon a normalized segment operating income. As such, the performance measures for incentive compensation purposes for segment management do not include the impact of these items.

The Company's business strategy in the CWNA segment is to remain focused on consumer-preferred premium wine brands, complemented by premium spirits and imported beers. In this segment, the Company intends to continue to focus on growing premium product categories and expects to capitalize on its size and scale in the marketplace to profitably grow the business. During Fiscal 2010 (as defined below), the Company began implementation of a strategic project to consolidate its U.S. distributor network in key markets and create a new go-to-market strategy designed to focus the full power of its U.S. wine and spirits portfolio in order to improve alignment of dedicated, selling resources which is expected to drive organic growth. The Company believes that this is the right strategy to take in order to position the Company for future growth in a consolidating market. Recent U.S. market trends and sales from wholesalers to retailers indicate that the Company's branded wine products have benefited from this new go-to-market strategy in Six Months 2011 (as defined below).

In response to the continuing competitive conditions in the U.K. and Australia, the Company's business strategy in the CWAE segment includes tightening of its portfolio focus, increasing efficiencies, reducing costs and improving cash generation. This strategy is expected to assist the Company in its efforts to effectively deal with some of the long-term challenges the Company faces in the U.K. and Australia markets, as further described below.

The Company remains committed to its long-term financial model of growing sales, expanding margins, increasing cash flow and reducing borrowings to achieve earnings per share growth and improve return on invested capital.

Worldwide and domestic economies continue to experience adverse conditions, and economic and consumer conditions in the Company's key markets, and on a global basis, remain challenging. Accordingly, the current competitive environment in the marketplace remains intense. The global economic situation has or could adversely affect the Company's major suppliers, distributors and retailers. The inability of suppliers, distributors or retailers to conduct business or to access liquidity could adversely impact the Company's business and financial performance. In order to mitigate the impact of these challenging conditions, the Company continues to focus on improving operating efficiencies, containing costs, optimizing cash flow, reducing borrowings and increasing return on invested capital. The Company has also maintained adequate liquidity to meet current obligations and fund capital expenditures. However, changing conditions in the worldwide and domestic economies could have a material impact on the Company's business, liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.

Marketing, sales and distribution of the Company's products are managed on a geographic basis in order to fully leverage leading market positions within each core market. Market dynamics and consumer trends vary significantly across the Company's five core markets (U.S., Canada, New Zealand, U.K. and Australia) within the Company's four geographic regions (North America, New Zealand, Europe and Australia). Within North America, the Company offers a range of beverage alcohol products across the branded wine and spirits and, through Crown Imports, imported beer categories in the U.S. Within the Company's remaining geographies, the Company primarily offers branded wine.

The environment for the Company's products is competitive in each of the Company's core markets. In particular, the U.K. and Australian markets are highly competitive, as further described below. The U.K. wine market is primarily an import market with Australian wines comprising approximately one-fifth of all wine sales in the U.K. off-premise business. The Australian wine market is primarily a domestic market. The Company has leading share positions in the Australian wine category in both the U.K. and Australian markets.

Due to competitive conditions in the U.K. and Australia, it has been difficult for the Company in recent fiscal periods to recover certain cost increases, in particular, the duty increases in the U.K. which have been imposed at least annually for the past several years. In the U.K., significant consolidation at the retail level has resulted in a limited number of large retailers controlling a significant portion of the off-premise wine business. The continuing surplus of Australian wine has made and continues to make low cost bulk wine available to these U.K. retailers which has allowed certain of these large retailers to create and build private label brands in the Australian wine category. Periodically, the Company has implemented price increases in the U.K. and Australia in an effort to cover certain cost increases, including the U.K. duty increases, and to improve profitability; however, the concentrated retail environment, competition from private label causing deterioration of retail pricing, foreign exchange volatility and a challenging economic environment have all contributed to declining gross margins for the Company's U.K. and Australian businesses in recent periods. As discussed previously, the Company's strategy in the CWAE segment was revised to address some of these long-term challenges, including tightening of the portfolio focus, increasing efficiencies, reducing costs and improving cash generation.

In Australia, the calendar 2010 grape harvest came in lower than the calendar 2009 grape harvest. Although the calendar 2010 grape harvest came in closer to expected annual demand for Australian wine products, an Australian bulk wine surplus remains due to the oversupply build up from prior years. This surplus and related intense competitive conditions in the U.K. and Australian markets are not expected to subside in the near term. In the U.S., the calendar 2010 grape harvest is expected to be slightly smaller than the calendar 2009 grape harvest. However, the Company continues to expect the overall supply of wine to remain generally in balance with demand within the U.S.

For the three months ended August 31, 2010 ("Second Quarter 2011"), the Company's net sales decreased 2% over the three months ended August 31, 2009 ("Second Quarter 2010"), primarily due to the divestiture of the U.K. cider business (see "Divestitures in Fiscal 2010" below). Operating income decreased 5% over the comparable prior year period primarily due to an increase in selling, general and administrative expenses for the CWNA segment and the Corporate Operations and Other segment for Second Quarter 2011 compared to Second Quarter 2010. Net income decreased 8% over the comparable prior year period primarily due to the items discussed above combined with lower interest expense partially offset by an increase in the Company's provision for income taxes.

For the six months ended August 31, 2010 ("Six Months 2011"), the Company's net sales decreased 1% over the six months ended August 31, 2009 ("Six Months 2010"), primarily due to the divestiture of the U.K. cider business, partially offset by a favorable year-over-year foreign currency translation impact. Operating income increased 2% over the comparable prior year period primarily due to a decrease in restructuring charges and unusual items for Six Months 2011 compared to Six Months 2010. Net income increased 32% over the comparable prior year period primarily due to the items discussed above combined with lower interest expense and a reduction in the Company's provision for income taxes.

The following discussion and analysis summarizes the significant factors affecting (i) consolidated results of operations of the Company for Second Quarter 2011 compared to Second Quarter 2010 and Six Months 2011 compared to Six Months 2010, and (ii) financial liquidity and capital resources for Six Months 2011. This discussion and analysis also identifies certain restructuring charges and unusual items expected to affect consolidated results of operations of the Company for the year ending February 28, 2011 ("Fiscal 2011"). This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included herein and in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2010 ("Fiscal 2010").

# **Equity Method Investment in Fiscal 2011**

In connection with the Company's December 2004 investment in Ruffino S.r.l. ("Ruffino"), the Company granted separate irrevocable and unconditional options to the two other shareholders of Ruffino to put to the Company all of the ownership interests held by these shareholders for a price as calculated in the joint venture agreement. Each option may be exercised during the period starting from January 1, 2010, and ending on December 31, 2010. In the year ended February 28, 2010, the 9.9% shareholder of Ruffino notified the Company that it was exercising the option to put its entire equity interest in Ruffino to the Company for the specified minimum value of  $\epsilon$ 23.5 million. In May 2010, the Company settled this put option through a cash payment of  $\epsilon$ 23.5 million (\$29.6 million) to the 9.9% shareholder of Ruffino, thereby increasing the Company's equity interest in Ruffino to 49.9%. The price of the other option, which represents the remaining 50.1% interest in Ruffino, is based upon a formula contained in the joint venture agreement. The formula is subject to a number of variables, including future results of Ruffino. The Company continues to evaluate the impact of the variables in the formula on the cash settlement if the 50.1% shareholder of Ruffino were to exercise the option to put its entire equity interest in Ruffino to the Company. Subject to the mutual agreement and understanding of the respective rights of each of the parties to this put option, the Company currently estimates that the cash settlement for this put option could be as much as  $\epsilon$ 55 million (\$70 million). As of August 31, 2010, the Company concluded that it is not probable that there is a likelihood of loss under this contingent obligation. Therefore, no liability has been recorded by the Company related to this contingent obligation and an estimate of any loss is currently not estimable. As of August 31, 2010, the Company's investment in Ruffino was \$4.1 million.

#### **Divestitures in Fiscal 2010**

#### U.K. Cider Business

In January 2010, the Company sold its U.K. cider business for cash proceeds of £43.9 million (\$71.6 million), net of direct costs to sell. This transaction is consistent with the Company's strategic focus on premium higher-growth, higher-margin wine, beer and spirits brands. In connection with this divestiture, the Company's CWAE segment recorded a gain of \$11.2 million in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010.

