## FORM 10-Q

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
(Mark One)


$$
235 \text { NORTH BLOOMFIELD ROAD, CANANDAIGUA, NEW YORK } 14424
$$

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)
(716) 393-4130
-------------
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year,
if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrants (1) have filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrants were required to file such reports), and (2) have been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
Yes X No
--- _-_

The number of shares outstanding with respect to each of the classes of common stock of Canandaigua Brands, Inc., as of December 16, 1997, is set forth below (all of the Registrants, other than Canandaigua Brands, Inc., are direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of Canandaigua Brands, Inc.):

| CLASS | NUMBER OF SHARES OUTSTANDING |
| :--- | :--- |
| ---- |  |
| A Common Stock, Par Value $\$ .01$ Per Share |  |
| S Common Stock, Par Value $\$ .01$ Per Share | $3,330,367$ |

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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION
ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

<TABLE>

ASSETS
(unaudited)

CURRENT LIABILITIES:
Notes payable
Current maturities of long-term debt
Accounts payable
Accrued Federal and state excise taxes
Other accrued expenses and liabilities
Total current liabilities
LONG-TERM DEBT, less current maturities

Accounts receivable, net
Inventories, net
Prepaid expenses and other current assets
Total current assets
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, net
OTHER ASSETS

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

DEFERRED INCOME TAXES

OTHER LIABILITIES
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:
Preferred Stock, \$.01 par valueAuthorized, 1,000,000 shares; Issued, none at November 30, 1997, and February 28, 1997
Class A Common Stock, \(\$ .01\) par valueAuthorized, 60,000,000 shares; Issued, 17,576,507 shares at November 30, 1997, and 17,462,332 shares at February 28, 1997
Class B Convertible Common Stock, \(\$ .01\) par valueAuthorized, 20,000,000 shares;
Issued, 3,956,183 shares at November 30, 1997, and February 28, 1997
Additional paid-in capital
Retained earnings

Less-Treasury stock-
Class A Common Stock, 2,199,320 shares at November 30, 1997, and 1,915,468 shares at February 28, 1997, at cost
Class B Convertible Common Stock, 625,725 shares at November 30, 1997, and February 28, 1997, at cost

Less-Unearned compensation-restricted stock award
Total stockholders' equity
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \$ & 161,000 \\
\hline & 40,119 \\
\hline & 69,838 \\
\hline & 20,218 \\
\hline & 93,803 \\
\hline & 384,978 \\
\hline & 275,300 \\
\hline & 64,695 \\
\hline & 7,862 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \$ & 2,298 & \$ & 10,010 \\
\hline & 184,992 & & 142,592 \\
\hline & 419,392 & & 326,626 \\
\hline & 19,295 & & 21,787 \\
\hline & 625,977 & & 501,015 \\
\hline & 241,381 & & 249,552 \\
\hline & 264,155 & & 270,334 \\
\hline \$ & 131,513 & \$ & 020,901 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
<C> <C>
=========== 17,058
68,556
246,573
338,884
-----------
\(---------\quad\)
9,316
_-_-_-_-_-_-
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 40 & 40 \\
\hline 226,242 & 222,336 \\
\hline 210,297 & 170,275 \\
\hline 436,754 & 392,825 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \((34,878)\) & \((25,885)\) \\
\hline \((2,207)\) & \((2,207)\) \\
\hline \((37,085)\) & \((28,092)\) \\
\hline (991) & -- \\
\hline 398,678 & 364,733 \\
\hline \$ 1,131,513 & \$ 1,020,901 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
<FN>
The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these balance sheets. </FN>
</TABLE>
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<TABLE>
CANANDAIGUA BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(in thousands, except share data)
<CAPTION>
For the Nine Months Ended November 30,
For the Three Months

<FN>
The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.
</EN>
</TABLE>

## <TABLE>

CANANDAIGUA BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)
<CAPTION>
<S>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{cc}\text { For the Nine Months Ended November 30, } \\
\text { 1997 } & \text { 1996 } \\
\text { (unaudited) } \\
\text { <C> }\end{array}
$$ \quad \begin{array}{c}(unaudited) <br>