#### Value Spirits Business

In March 2009, the Company sold its value spirits business for \$336.4 million, net of direct costs to sell. The Company received \$276.4 million, net of direct costs to sell, in cash proceeds and a note receivable for \$60.0 million in connection with this divestiture. In the first quarter of fiscal 2011, the Company received full payment of the note receivable. The Company retained certain premium spirits brands, including SVEDKA Vodka, Black Velvet Canadian Whisky and Paul Masson Grande Amber Brandy. This transaction is consistent with the Company's strategic focus on premium, higher growth and higher margin brands in its portfolio. In connection with the classification of this business as an asset group held for sale as of February 28, 2009, the Company's CWNA segment recorded a loss of \$15.6 million in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2009, primarily related to asset impairments. In the first quarter of fiscal 2010, the Company's CWNA segment recognized a net gain of \$0.2 million, which included a gain on settlement of a postretirement obligation of \$1.0 million, partially offset by an additional loss of \$0.8 million. This net gain is included in selling, general and administrative expenses on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations.

#### **Results of Operations**

#### Second Quarter 2011 Compared to Second Quarter 2010

#### Not Sale

The following table sets forth the net sales (in millions of dollars) by reportable segment of the Company for Second Quarter 2011 and Second Quarter 2010.

	Second Quarter		5	Second	
			(	Quarter	% Increase
		2011		2010	(Decrease)
<u>CWNA</u>					
Wine	\$	600.6	\$	570.2	5%
Spirits		55.0		64.7	(15)%
CWNA net sales		655.6		634.9	3%
CWAE					
Wine		207.2		241.9	(14)%
CWAE net sales		207.2		241.9	(14)%
Crown Imports net sales		679.4		696.4	(2)%
Consolidations and eliminations		(679.4)		(696.4)	2%
Consolidated Net Sales	\$	862.8	\$	876.8	(2)%

Net sales for Second Quarter 2011 decreased to \$862.8 million from \$876.8 million for Second Quarter 2010, a decrease of \$14.0 million, or (2%). This decrease resulted primarily from the divestiture of the U.K. cider business of \$37.1 million, partially offset by an increase in U.S. branded wine net sales primarily due to favorable product mix shift and volume growth.

#### Constellation Wines North America

Net sales for CWNA increased to \$655.6 million for Second Quarter 2011 from \$634.9 million for Second Quarter 2010, an increase of \$20.7 million, or 3%. Wine net sales increased \$30.4 million primarily due to favorable product mix shift and volume growth in the U.S. branded wine portfolio due largely to certain U.S. distributor contractual commitments, and a favorable year-over-year foreign currency translation impact of \$7.8 million, partially offset by increased U.S. promotional spend. Spirits net sales decreased \$9.7 million primarily due to lower volumes of SVEDKA Vodka as compared to the prior year's strong volume growth in the second quarter of fiscal 2010 which occurred in connection with the U.S. distributor consolidation transition.

#### Constellation Wines Australia and Europe

Net sales for CWAE decreased to \$207.2 million for Second Quarter 2011 from \$241.9 million for Second Quarter 2010, a decrease of \$34.7 million, or (14%). Wine net sales decreased \$34.7 million primarily due to a decrease in net sales of \$37.1 million in connection with the divestiture of the U.K. cider business combined with an unfavorable year-over-year foreign currency translation impact of \$4.8 million, partially offset by volume growth of lower margin wine in the U.K.

#### Crown Imports

As this segment is eliminated in consolidation, see "Equity in Earnings of Equity Method Investees" below for a discussion of Crown Imports' net sales, gross profit, selling, general and administrative expenses, and operating income.

#### **Gross Profit**

The Company's gross profit increased to \$314.2 million for Second Quarter 2011 from \$309.6 million for Second Quarter 2010, an increase of \$4.6 million, or 1%. The CWNA segment's gross profit increased \$6.6 million primarily due to the favorable product mix shift and volume growth in the U.S. branded wine portfolio and a favorable foreign currency translation impact of \$3.4 million, partially offset by the increased U.S. promotional spend and the flow through of higher calendar 2008 U.S. grape costs. The CWAE segment's gross profit decreased \$16.8 million primarily due to the divestiture of the U.K. cider business. In addition, unusual items, which consist of certain amounts that are excluded by management in their evaluation of the results of each operating segment, were lower by \$14.8 million in Second Quarter 2011 versus Second Quarter 2010 primarily due to (i) a decrease in accelerated depreciation of \$11.0 million associated with certain restructuring programs and (ii) a decrease in the flow through of inventory step-up of \$1.9 million associated primarily with the December 2007 acquisition of Beam Wine Estates, Inc. ("BWE"). Gross profit as a percent of net sales increased to 36.4% for Second Quarter 2011 from 35.3% for Second Quarter 2010 primarily due to (i) the decrease in unusual items, (ii) volume growth of higher-margin U.S. branded wine, and (iii) divestiture of the U.K. cider business; partially offset by (i) the increased U.S. promotional spend, (ii) the flow through of the higher calendar 2008 U.S. grape costs, and (iii) the volume growth of lower margin wine in the U.K.

#### Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to \$167.3 million for Second Quarter 2011 from \$166.3 million for Second Quarter 2010, an increase of \$1.0 million, or 1%. This increase is due to increases of \$9.2 million in the CWNA segment and \$8.6 million in the Corporate Operations and Other segment, partially offset by decreases of \$9.5 million in the CWAE segment and \$7.3 million of unusual items, which consist of certain amounts that are excluded by management in their evaluation of the results of each operating segment. The increase in the CWNA segment's selling, general and administrative expenses is primarily due to increases in general and administrative expenses of \$4.5 million and selling expenses of \$3.7 million. The increase in general and administrative expenses is primarily due to the Company's initiative to implement a comprehensive, multi-year program to strengthen and enhance the Company's global business capabilities and processes through the creation of an integrated technology platform to improve the accessibility of information and visibility of global data ("Project Fusion") and higher annual management incentive compensation expense. The increase in selling expenses is primarily due to higher annual management incentive compensation expense. The increase in the Corporate Operations and Other segment's selling, general and administrative expenses is due to an increase in general and administrative expenses resulting primarily from (i) the overlap of an insurance benefit recognized in the prior year and (ii) higher annual management incentive compensation expense. The decrease in the CWAE segment's selling, general and administrative expense is primarily due to the divestiture of the U.K. cider business. The decrease in unusual items is primarily due to the recognition in Second Quarter 2010 of \$8.5 million of other costs in connection with the Company's plan (announced in April 2009) to simplify its business, increase efficiencies and reduce its cost structure on a global basis (t

Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of net sales increased to 19.4% for Second Quarter 2011 as compared to 19.0% for Second Quarter 2010 primarily due to the factors discussed above combined with the increased U.S. promotional spend.

#### Restructuring Charges

The Company recorded \$13.7 million of restructuring charges for Second Quarter 2011 associated with the Company's Global Initiative and the Company's plan (announced in August 2008) to sell certain assets and implement operational changes designed to improve the efficiencies and returns associated with the Australian business, primarily by consolidating certain winemaking and packaging operations and reducing the Company's overall grape supply due to reduced capacity needs resulting from a streamlining of the Company's product portfolio (the "Australian Initiative"). Restructuring charges included \$6.9 million of employee termination benefit costs, \$0.5 million of contract termination costs, \$0.5 million of facility consolidation/relocation costs and \$5.8 million of impairment charges on assets held for sale in Australia. The Company recorded \$3.2 million of restructuring charges for Second Quarter 2010 associated primarily with the Company's Global Initiative.

In addition, the Company incurred additional costs for Second Quarter 2011 and Second Quarter 2010 in connection with the Company's restructuring and acquisition-related integration plans. Total costs incurred in connection with these plans for Second Quarter 2011 and Second Quarter 2010 are as follows:

(in millions)	Qı	econd aarter 011	Q	Second Quarter 2010
Cost of Product Sold				
Accelerated depreciation	\$	0.1	\$	11.1
Inventory write-downs	\$	_	\$	0.6
Other	\$	_	\$	1.3
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses				
Acquisition-related integration costs	\$	0.1	\$	_
Other costs	\$	2.8	\$	10.2
Restructuring Charges	\$	13.7	\$	3.2

For a discussion of costs expected to be incurred for Fiscal 2011 in connection with the Company's restructuring and acquisition-related integration plans, see "Six Months 2011 Compared to Six Months 2010 — Restructuring Charges" below.

#### **Operating Income**

The following table sets forth the operating income (loss) (in millions of dollars) by reportable segment of the Company for Second Quarter 2011 and Second Quarter 2010.

	Second	Second	
	Quarter	Quarter	% (Decrease)
	2011	2010	Increase
CWNA	\$ 181.2	\$ 183.8	(1)%
CWAE	(3.2)	4.1	NM
Corporate Operations and Other	(27.5)	(18.9)	(46)%
Crown Imports	131.2	144.7	(9)%
Consolidations and eliminations	(131.2)	(144.7)	9%
Total Reportable Segments	150.5	169.0	(11)%
Restructuring Charges and Unusual Items	(17.3)	(28.9)	NM
Consolidated Operating Income	\$ 133.2	\$ 140.1	(5)%

NM = Not Meaningful

As a result of the factors discussed above, consolidated operating income decreased to \$133.2 million for Second Quarter 2011 from \$140.1 million for Second Quarter 2010, a decrease of \$6.9 million, or (5%). Restructuring charges and unusual items of \$17.3 million and \$28.9 million for Second Quarter 2011 and Second Quarter 2010, respectively, consist of certain amounts that are excluded by management in their evaluation of the results of each operating segment. These amounts include:

(in millions)	Second Quarter 2011	Second Quarter 2010
Cost of Product Sold	Φ 0.6	Φ 2.5
Flow through of inventory step-up	\$ 0.6	
Accelerated depreciation	0.1	11.1
Inventory write-downs	_	0.6
Other	_	1.3
Cost of Product Sold	0.7	15.5
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses		
Acquisition-related integration costs	0.1	_
Other costs	2.8	10.2
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	2.9	10.2
Restructuring Charges	13.7	3.2
Restructuring Charges and Unusual Items	<u>\$ 17.3</u>	\$ 28.9

#### Equity in Earnings of Equity Method Investees

The Company's equity in earnings of equity method investees decreased to \$66.4 million in Second Quarter 2011 from \$73.2 million in Second Quarter 2010, a decrease of \$6.8 million, or (9%). This decrease is primarily due to lower equity in earnings of Crown Imports.

Net sales for Crown Imports decreased to \$679.4 million for Second Quarter 2011 from \$696.4 million for Second Quarter 2010, a decrease of \$17.0 million, or (2%). This decrease resulted primarily from lower volumes, higher promotions, and a negative shift in mix within the Crown Imports Mexican beer portfolio. Volumes and portfolio mix were both negatively impacted in Second Quarter 2011 by a brewery strike in Mexico and the June 2010 Hurricane Alex, both of which disrupted product distribution into the U.S. Crown Imports gross profit decreased \$12.7 million, or (6%), primarily due to these factors combined with a contractual price increase in Mexican beer costs. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$0.8 million primarily due to an increase in selling expenses. The combination of these factors were the main contributors to the decrease in operating income of \$13.5 million, or (9%).

#### Interest Expense, Net

Interest expense, net of interest income of \$0.5 million and \$2.6 million, for Second Quarter 2011 and Second Quarter 2010, respectively, decreased to \$50.3 million for Second Quarter 2011 from \$68.1 million for Second Quarter 2010, a decrease of \$17.8 million, or (26%). The decrease resulted primarily from lower average interest rates for the Company combined with reduced average borrowings for Second Quarter 2011.

#### Provision for Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate for Second Quarter 2011 and Second Quarter 2010 was 38.8% and 31.3%, respectively. The Company's effective tax rates for both Second Quarter 2011 and Second Quarter 2010 reflect, among other items, decreases in uncertain tax positions in connection with the completion of various income tax examinations during each respective period. The amount of the decrease recorded for Second Quarter 2011 was less than the amount recorded for Second Quarter 2010.

#### Net Income

As a result of the above factors, net income decreased to \$91.3 million for Second Quarter 2011 from \$99.7 million for Second Quarter 2010, a decrease of \$8.4 million, or (8%).

#### Six Months 2011 Compared to Six Months 2010

#### Net Sales

The following table sets forth the net sales (in millions of dollars) by reportable segment of the Company for Six Months 2011 and Six Months 2010.

	Months 2011	Months 2010	% Increase (Decrease)
CWNA			
Wine	\$ 1,132.3	\$ 1,094.4	3%
Spirits	113.2	124.8	(9)%
CWNA net sales	1,245.5	1,219.2	2%
<u>CWAE</u>			
Wine	404.8	449.2	(10)%
CWAE net sales	404.8	449.2	(10)%
Crown Imports net sales	1,300.9	1,335.5	(3)%
Consolidations and eliminations	(1,300.9)	(1,335.5)	3%
Consolidated Net Sales	\$ 1,650.3	\$ 1,668.4	(1)%

Net sales for Six Months 2011 decreased to \$1,650.3 million from \$1,668.4 million for Six Months 2010, a decrease of \$18.1 million, or (1%). This decrease resulted primarily from the divestitures of the U.K. cider and value spirits businesses of \$79.6 million, partially offset by a favorable year-over-year foreign currency impact of \$37.8 million and increases in U.S. branded wine net sales and U.K. branded wine net sales (on a constant currency basis).

#### Constellation Wines North America

Net sales for CWNA increased to \$1,245.5 million for Six Months 2011 from \$1,219.2 million for Six Months 2010, an increase of \$26.3 million, or 2%. Wine net sales increased \$37.9 million primarily due to volume growth and a favorable product mix shift in the U.S. branded wine portfolio due largely to certain U.S. distributor contractual commitments, and a favorable year-over-year foreign currency translation impact of \$26.1 million, partially offset by increased U.S. promotional spend. Spirits net sales decreased \$11.6 million primarily due to a decrease in net sales of \$14.8 million in connection with the divestiture of the value spirits business.

Constellation Wines Australia and Europe

Net sales for CWAE decreased to \$404.8 million for Six Months 2011 from \$449.2 million for Six Months 2010, a decrease of \$44.4 million, or (10%). Wine net sales decreased \$44.4 million primarily due to a decrease in net sales of \$64.8 million in connection with the divestiture of the U.K. cider business, partially offset by volume growth of lower margin wine in the U.K.

Crown Imports

As this segment is eliminated in consolidation, see "Equity in Earnings of Equity Method Investees" below for a discussion of Crown Imports' net sales, gross profit, selling, general and administrative expenses, and operating income.

#### Gross Profit

The Company's gross profit increased to \$584.2 million for Six Months 2011 from \$578.3 million for Six Months 2010, an increase of \$5.9 million, or 1%. The CWNA segment's gross profit increased \$3.1 million primarily due to the volume growth and favorable product mix shift in the U.S. branded wine portfolio and a favorable foreign currency translation impact of \$11.1 million, partially offset by the increased U.S. promotional spend. The CWAE segment's gross profit decreased \$17.5 million primarily due to the divestiture of the U.K. cider business. In addition, unusual items, which consist of certain amounts that are excluded by management in their evaluation of the results of each operating segment, were lower by \$20.3 million in Six Months 2011 versus Six Months 2010 primarily due to (i) a decrease in accelerated depreciation of \$12.9 million associated with certain restructuring programs and (ii) a decrease in the flow through of inventory step-up of \$3.6 million associated primarily with the BWE acquisition. Gross profit as a percent of net sales increased to 35.4% for Six Months 2011 from 34.7% for Six Months 2010 primarily due to (i) the decrease in unusual items, (ii) divestiture of the U.K. cider business, and (iii) volume growth of higher-margin U.S. branded wine; partially offset by the increased U.S. promotional spend.

### Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to \$336.1 million for Six Months 2011 from \$331.4 million for Six Months 2010, an increase of \$4.7 million, or 1%. This increase is due to increases of \$20.7 million in the CWNA segment and \$12.4 million in the Corporate Operations and Other segment, partially offset by decreases of \$21.1 million in unusual items, which consist of certain amounts that are excluded by management in their evaluation of the results of each operating segment, and \$7.3 million in the CWAE segment. The increase in the CWNA segment's selling, general and administrative expenses is primarily due to increases (on a constant currency basis) in selling expenses of \$6.9 million and general and administrative expenses of \$4.8 million, combined with an unfavorable year-over-year foreign currency translation impact of \$6.5 million. The increases in selling expenses and general and administrative expenses is primarily due to costs associated with Project Fusion, higher consulting service fees associated with the segment's review of certain business and process improvement opportunities and higher annual management incentive compensation expense. The increase in the Corporate Operations and Other segment's selling, general and administrative expenses is due to an increase in general and administrative expenses resulting largely from higher annual management incentive compensation expense, higher stock-based compensation expense and the overlap of an insurance benefit recognized in the prior year. The decrease in the CWAE segment's selling, general and administrative expense is primarily due to the divestiture of the U.K. cider business. The decrease in unusual items is primarily due to the recognition in Six Months 2010 of \$21.7 million of other costs in connection with the Company's Global Initiative.

Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of net sales increased to 20.4% for Six Months 2011 as compared to 19.9% for Six Months 2010 primarily due to the factors discussed above combined with the increased U.S. promotional spend.

#### Restructuring Charges

The Company recorded \$18.6 million of restructuring charges for Six Months 2011 associated primarily with the Company's Global Initiative and Australian Initiative. Restructuring charges included \$11.1 million of employee termination benefit costs, \$0.6 million of contract termination costs, \$1.1 million of facility consolidation/relocation costs and \$5.8 million of impairment charges on assets held for sale in Australia. The Company recorded \$22.1 million of restructuring charges for Six Months 2010 associated primarily with the Company's Global Initiative.