<C>\end{array}\right]\)| \$ 40,022 |
| :--- |

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net
cash (used in) provided by operating activities:
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment

| 18,806 | 18,662 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 6,987 | 7,155 |
| 6,900 | 10,000 |
| 529 | 20 |
| 261 | 29 |
| $(3,036)$ | 201 |
| $(42,192)$ | $(55,635)$ |
| (91,008) | $(31,793)$ |
| 2,552 | 9,176 |
| 6,896 | 18,510 |
| 3,161 | 3,150 |
| 21,649 | 17,951 |
| $(1,043)$ | $(3,815)$ |
| $(69,538)$ | $(6,389)$ |
| $(29,516)$ | 15,364 |

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:
Purchases of property, plant and equipment, net of minor disposals
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment
Payment of accrued earn-out amounts

Net cash used in investing activities

| $(23,206)$ | $(25,318)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 12,547 | 5,171 |
| -- | $(13,848)$ |
| $(10,659)$ | $(33,995)$ |

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
Net proceeds from notes payable
Proceeds from employee stock purchases

| 104,000 |  | 18,700 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,256 |  | 998 |
| 1,194 |  | 10 |
| $(64,193)$ |  | $(39,612)$ |
| $(9,233)$ |  | $(19,997)$ |
| (561) |  | $(1,478)$ |
| -- |  | 61,668 |
| 32,463 |  | 20,289 |
| $(7,712)$ |  | 1,658 |
| 10,010 |  | 3,339 |
| 2,298 | \$ | 4,997 |

NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS
CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS, beginning of period

CASH AND CASH INVESTMENTS, end of period

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Goodwill reduction on settlement of disputed final closing net current asset statement for Vintners Acquisition
\$ -- \$ 5,894
<FN>
The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements. </FN>
</TABLE>

Page 4<br>CANANDAIGUA BRANDS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES<br>NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS<br>NOVEMBER 30, 1997

1) MANAGEMENT'S REPRESENTATIONS:

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission applicable to quarterly reporting on Form 10-Q and reflect, in the opinion of the Company, all adjustments necessary to present the financial information for Canandaigua Brands, Inc. and its subsidiaries. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, have been condensed or omitted as permitted by such rules and regulations. These consolidated financial statements and related notes should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 28, 1997.

## 2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Certain November 1996 balances have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.
3) INVENTORIES:

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (computed in accordance with the last-in, first-out (LIFO) or first-in, first-out (FIFO) methods) or market. Substantially all of the inventories are valued using the LIFO method. Elements of cost include materials, labor and overhead and consist of the following:

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { vember } 30 \text {, } \\ & 1997 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { February } 28, \\ 1997 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (in thousands) |  |  |  |  |
| Raw materials and supplies | \$ | 13,203 | \$ | 14,191 |
| Wines and distilled spirits in process |  | 330,987 |  | 262,289 |
| Finished case goods |  | 98,707 |  | 72,526 |
|  |  | 442,897 |  | 349,006 |
| Less - LIFO reserve |  | $(23,505)$ |  | $(22,380)$ |
|  |  | 419,392 | \$ | 326,626 |

Information related to the FIFO method of inventory valuation may be useful in comparing operating results to those companies not using the LIFO method of inventory valuation. If the FIFO method had been used, reported net income would have been $\$ 0.7$ million, or $\$ 0.03$ per share on a fully diluted basis, higher for the nine months ended November 30, 1997, and reported net income would have been $\$ 12.5$ million, or $\$ 0.63$ per share on a fully diluted basis, higher for the nine months ended November 30, 1996.

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4) NET INCOME PER COMMON AND COMMON EQUIVALENT SHARE:

Net income per common and common equivalent share is based on the weighted average number of common and dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding during each period. Dilutive common equivalent shares consist of stock options.

## 5) STOCK INCENTIVE PLANS:

At the Company's Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on July 22, 1997, stockholders approved the amendment and restatement of the Company's Stock Option and Stock Appreciation Right Plan as the Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan and the adoption of the Company's Incentive Stock Option Plan.

Under the Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan, non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock and other stock-based awards may be granted to employees, officers and directors of the Company. Grants, in the aggregate, may not exceed $4,000,000$ shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock.