In addition, the Company incurred additional costs for Six Months 2011 and Six Months 2010 in connection with the Company's restructuring and acquisition-related integration plans. Total costs incurred in connection with these plans for Six Months 2011 and Six Months 2010 are as follows:

	Six Months		ν	Six Ionths
(in millions)	2011			2010
Cost of Product Sold				
Accelerated depreciation	\$	1.1	\$	14.0
Inventory write-downs	\$	_	\$	1.0
Other	\$	_	\$	2.8
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses				
Gain on sale of nonstrategic assets	\$	(1.0)	\$	_
Acquisition-related integration costs	\$	0.2	\$	0.1
Other costs	\$	3.7	\$	24.1
Restructuring Charges	\$	18.6	\$	22.1

The Company expects to incur the following costs in connection with its restructuring and acquisition-related integration plans for Fiscal 2011:

(in millions)	F	pected Fiscal 2011
Cost of Product Sold Accelerated depreciation	\$	1.1
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses Gain on sale of nonstrategic assets	¢	(2.2)
Acquisition-related integration costs	\$	0.3
Other costs	\$	4.8
Restructuring Charges	\$	27.1

#### **Operating Income**

The following table sets forth the operating income (loss) (in millions of dollars) by reportable segment of the Company for Six Months 2011 and Six Months 2010.

	Six	Six	
	Months	Months	% (Decrease)
	2011	2010	Increase
CWNA	\$ 313.7	\$ 331.3	(5)%
CWAE	(6.0)	4.2	NM
Corporate Operations and Other	(54.0)	(41.6)	(30)%
Crown Imports	240.1	270.7	(11)%
Consolidations and eliminations	(240.1)	(270.7)	11%
Total Reportable Segments	253.7	293.9	(14)%
Restructuring Charges and Unusual Items	(24.2)	(69.1)	NM
Consolidated Operating Income	\$ 229.5	\$ 224.8	2%

As a result of the factors discussed above, consolidated operating income increased to \$229.5 million for Six Months 2011 from \$224.8 million for Six Months 2010, an increase of \$4.7 million, or 2%. Restructuring charges and unusual items of \$24.2 million and \$69.1 million for Six Months 2011 and Six Months 2010, respectively, consist of certain amounts that are excluded by management in their evaluation of the results of each operating segment. These amounts include:

	Six Months	Six Months
(in millions)	2011	2010
Cost of Product Sold		
Accelerated depreciation	\$ 1.1	\$ 14.0
Flow through of inventory step-up	1.6	5.2
Inventory write-downs	_	1.0
Other		2.8
Cost of Product Sold	2.7	23.0
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses		
Gain on sale of nonstrategic assets	(1.0)	_
Acquisition-related integration costs	0.2	0.1
Net gain on March 2009 sale of value spirits business	_	(0.2)
Other costs	3.7	24.1
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	2.9	24.0
Restructuring Charges	18.6	22.1
Restructuring Charges and Unusual Items	\$ 24.2	\$ 69.1

# Equity in Earnings of Equity Method Investees

The Company's equity in earnings of equity method investees decreased to \$120.9 million in Six Months 2011 from \$136.0 million in Six Months 2010, a decrease of \$15.1 million, or (11%). This decrease is primarily due to lower equity in earnings of Crown Imports.

Net sales for Crown Imports decreased to \$1,300.9 million for Six Months 2011 from \$1,335.5 million for Six Months 2010, a decrease of \$34.6 million, or (3%). This decrease resulted primarily from lower volumes, higher promotions, and a negative shift in mix within the Crown Imports Mexican beer portfolio. Volumes and portfolio mix were both negatively impacted in Second Quarter 2011 by a brewery strike in Mexico and the June 2010 Hurricane Alex, both of which disrupted product distribution into the U.S. Crown Imports gross profit decreased \$27.1 million, or (7%), primarily due to these factors combined with a contractual price increase in Mexican beer costs. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$3.5 million primarily due to an increase in advertising spend. The combination of these factors were the main contributors to the decrease in operating income of \$30.6 million, or (11%).

#### Interest Expense, Net

Interest expense, net of interest income of \$1.7 million and \$4.6 million, for Six Months 2011 and Six Months 2010, respectively, decreased to \$98.8 million for Six Months 2011 from \$136.5 million for Six Months 2010, a decrease of \$37.7 million, or (28%). The decrease resulted primarily from lower average interest rates for the Company combined with reduced average borrowings for Six Months 2011.

#### Provision for Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate for Six Months 2011 and Six Months 2010 was 44.2% and 52.7%, respectively. The Company's effective tax rate for Six Months 2011 included the recognition of a valuation allowance against deferred tax assets in the U.K. of \$30.1 million, partially offset by a decrease in uncertain tax positions in connection with the completion of various income tax examinations during Six Months 2011. The Company's effective tax rate for Six Months 2010 included \$37.5 million of taxes associated with the sale of the value spirits business, partially offset by a decrease in uncertain tax positions in connection with the completion of various income tax examinations during Second Quarter 2010.

#### Net Income

As a result of the above factors, net income increased to \$140.4 million for Six Months 2011 from \$106.2 million for Six Months 2010, an increase of \$34.2 million, or 32%.

#### Financial Liquidity and Capital Resources

#### General

The Company's principal use of cash in its operating activities is for purchasing and carrying inventories and carrying seasonal accounts receivable. The Company's primary source of liquidity has historically been cash flow from operations, except during annual grape harvests when the Company has relied on short-term borrowings. In the U.S. and Canada, the annual grape crush normally begins in August and runs through October. In Australia and New Zealand, the annual grape crush normally begins in February and runs through May. The Company generally begins taking delivery of grapes at the beginning of the crush season with payments for such grapes beginning to come due one month later. The Company's short-term borrowings to support such purchases generally reach their highest levels one to two months after the crush season has ended. Historically, the Company has used cash flow from operating activities to repay its short-term borrowings and fund capital expenditures. The Company will continue to use its short-term borrowings to support its working capital requirements.

While certain conditions in the worldwide and domestic economies may be showing signs of improvement, there continues to be volatility in the capital markets, diminished liquidity and credit availability, and increased counterparty risk. Nevertheless, the Company has maintained adequate liquidity to meet current working capital requirements, fund capital expenditures and repay scheduled principal and interest payments on debt. Absent further severe deterioration of market conditions, the Company believes that cash flows from operating activities and its financing activities, primarily short-term borrowings, will provide adequate resources to satisfy its working capital, scheduled principal and interest payments on debt, and anticipated capital expenditure requirements for both its short-term and long-term capital needs.

As of September 30, 2010, the Company had \$656.2 million in revolving loans available to be drawn under its 2006 Credit Agreement (as defined below). The member financial institutions participating in the Company's 2006 Credit Agreement have complied with prior funding requests and the Company believes the member financial institutions will comply with ongoing funding requests. However, there can be no assurances that any particular financial institution will continue to do so in the future.

#### Six Months 2011 Cash Flows

#### **Operating Activities**

Net cash provided by operating activities for Six Months 2011 was \$305.7 million, which resulted primarily from net income of \$140.4 million; plus \$185.9 million of net noncash items charged to the Consolidated Statements of Operations; plus net cash provided by the net change in the Company's inventories of \$157.2 million and other accrued expenses and liabilities of \$39.7 million, partially offset by accounts receivable, net of \$204.5 million.

The net noncash items consisted primarily of depreciation expense, deferred tax provision, equity in earnings of equity method investees, net of distributed earnings, and stock-based compensation expense. The decrease in inventories and the increase in accounts receivable, net were both due largely to seasonality as January and February are typically the Company's lowest selling months. In addition, these seasonal changes were even more pronounced due to the lighter than normal sales in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010 associated with the U.S. distributor consolidation transition. The increase in other accrued expenses and liabilities is largely due to the timing of income tax payments and interest payments.

#### **Investing Activities**

Net cash used in investing activities for Six Months 2011 was \$10.9 million, which resulted primarily from \$43.2 million of capital expenditures and \$29.6 million investment in the CWNA segment's international equity method investment, Ruffino, in connection with the settlement of the irrevocable and unconditional put option of the incremental 9.9% ownership interest, partially offset by \$60.0 million of proceeds from the note receivable received in connection with the divestiture of the value spirits business.

#### Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities for Six Months 2011 was \$324.0 million resulting primarily from purchases of treasury stock of \$300.0 million through the ASB transaction (as defined below), \$24.5 million of principal payments of long-term debt and \$24.1 million of net repayment of notes payable, partially offset by \$18.0 million of proceeds from exercise of employee stock options.

#### **Share Repurchase**

In April 2010, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$300.0 million of the Company's Class A Common Stock and Class B Convertible Common Stock. Pursuant to this authorization, the Company repurchased \$300.0 million of its shares of Class A Common Stock through a collared accelerated stock buyback ("ASB") transaction which was announced in April 2010. During the three months ended May 31, 2010, the Company received 13,801,480 shares of Class A Common Stock, representing the minimum number of shares that will be received under the ASB transaction. The Company used revolver borrowings under the 2006 Credit Agreement to pay the purchase price for the repurchased shares. The repurchased shares that have been received have become treasury shares. The final number of shares to which the Company is entitled under the ASB transaction will generally be based on the average of the daily volume weighted average prices of the Company's Class A Common Stock over a calculation period (scheduled to end on November 24, 2010, subject to being shortened by the counterparty to the ASB transaction), but no less than 13,801,480 shares or more than 18,401,973 shares subject to certain terms of the ASB transaction. The Company paid the purchase price under the ASB transaction in April 2010, at which time it received an initial installment of 11,016,451 shares of Class A Common Stock. In May 2010, the Company received an additional 2,785,029 shares of Class A Common Stock in connection with the early termination of the hedge period on May 10, 2010. The Company may be entitled to receive up to 4,600,493 additional shares pursuant to the ASB transaction following the end of the calculation period.

#### Deh

Total debt outstanding as of August 31, 2010, amounted to \$3,783.4 million, a decrease of \$52.1 million from February 28, 2010.

#### Senior Credit Facility

# 2006 Credit Agreement

The Company and certain of its U.S. subsidiaries, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as a lender and administrative agent, and certain other agents, lenders, and financial institutions are parties to a credit agreement, as amended (the "2006 Credit Agreement"). The 2006 Credit Agreement provides for aggregate credit facilities of \$3,842.0 million, consisting of (i) a \$1,200.0 million tranche A term loan facility with a final maturity in June 2011 (the "Tranche A Term Loans"), (ii) a \$1,800.0 million tranche B term loan facility, of which \$1,500.0 million has a final maturity in June 2013 (the "2013 Tranche B Term Loans") and \$300.0 million has a final maturity in June 2015 (the "2015 Tranche B Term Loans"), and (iii) an \$842.0 million revolving credit facility (including a sub-facility for letters of credit of up to \$200 million), of which \$192.0 million terminates in June 2011 (the "2011 Revolving Facility") and \$650.0 million terminates in June 2013 (the "2013 Revolving Facility"). The Company uses its revolving credit facility under the 2006 Credit Agreement for general corporate purposes.

As of August 31, 2010, under the 2006 Credit Agreement, the Company had outstanding Tranche A Term Loans of \$300.0 million bearing an interest rate of 1.6%, 2013 Tranche B Term Loans of \$928.0 million bearing an interest rate of 1.8%, 2015 Tranche B Term Loans of \$300.0 million bearing an interest rate of 3.1%, 2011 Revolving Facility of \$55.9 million bearing an interest rate of 1.6%, 2013 Revolving Facility of \$221.1 million bearing an interest rate of 2.7%, outstanding letters of credit of \$13.9 million, and \$551.1 million in revolving loans available to be drawn.

As of September 30, 2010, under the 2006 Credit Agreement, the Company had outstanding Tranche A Term Loans of \$225.0 million bearing an interest rate of 1.6%, 2013 Tranche B Term Loans of \$928.0 million bearing an interest rate of 1.8%, 2015 Tranche B Term Loans of \$300.0 million bearing an interest rate of 3.1%, 2011 Revolving Facility of \$27.8 million bearing an interest rate of 1.8%, 2013 Revolving Facility of \$144.1 million bearing an interest rate of 2.7%, outstanding letters of credit of \$13.9 million, and \$656.2 million in revolving loans available to be drawn.

Through February 28, 2010, the Company had outstanding interest rate swap agreements which were designated as cash flow hedges of \$1,200.0 million of the Company's floating LIBOR rate debt. The designated cash flow hedges fixed the Company's interest rates on \$1,200.0 million of the Company's floating LIBOR rate debt through February 28, 2010. In addition, the Company had offsetting undesignated interest rate swap agreements with an absolute notional amount of \$2,400.0 million outstanding as of February 28, 2010. On March 1, 2010, the Company paid \$11.9 million in connection with the maturity of these outstanding interest rate swap agreements, which is reported in other, net in cash flows from operating activities in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. In June 2010, the Company entered into a new five year delayed start interest rate swap agreement effective September 1, 2011, which was designated as a cash flow hedge for \$500.0 million of the Company's floating LIBOR rate debt. Accordingly, the Company fixed its interest rates on \$500.0 million of the Company's floating LIBOR rate debt at an average rate of 2.9% (exclusive of borrowing margins) through September 1, 2016. For Six Months 2010 and Second Quarter 2010, the Company reclassified net losses of \$12.9 million and \$7.1 million, respectively, net of income tax effect, from AOCI to interest expense, net on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company did not reclassify any amount from AOCI to interest expense, net on its Consolidated Statements of Operations for Six Months 2011 and Second Quarter 2011.

#### **Information Regarding Forward-Looking Statements**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the Company's control, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in, or implied by, such forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including without limitation the statements under Part I — Item 2 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" regarding (i) the Company's business strategy, future financial position, prospects, plans and objectives of management, (ii) the Company's expected restructuring charges, accelerated depreciation, acquisition-related integration costs, other costs, and gain on sale of nonstrategic assets, (iii) information concerning expected or potential actions of third parties, (iv) future worldwide or domestic economic conditions and the global credit environment, (v) information concerning the future expected balance of supply and demand for wine, (vi) information concerning the number of shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock the Company will receive pursuant to the ASB transaction, and (vii) the expected impact upon results of operations resulting from the Company's decision to consolidate its U.S. distributor network are forward-looking statements. When used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the words "anticipate," "intend," "expect," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such identifying words. All forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. In addition to the risks and uncertainties of ordinary business operations and conditions in the general economy and markets in which the Company competes, the forward-looking statements of the Company contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are also subject to the risk and uncertainty that (i) the impact upon results of operations resulting from the decision to consolidate the Company's U.S. distributor network will vary from current expectations due to implementation of consolidation activities and actual U.S. distributor transition experience, (ii) the actual balance of supply and demand for wine products will vary from current expectations due to, among other reasons, actual consumer demand, (iii) the actual number of shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock received in the ASB transaction is subject to the terms of the ASB transaction and may vary from current expectations due to, among other things, the actual duration of the calculation period and the trading prices of the Company's Class A Common Stock during the remainder of the calculation period, and (iv) the Company's restructuring charges, accelerated depreciation, acquisitionrelated integration costs, other costs, and gain on sale of nonstrategic assets may vary materially from current expectations due to, among other reasons, variations in anticipated headcount reductions, contract terminations or modifications, equipment relocation, proceeds from the sale of assets identified for sale, product portfolio rationalizations, production footprint, and/or other costs of implementation. For additional information about risks and uncertainties that could adversely affect the Company's forward-looking statements, please refer to Item 1A "Risk Factors" of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2010.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

The Company, as a result of its global operating, acquisition and financing activities, is exposed to market risk associated with changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. To manage the volatility relating to these risks, the Company periodically purchases and/or sells derivative instruments including foreign currency forward and option contracts and interest rate swap agreements. The Company uses derivative instruments solely to reduce the financial impact of these risks and does not use derivative instruments for trading purposes.

Foreign currency derivative instruments are or may be used to hedge existing foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities, forecasted foreign currency denominated sales/purchases to/from third parties as well as intercompany sales/purchases, intercompany principal and interest payments, and in connection with acquisitions or joint venture investments outside the U.S. As of August 31, 2010, the Company had exposures to foreign currency risk primarily related to the Australian dollar, euro, New Zealand dollar, British pound sterling, Canadian dollar and South African rand.

As of August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, the Company had outstanding foreign currency derivative instruments with a notional value of \$1,290.4 million and \$1,585.5 million, respectively. Approximately 75% of the Company's total exposures were hedged as of August 31, 2010, including most of the Company's balance sheet exposures and certain of the Company's forecasted transactional exposures for the year ending February 28, 2011. The estimated fair value of the Company's foreign currency derivative instruments was a net asset of \$14.7 million and \$59.6 million as of August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, respectively. Using a sensitivity analysis based on estimated fair value of open contracts using forward rates, if the contract base currency had been 10% weaker as of August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, the fair value of open foreign currency contracts would have been decreased by \$9.9 million and \$16.6 million, respectively. Losses or gains from the revaluation or settlement of the related underlying positions would substantially offset such gains or losses on the derivative instruments.