Under the Incentive Stock Option Plan, incentive stock options may be granted to employees, including officers, of the Company. Grants, in the aggregate, may not exceed $1,000,000$ shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock. The exercise price of any incentive stock option may not be less than the fair market value of the shares on the date of grant.
6) SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION - SUBSIDIARY GUARANTORS:

The subsidiary guarantors are wholly owned and the guarantees are full, unconditional, joint and several obligations of each of the subsidiary guarantors. Summarized financial information for the subsidiary guarantors is set forth below. Separate financial statements for the subsidiary guarantors of the Company are not presented because the Company has determined that such financial statements would not be material to investors. The subsidiary guarantors comprise all of the direct and indirect subsidiaries of the Company, other than the non-guarantor subsidiaries which individually, and in the aggregate, are inconsequential. There are no restrictions on the ability of the subsidiary guarantors to transfer funds to the Company in the form of cash dividends or loan repayments. The subsidiary guarantors may not loan funds to the Company.

The following table presents summarized financial information for subsidiary guarantors in connection with all of the Company's 8.75\% Senior Subordinated Notes:

|  | November 30, <br> 1997 | February 28, <br> 1997 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| (in thousands) |  |  |
| Balance Sheet Data: |  |  |
| $\quad$ Current assets | $\$ 501,384$ | $\$ 401,870$ |
| Noncurrent assets | $\$ 390,495$ | $\$ 403,068$ |
| Current liabilities | $\$ 104,699$ | $\$ 100,009$ |
| Noncurrent liabilities | $\$ 64,480$ | $\$ 65,300$ |


|  | For the Nine Months Ended November 30, |  | For the Three Months Ended November 30, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1997 | 1996 | 1997 | 1996 |
| (in thousands) |  |  |  |  |
| Income Statement Data: |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | \$764,457 | \$718,676 | \$250,119 | \$264,883 |
| Gross profit | \$153,590 | \$127,306 | \$ 47,165 | \$ 48,599 |
| Income before provision for Federal and state income |  |  |  |  |
| taxes | \$ 58,658 $\$ 34,886$ | \$ 34,602 $\$ 19,903$ | \$ 17,210 $\$ 10,118$ | \$ 18,043 $\$ 10,466$ |

## 7) ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

In February 1997, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, "Earnings per Share," (SFAS No. 128) and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 129, "Disclosure of Information about Capital Structure," (SFAS No. 129) were issued. SFAS No. 128 requires the Company to present basic and diluted earnings per share in the financial statements. The Company is required to adopt SFAS No. 128 for the year ending February 28, 1998, and restate previously reported earnings per share. Early adoption is not permitted. The Company believes the effect of adoption will not be material. SFAS No. 129 consolidates specific existing disclosure requirements and establishes standards for disclosing information about an entity's capital structure. The Company is required to adopt SFAS No. 129 for the year ending February 28, 1998. The Company believes the effect of adoption will not be material.

In June 1997, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income," (SFAS No. 130) and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information," (SFAS No. 131) were issued. SFAS No. 130 establishes standards for reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components in a full set of financial statements. The Company is required to adopt SFAS No. 130 for interim periods and fiscal years beginning March 1, 1998. Reclassification of financial statements for earlier periods provided for comparative purposes is required. The Company believes the effect of adoption will not be material. SFAS No. 131 establishes standards for reporting information about operating segments in annual financial statements and requires reporting of selected information in interim financial statements. The Company is required to adopt SFAS No. 131 for fiscal years beginning March 1, 1998, and for interim periods beginning March 1, 1999. Restatement of comparative information for earlier years is required in the initial year of adoption and comparative information for interim periods in the initial year of adoption is to be reported for interim periods in the second year of application. The Company has not yet determined the impact of SFAS No. 131 on its financial statements.

## 8) SUBSEQUENT EVENT - NEW CREDIT AGREEMENT:

## Senior credit facility:

On December 19, 1997, the Company and a syndicate of banks (the Syndicate Banks) entered into a new $\$ 325.0$ million senior Credit Agreement (the Credit Agreement). The proceeds of the Credit Agreement were used to repay all outstanding principal and accrued interest on all loans under the Company's Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, as amended. As compared to the previous bank credit agreement, the Credit Agreement includes, among other things, lower interest rates, lower

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quarterly loan amortization and greater flexibility with respect to effecting acquisitions, incurring indebtedness and repurchasing the Company's capital stock.