The fair value of fixed rate debt is subject to interest rate risk, credit risk and foreign currency risk. The estimated fair value of the Company's total fixed rate debt, including current maturities, was \$2,031.1 million and \$2,420.1 million as of August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, respectively. A hypothetical 1% increase from prevailing interest rates as of August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, would have resulted in a decrease in fair value of fixed interest rate long-term debt by \$95.8 million and \$101.1 million, respectively.

In addition to the \$2,031.1 million and \$2,420.1 million estimated fair value of fixed rate debt outstanding as of August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, respectively, the Company also had variable rate debt outstanding (primarily LIBOR-based), certain of which includes a fixed margin. As of August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, the estimated fair value of the Company's total variable rate debt, including current maturities, was \$1,789.1 million and \$1,745.0 million, respectively. Using a sensitivity analysis based on a hypothetical 1% increase in prevailing interest rates over a 12-month period, the approximate increase in cash required for interest as of August 31, 2010, and August 31, 2009, is \$39.2 million and \$17.5 million, respectively.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

#### Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer have concluded, based on their evaluation as of the end of the period covered by this report, that the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (i) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and (ii) is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In connection with the foregoing evaluation by the Company's Chief Executive Officer and its Chief Financial Officer, no changes were identified in the Company's "internal control over financial reporting" (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) that occurred during the Company's fiscal quarter ended August 31, 2010 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

As previously announced and reported, the Company and Goldman, Sachs & Co. ("GS&Co.") previously entered into a collared accelerated stock buyback transaction with respect to the Company's Class A Common Stock (the "ASB Transaction"). During the period from June 1, 2010 through August 31, 2010 (the "Covered Quarter"), the Company did not receive any additional shares pursuant to the ASB Transaction. However, the Company may receive additional shares from GS&Co. for no additional consideration based upon application of a formula set forth in the ASB Transaction following a calculation period which includes the Covered Quarter and is scheduled to end on November 24, 2010, which period may be shortened in GS&Co.'s discretion. However, it is not possible at this time for the Company to determine the final number of additional shares, if any, which it will receive in the ASB Transaction or the final price of the aggregate number of shares received pursuant to the ASB Transaction.

#### Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibits required to be filed by Item 601 of Regulation S-K.

For the exhibits that are filed herewith or incorporated herein by reference, see the Index to Exhibits located on page 59 of this report. The Index to Exhibits is incorporated herein by reference.

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

# CONSTELLATION BRANDS, INC.

Dated: October 12, 2010 By: /s/ David M. Thomas

David M. Thomas, Senior Vice President,

Finance and Controller

Dated: October 12, 2010 By: /s/ Robert Ryder

Robert Ryder, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer and principal accounting officer)

#### INDEX TO EXHIBITS

- 2.1 Agreement to Establish Joint Venture, dated July 17, 2006, between Barton Beers, Ltd. and Diblo, S.A. de C.V. (filed as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 17, 2006, filed July 18, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).+
- 2.2 Amendment No. 1, dated as of January 2, 2007 to the Agreement to Establish Joint Venture, dated July 17, 2006, between Barton Beers, Ltd. and Diblo, S.A. de C.V. (filed as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 2, 2007, filed January 3, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).+
- 2.3 Barton Contribution Agreement, dated July 17, 2006, among Barton Beers, Ltd., Diblo, S.A. de C.V. and Company (a Delaware limited liability company to be formed) (filed as Exhibit 2.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 17, 2006, filed July 18, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).+
- 3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended August 31, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 3.2 Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended August 31, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 3.3 Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 6, 2007, filed December 12, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.1 Indenture, with respect to 7.25% Senior Notes due 2016, dated as of August 15, 2006, by and among the Company, as Issuer, certain subsidiaries, as Guarantors and BNY Midwest Trust Company, as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 15, 2006, filed August 18, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.2 Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of August 15, 2006, among the Company, as Issuer, certain subsidiaries, as Guarantors, and BNY Midwest Trust Company, as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 15, 2006, filed August 18, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).

- 4.3 Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of November 30, 2006, by and among the Company, Vincor International Partnership, Vincor International II, LLC, Vincor Holdings, Inc., R.H. Phillips, Inc., The Hogue Cellars, Ltd., Vincor Finance, LLC, and BNY Midwest Trust Company, as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.28 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended November 30, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.4 Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of May 4, 2007, by and among the Company, Barton SMO Holdings LLC, ALCOFI INC., and Spirits Marque One LLC, and BNY Midwest Trust Company, as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.32 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended May 31, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.5 Supplemental Indenture No. 4, with respect to 8 3/8% Senior Notes due 2014, dated as of December 5, 2007, by and among the Company, as Issuer, certain subsidiaries, as Guarantors, and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., (as successor to BNY Midwest Trust Company), as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 5, 2007, filed December 11, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.6 Supplemental Indenture No. 5, dated as of January 22, 2008, by and among the Company, BWE, Inc., Atlas Peak Vineyards, Inc., Buena Vista Winery, Inc., Clos du Bois Wines, Inc., Gary Farrell Wines, Inc., Peak Wines International, Inc., and Planet 10 Spirits, LLC, and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (successor trustee to BNY Midwest Trust Company), as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.37 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 29, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.7 Supplemental Indenture No. 6, dated as of February 27, 2009, by and among the Company, Constellation Services LLC, and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company National Association (successor trustee to BNY Midwest Trust Company), as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.31 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.8 Indenture, with respect to 7.25% Senior Notes due May 2017, dated May 14, 2007, by and among the Company, as Issuer, certain subsidiaries, as Guarantors, and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K dated May 9, 2007, filed May 14, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.9 Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of January 22, 2008, by and among the Company, BWE, Inc., Atlas Peak Vineyards, Inc., Buena Vista Winery, Inc., Clos du Bois Wines, Inc., Gary Farrell Wines, Inc., Peak Wines International, Inc., and Planet 10 Spirits, LLC, and The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A. (successor trustee to BNY Midwest Trust Company), as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.39 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 29, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference).

- 4.10 Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of February 27, 2009, by and among the Company, Constellation Services LLC, and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company National Association (successor trustee to BNY Midwest Trust Company), as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.34 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.11 Credit Agreement, dated as of June 5, 2006, among Constellation, the Subsidiary Guarantors party thereto, the Lenders party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, Citicorp North America, Inc., as Syndication Agent, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc., as Joint Lead Arrangers and Bookrunners, and The Bank of Nova Scotia and SunTrust Bank, as Co-Documentation Agents (filed as Exhibit 4.11 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended May 31, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.12 Amendment No. 1, dated as of February 23, 2007, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of June 5, 2006, among Constellation, the subsidiary guarantors referred to on the signature pages to such Amendment No. 1, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., in its capacity as Administrative Agent (filed as Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated and filed February 23, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.13 Amendment No. 2, dated as of November 19, 2007, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of June 5, 2006, among Constellation, the Subsidiary Guarantors referred to on the signature pages to such Amendment No. 2, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., in its capacity as Administrative Agent (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated and filed November 20, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.14 Amendment No. 3, dated as of January 25, 2010, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of June 5, 2006, among Constellation Brands, Inc., the Subsidiary Guarantors referred to on the signature pages to such Amendment No. 3, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., in its capacity as Administrative Agent and Issuing Lender, Bank of America, N.A., in its capacity as Swingline Lender, The Bank of Nova Scotia, in its capacity as Issuing Lender, JPMorgan Securities Inc., in its capacity as joint bookrunner, CoBank, ACB, in its capacity as joint bookrunner, Banc of America Securities LLC, in its capacity as joint bookrunner and Cooperatieve Centrale Raiffeisen-Boerenleenbank B.A., "Rabobank Nederland", New York Branch in its capacity as joint bookrunner (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, dated January 25, 2010, filed January 26, 2010, and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.15 Guarantee Assumption Agreement, dated as of August 11, 2006, by Constellation Leasing, LLC, in favor of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, pursuant to the Credit Agreement dated as of June 5, 2006 (as modified and supplemented and in effect from time to time) (filed as Exhibit 4.29 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended August 31, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).