The Credit Agreement provides for a $\$ 140.0$ million term loan facility due in June 2003 and a $\$ 185.0$ million revolving loan facility, including letters of credit up to a maximum of $\$ 20.0$ million, which expires in June 2003. The rate of interest payable, at the Company's option, is a function of the London interbank offered rate (LIBOR) plus a margin, federal funds rate plus a margin or the prime rate. The margin is adjustable based upon the Company's Debt Ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement). There are certain mandatory term loan prepayments including, if the proceeds of which are not used to finance an acquisition, aggregate net proceeds received in excess of $\$ 50.0$ million from any Debt Incurrence (as defined in the Credit Agreement) and $50 \%$ of any net proceeds from the sale of equity, and net proceeds from the sale of assets not reinvested in like assets.

The term loan facility requires quarterly repayments of $\$ 6.0$ million beginning March 1998 through December 2002, and payments of $\$ 10.0$ million in March 2003 and June 2003. Currently, the margin on the term loan facility borrowings is $0.75 \%$ and may be decreased by up to $0.35 \%$ and increased by up to $0.5 \%$ depending on the Company's Debt Ratio.

The revolving loan facility is utilized to finance working capital requirements. The Credit Agreement requires that the Company reduce the outstanding balance of the revolving loan facility to less than $\$ 60.0$ million for thirty consecutive days during the six months ending each August 31. Currently, the margin on the revolving loan facility is $0.5 \%$ and may be decreased by up to $0.25 \%$ and increased by up to $0.4 \%$ depending on the Company's Debt Ratio. In addition, the Company pays a facility fee on the revolving loan commitments. Currently, the facility fee is $0.25 \%$ and may be reduced or increased by $0.1 \%$ subject to the Company's Debt Ratio.

The Syndicate Banks have been given security interests in substantially all of the assets of the Company including mortgage liens on certain real property. The Company is subject to customary secured lending covenants including those restricting additional liens, the incurrence of additional indebtedness, the sale of assets, the payment of dividends, transactions with affiliates and the making of certain investments. The primary financial covenants require the maintenance of a Debt Ratio, a senior debt coverage ratio, a fixed charge ratio and an interest coverage ratio. Among the most restrictive covenants contained in the Credit Agreement is the requirement to maintain a fixed charge ratio of not less than 1.0 at the last day of each fiscal quarter for the most recent four quarters.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

## INTRODUCTION

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The following discussion and analysis summarizes the significant factors affecting (i) consolidated results of operations of the Company for the three months ended November 30, 1997 ("Third Quarter 1998"), compared to the three months ended November 30, 1996 ("Third Quarter 1997"), and for the nine months ended November 30, 1997 ("Nine Months 1998"), compared to the nine months ended November 30, 1996 ("Nine Months 1997"), and (ii) financial liquidity and capital resources for the nine months ended November 30, 1997. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included herein and in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended February 28, 1997.

The Company operates primarily in the beverage alcohol industry. The Company is principally a producer and supplier of wines and an importer and producer of beers and distilled spirits. The Company's branded products and its other products and services are marketed by three operating divisions: Canandaigua Wine Company, Barton Beers and Barton Brands.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THIRD QUARTER 1998 COMPARED TO THIRD QUARTER 1997

## NET SALES

The following table sets forth the net sales (in thousands of dollars) and unit volumes (in thousands of cases), if applicable, for branded beverage alcohol products and other products and services sold by the Company for Third Quarter 1998 and Third Quarter 1997.

Third Quarter 1998 Compared to Third Quarter 1997

| Branded Beverage <br> Alcohol Products: | Net Sales |  |  | Unit Volume |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1998 | 1997 | \%Increase/ (Decrease) | 1998 | 1997 | \%Increase/ <br> (Decrease) |
| Wine | \$153,353 | \$152,224 | $0.7 \%$ | 7,799 | 7,943 | (1.8\%) |
| Beer | 92,605 | 74,314 | 24.6\% | 7,357 | 5,892 | 24.9\% |
| Spirits | 51,359 | 51,045 | 0.6\% | 2,520 | 2,476 | 1.8\% |
| Other (a) | 25,386 | 40,150 | (36.8\%) | N/A | N/A | N/A |
|  | \$322,703 | \$317,733 | 1.6\% | 17,676 | 16,311 | 8.4\% |

(a) Other consists primarily of non-branded concentrate sales, contract bottling and other production services and bulk product sales, none of which are sold in case quantities.

Net sales for Third Quarter 1998 increased to $\$ 322.7$ million from $\$ 317.7$ million for Third Quarter 1997, an increase of $\$ 5.0$ million, or $1.6 \%$. This increase resulted primarily from (i) $\$ 18.3$ million of additional beer sales, largely Mexican beers, and (ii) $\$ 2.6$ million of additional table wine sales. These increases were partially offset by lower sales of grape juice concentrate, bulk wine and other branded wine products. Unit volume for branded beverage alcohol products for Third Quarter 1998 increased 8.4\% as compared to Third Quarter 1997. The unit volume increase was the result of increased sales of the Company's Mexican beer brands and its spirits brands. Unit volume of the Company's wine brands decreased slightly as compared to Third Quarter 1997.

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## GROSS PROFIT

The Company's gross profit increased to $\$ 98.0$ million for Third Quarter 1998 from $\$ 81.7$ million for Third Quarter 1997, an increase of $\$ 16.3$ million, or $20.0 \%$. As a percent of net sales, gross profit increased to $30.4 \%$ for Third Quarter 1998 from 25.7\% for Third Quarter 1997. The dollar increase in gross profit resulted primarily from cost structure improvements and higher average selling prices related to branded wine sales, and additional beer sales volume.

In general, the preferred method of accounting for inventory valuation is the last-in, first-out method ("LIFO") because, in most circumstances, it results in a better matching of costs and revenues. For comparison purposes to companies using the first-in, first-out method of accounting for inventory valuation ("FIFO") only, gross profit reflected an addition of $\$ 1.8$ million and a reduction of $\$ 8.0$ million in Third Quarter 1998 and Third Quarter 1997, respectively, due to the Company's LIFO accounting method. The Company's gross profit for Third Quarter 1998 reflects the cumulative effect of revised cost estimates, including more favorable grape costs than had been estimated through the first six months of 1998.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES
Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to $\$ 60.3$ million for Third Quarter 1998 from $\$ 58.3$ million for Third Quarter 1997, an increase of $\$ 2.0$ million, or $3.5 \%$. The dollar increase in selling, general and administrative expenses resulted principally from selling and other expenses related to the company's increased beer sales volume and overall growth. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of net sales increased to 18.7\% for Third Quarter 1998 as compared to $18.3 \%$ for Third Quarter 1997. The increase in percent of net sales resulted from a change in the sales mix driven by an increase in net sales of branded products, which have a higher percent of marketing and selling costs relative to sales, partially offset by a decrease in net sales of nonbranded products which have relatively little associated marketing and selling costs.

## INTEREST EXPENSE, NET

Net interest expense decreased to $\$ 7.9$ million for Third Quarter 1998 from $\$ 8.7$ million for Third Quarter 1997, a decrease of $\$ 0.8$ million, or $9.3 \%$. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the Company's average borrowings.

PROVISION FOR FEDERAL AND STATE INCOME TAXES
The Company's effective tax rate for Third Quarter 1998 decreased to 41.0\% from 43.7\% for Third Quarter 1997 as Third Quarter 1997 reflected a higher effective tax rate in California caused by statutory limitations on the Company's ability to utilize certain deductions.

## NET INCOME

As a result of the above factors, net income increased to $\$ 17.6$ million for Third Quarter 1998 from $\$ 8.3$ million for Third Quarter 1997, an increase of $\$ 9.3$ million, or $111.9 \%$.

For financial analysis purposes only, the Company's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") for Third Quarter 1998 were $\$ 46.2$ million, an increase of $\$ 14.2$ million over EBITDA of $\$ 32.0$ million for Third Quarter 1997. EBITDA should not be construed as an alternative to

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operating income or net cash flow from operating activities and should not be construed as an indication of operating performance or as a measure of liquidity.

NINE MONTHS 1998 COMPARED TO NINE MONTHS 1997

NET SALES

The following table sets forth the net sales (in thousands of dollars) and unit volumes (in thousands of cases), if applicable, for branded beverage

| Branded Beverage <br> Alcohol Products: | Net Sales |