- 4.16 Guarantee Assumption Agreement, dated as of November 30, 2006, by Vincor International Partnership, Vincor International II, LLC, Vincor Holdings, Inc., R.H. Phillips, Inc., The Hogue Cellars, Ltd., and Vincor Finance, LLC in favor of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, pursuant to the Credit Agreement dated as of June 5, 2006 (as modified and supplemented and in effect from time to time) (filed as Exhibit 4.31 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended November 30, 2006 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.17 Guarantee Assumption Agreement, dated as of May 4, 2007, by Barton SMO Holdings LLC, ALCOFI INC., and Spirits Marque One LLC in favor of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, pursuant to the Credit Agreement dated as of June 5, 2006 (as modified and supplemented and in effect from time to time) (filed as Exhibit 4.39 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended May 31, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.18 Guarantee Assumption Agreement, dated as of January 22, 2008, by BWE, Inc., Atlas Peak Vineyards, Inc., Buena Vista Winery, Inc., Clos du Bois Wines, Inc., Gary Farrell Wines, Inc., Peak Wines International, Inc., and Planet 10 Spirits, LLC in favor of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, pursuant to the Credit Agreement dated as of June 5, 2006 (as modified and supplemented and in effect from time to time) (filed as Exhibit 4.46 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 29, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 4.19 Guarantee Assumption Agreement, dated as of February 27, 2009, by Constellation Services LLC in favor of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, pursuant to the Credit Agreement dated as of June 5, 2006 (as modified and supplemented and in effect from time to time) (filed as Exhibit 4.42 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 28, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.1 Form of Terms and Conditions Memorandum for Directors with respect to grants of options to purchase Class 1 Stock pursuant to the Company's Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan (grants on or after July 22, 2010) (filed herewith).\*
- 10.2 Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement for Directors with respect to the Company's Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan (grants on or after July 22, 2010) (filed herewith).\*
- 31.1 Certificate of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (filed herewith).
- 31.2 Certificate of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (filed herewith).

#### Exhibit No.

- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 18 U.S.C. 1350 (filed herewith).
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 18 U.S.C. 1350 (filed herewith).
- The following materials from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended August 31, 2010, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets at August 31, 2010 and February 28, 2010, (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations for the six months and the three months ended August 31, 2010 and 2009, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended August 31, 2010 and 2009, and (iv) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.\*\*
- Designates management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
- \*\* Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the Interactive Data Files on Exhibit 101 hereto are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act"), as amended, are deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"), as amended, and otherwise not subject to liability under those sections. This exhibit shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that the Registrant specifically incorporates this exhibit by reference.
- + This Exhibit has been filed separately with the Commission pursuant to an application for confidential treatment. The confidential portions of this Exhibit have been omitted and are marked by an asterisk.

The Company agrees, upon request of the Securities and Exchange Commission, to furnish copies of each instrument that defines the rights of holders of long-term debt of the Company or its subsidiaries that is not filed herewith pursuant to Item 601(b)(4)(iii)(A) because the total amount of long-term debt authorized under such instrument does not exceed 10% of the total assets of the Company and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.



# TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF STOCK OPTIONS CLASS 1 COMMON STOCK [Date]

The CONSTELLATION BRANDS, INC. Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan, as amended from time to time (the "Plan"), enables Constellation Brands, Inc. (the "Company") to grant stock options to purchase Class 1 Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, of the Company (a "Share" or the "Shares") to employees and directors of the Company (each, when granted a stock option, an "Optionee"). The stock options represented by this Memorandum and the accompanying award letter (respectively, the "Options" and the Memorandum and accompanying award letter, together, the "Documents") are subject to all of the terms and conditions contained in the Documents. By accepting delivery of the Documents, the Optionee agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions of the Documents.

1.

2.

Terr on _ Date		
Exe	rcise of Options.	
(a)	The Options may be exercised in whole or in part at any time on or after but no Options may be exercisable after the Expiration Date.	
(b)	The Optionee can exercise Options by complying with the provisions of the Plan and by following instructions provided in materials distributed by the Comp. The exercise price, \$ per share (the "Exercise Price"), for the number of shares subject to the Option (the "Option Shares") being purchased and related withholding tax obligations may be paid by the Optionee by (i) delivery of cash, money order or a certified or cashier's check; (ii) tendering previously acquired Shares or shares of Class A Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, of the Company ("Class A Shares"), as provided for in the Plan; (iii) delivery conversion notice or other conversion instructions acceptable to the Company irrevocably electing to convert a sufficient number of Shares received under the Option into Class A Shares ("Conversion Shares") together with delivery of irrevocable instructions to a broker or other agent acceptable to the Company to promptly sell the Conversion Shares and to deliver to the Company the	

- appropriate amount of proceeds; and/or (iv) any other payment method that is established by the Company (which payment method may be restricted or eliminated from time to time by the Company, in its sole discretion).
- (c) The Company will, without transfer or issue tax to the Optionee, issue and cause to be delivered to the Optionee the number of Option Shares purchased as soon as reasonably practicable after the Optionee has appropriately exercised any Options. The Company is not required to issue Shares to the Optionee until all obligations to withhold taxes and similar charges have been resolved to the satisfaction of the Company.
- 3. Termination of Relationship. As long as the Optionee continues to be a director of the Company, the Options may be exercised once they have vested and prior to their expiration. If the Optionee ceases to be a director of the Company as a result of the Optionee's death or disability, the Options shall all immediately vest. For this purpose, "disability" means a long-lasting physical or mental impairment that prevents the Optionee from performing his/her duties as a director, as solely determined by the Board of Directors. In addition, subject to Section 4 below, Options which have vested prior to the termination of the Optionee's relationship with the Company (or which have vested pursuant as a result of the Optionee's death or disability as set forth above) may be exercised by the Optionee, his designated beneficiary or legal representative or permitted transferee within one (1) year after the last day on which the Optionee was a member of the Board of Directors of the Company (the last day on which the Optionee is a member of the Board of Directors of the Company is referred to as the "Termination Date").
- 4. <u>Limitations on Exercise Following Termination of Relationship.</u>
  - (a) The time period set forth in Section 3 above is subject to the restriction that Options may not be exercised after their Expiration Date.
  - (b) The time period set forth in Section 3 above is also subject to the restriction that no Option may be exercised by any person if the Optionee's relationship with the Company has been terminated for Cause, as defined in the Plan.
  - (c) Except as otherwise provided by the Committee administering the Plan, (i) the only Options that may be exercised after the Termination Date are those Options that were exercisable by the Optionee on the Termination Date; and (ii) any Options which are not exercisable on the Termination Date will automatically terminate on the Termination Date.
  - (d) Any Options which are exercisable on the Termination Date, but which are not exercised within the one (1) year period specified in Section 3 above, will automatically terminate at the end of that period.
- 5. <u>Adjustments for Certain Events</u>. The number and kind of unexercised Options and the Exercise Price of such Options are subject to adjustment in the event that certain transactions are taken by the Company which affect the Company's capital stock.

- 6. Type of Options. The Options are nonqualified stock options granted pursuant to Section 5 of the Plan.
- 7. No Transfer of Options. Unless transferability is authorized by the Option grant or otherwise permitted by the Committee, Options are not transferable by the Optionee other than (i) by will or the laws of descent and distribution, or (ii) pursuant to a domestic relations order. Because of laws affecting the transferability of the Option Shares, the Optionee should understand the securities laws and other implications of any transfer of Options.
- 8. General Restriction on Issuance of Stock. The Company may require information or documents which enable it to insure compliance with any law or Rules (as defined in the Plan) of the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other governmental authority having jurisdiction under the Plan before it issues any Shares upon the exercise of any Options. If at any time the Committee administering the Plan shall determine that the listing, registration or qualification of the Option Shares under any state or federal law or other applicable Rule, or the consent or approval of any governmental regulatory body, is necessary or desirable as a condition of the granting of the Options or the issue or purchase of Shares thereunder, such Options may not be exercised in whole or in part unless such listing, registration, qualification, consent or approval shall have been effected or obtained free of any conditions not acceptable to the Committee.
- 9. <u>Limitation on Sale or Disposition of Option Shares</u> If the Committee determines that the ability of the Optionee to sell or transfer Option Shares is restricted, then the Company may place a restrictive legend or stop transfer notation on its books with respect to such Option Shares. If a legend or stop transfer notation is placed on the Company's books with respect to an Optionee's Option Shares, the Optionee may only sell such Option Shares in compliance with such legend or notation.
- 10. No Listing of Option Shares; Conversion. The Company has not listed the Option Shares for trading on the New York Stock Exchange and does not intend to effect such a listing. Pursuant to the Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, Option Shares may be converted into Class A Shares, but only if the Class A Shares received upon the conversion are sold or transferred immediately following the conversion in a market transaction or qualifying private transaction as such terms are defined in the Company's Certificate of Incorporation. The Class A Shares into which Option Shares may be converted have been or will, prior to issuance, be listed for trading on the New York Stock Exchange.
- 11. <u>Incorporation of Plan</u>. The Options are subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, which are incorporated herein by reference. The Company, upon request, will provide a copy of the Plan to the Optionee. To the extent that the terms and conditions of the Documents are inconsistent with the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall control.

12. <u>Applicable Times and Dates</u>. All references to times and dates in the Plan and in documents relating to the Plan refer, respectively, to Eastern Standard Time (or Eastern Daylight Savings Time, as appropriate) in the United States of America and to dates in New York State based on such Eastern Standard Time (or Eastern Daylight Savings Time, as appropriate).

# RESTRICTED STOCK AGREEMENT

# Pursuant to

# CONSTELLATION BRANDS, INC. LONG-TERM STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

Name of Participant:
Date of Grant:
Number of Shares:
Value of Each Share on Date of Grant: \$
This RESTRICTED STOCK AGREEMENT (the "Agreement"), dated as of, is made between Constellation Brands, Inc. (the "Company") and (the "Participant") to record the granting of Restricted Stock on (the "Date of Grant") to the Participant pursuant to the Company's Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan, as amended from time to time (the "Plan").
The Company and the Participant hereby agree as follows:
1. Grant of Shares. The Company hereby grants to the Participant, as of the Date of Grant, subject to and in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Agreement, shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Class A Stock"). (The grant of shares of Class A Stock to the Participant, evidenced by this Agreement, is an award of Restricted Stock (as defined in the Plan) and such shares of Restricted Stock are referred to herein as the "Shares".)
2. Vesting of Shares.
(a) <u>Service</u> . Ownership of 100% of the Shares shall vest on, <u>provided</u> that the Participant continues as a member of the Company's Board of Directors until such date.
(b) <u>Death or Disability</u> . If the Participant ceases being a member of the Company's Board of Directors as a result of the Participant's death or disability, the Shares shall immediately vest. For this purpose, "disability" means a long-lasting physical or mental impairment that prevents the Participant from performing his/her duties as a member of the Company's Board of Directors, as solely determined by the Board of Directors.

- (c) <u>Termination.</u> If the Board of Directors decides not to nominate the Participant for an additional term as a member of the Company's Board of Directors, unless such decision is for Cause, the Shares shall vest on the date of the Company's next Annual Meeting of Stockholders, at which directors are elected; <u>provided</u> that the Participant continues as a member of the Company's Board of Directors until such date.
  - (d) Change in Control. The Shares are subject to the provisions of the Plan pertaining to a Change in Control of the Company.
- 3. <u>Forfeiture.</u> Shares that do not become vested in accordance with the vesting criteria set forth in Section 2 above (and any dividends or other distributions related to such Shares) shall be forfeited to the Company.
- 4. <u>Legend</u>. Each share certificate representing the Shares shall bear a legend indicating that such Shares are "Restricted Stock" and are subject to the provisions of this Agreement and the Plan.
- 5. <u>Transferability</u>; <u>Restricted Share Certificates to be Held by the Company</u>. The Shares shall become transferable only when they become vested in accordance with Section 2 of this Agreement. Share certificates representing all unvested Shares shall be held by the Company until such Shares have become vested. As the Shares vest, and as all other restrictions and conditions set forth in this Agreement and under the Plan (as they apply to Restricted Stock) are satisfied, certificates representing the Shares (along with any dividends and other distributions relating to those Shares) shall be released to the Participant. At that time, the Company shall take such steps as may be appropriate to delete the legend on the certificate which identifies the Shares as Restricted Stock.
- 6. Section 83(b) Election. The Participant may elect, within 30 days of the Date of Grant pursuant to Section 83(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, to include in his or her gross income the fair market value of the Shares covered by this Agreement in the taxable year of grant. If the Participant makes this election, he shall promptly notify the Company by submitting to the Company a copy of the statement filed with the Internal Revenue Service in which the Participant makes such election.
- 7. General Restrictions on Issuance of Stock Certificates. The Company shall not be required to deliver any certificate representing the Shares until it has been furnished with such opinions, representations or other documents as it may deem necessary or desirable, in its discretion, to insure compliance with any law or Rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other governmental authority having jurisdiction under the Plan or over the Company, the Participant, or the Shares or any interests granted thereunder. This award of Restricted Stock is also subject to the condition that, if at any time the Committee administering the Plan shall determine, in its discretion, that the listing, registration or qualification of the Shares (or any capital stock distributed thereon) upon the New York Stock Exchange, any other securities exchange, the NASDAQ Stock Market or under any state or Federal law or other applicable Rule, or the consent or approval of any

governmental regulatory body, is necessary or desirable as a condition of, or in connection with, the granting of this award of Restricted Stock or the issue of the Shares (or the issue of any dividends or other distributions related to the Shares), the Shares (and any dividends or other distributions related thereto) may not be transferred unless such listing, registration, qualification, consent or approval shall have been effected or obtained to the complete satisfaction of the Committee and free of any conditions not acceptable to the Committee.

- 8. Rights as Shareholder. Except for the dividend and distribution restrictions described below, and the transfer and other restrictions set forth elsewhere in this Agreement and in the Plan, the Participant, as record holder of the Shares, shall possess all the rights of a holder of the Company's Class A Stock, including voting, dividend and other distribution rights, provided, however, that prior to vesting, the certificates representing the Shares, as well as any dividends or other distributions with respect to such Shares, shall be held by the Company for the benefit of the Participant. Any distributions with respect to the Shares in the form of capital stock shall be treated as Restricted Stock in the same manner as the Shares. If the underlying Shares do not vest, then any capital stock distributed with respect to the Shares, as well as any other dividends or other distributions with respect to such Shares, shall be forfeited to the Company. The Participant agrees to deliver to the Company a stock power executed in blank covering the Shares (and covering any capital stock distributed with respect to such Shares) which shall be returned to Participant with the appropriate stock certificate when the Shares represented thereby vest. The stock power with respect to any certificate representing Shares which do not vest shall be completed in the name of the Company by an officer of the Company and returned to the treasury.
- 9. Adjustment of Shares. As provided by the Plan, in the event of any change in the Class A Stock of the Company by reason of any stock dividend, stock split, recapitalization, reorganization, merger, consolidation, split-up, combination, or exchange of shares, or rights offering to purchase Class A Stock at a price substantially below fair market value, or of any similar change affecting the Class A Stock, the Shares shall be adjusted automatically consistent with such change to prevent substantial dilution or enlargement of the rights granted to, or available for, the Participant hereunder.
- 10. <u>Coordination With Plan</u>. The Participant acknowledges that he has previously received a copy of the Plan and agrees to be bound by all of the terms and provisions thereof, including any which may conflict with those contained in this Agreement. Capitalized terms used in this Agreement and not otherwise defined shall have the meaning given to such terms under the Plan.

11. Notices. All notices to the Company shall be in writing and sent to the Company's General Counsel at the Company's offices located at 207 High Point Drive,	
Building 100, Victor, New York 14564. Notices to the Participant shall be addressed to the Participant at	

<b>IN WITNESS WHEREOF,</b> the Company and the Participant have caused this Restricted Stock Agreement to be executed on the date set forth opposite their respective signatures, it being further understood that the Date of Grant may differ from the date of signature.			
CONSTELLATION BRANDS, INC.			
Ву:			
Its:			
PARTICIPANT			

#### RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

#### Constellation Brands, Inc. Form 10-Q for Fiscal Quarter Ended August 31, 2010

- I, Robert Sands, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Constellation Brands, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is

reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 12, 2010

/s/ Robert Sands Robert Sands

President and Chief Executive Officer

#### RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

#### Constellation Brands, Inc. Form 10-Q for Fiscal Quarter Ended August 31, 2010

- I, Robert Ryder, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Constellation Brands, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is

reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 12, 2010

/s/ Robert Ryder

Robert Ryder Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

# SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

#### Constellation Brands, Inc. Form 10-Q for Fiscal Quarter Ended August 31, 2010

In connection with the Constellation Brands, Inc. Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Fiscal Quarter Ended August 31, 2010, I, Robert Sands, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 that, to the best of my knowledge:

- 1. The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Fiscal Quarter Ended August 31, 2010 of Constellation Brands, Inc. fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and
- 2. The information contained in the periodic report on Form 10-Q for the Fiscal Quarter Ended August 31, 2010 of Constellation Brands, Inc. fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Constellation Brands, Inc.

Dated: October 12, 2010 /s/ Robert Sands

Robert Sands,

President and Chief Executive Officer

# SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

#### Constellation Brands, Inc. Form 10-Q for Fiscal Quarter Ended August 31, 2010

In connection with the Constellation Brands, Inc. Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Fiscal Quarter Ended August 31, 2010, I, Robert Ryder, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 that, to the best of my knowledge:

- 1. The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Fiscal Quarter Ended August 31, 2010 of Constellation Brands, Inc. fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and
- 2. The information contained in the periodic report on Form 10-Q for the Fiscal Quarter Ended August 31, 2010 of Constellation Brands, Inc. fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Constellation Brands, Inc.

Dated: October 12, 2010 /s/ Robert Ryder

Robert Ryder, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer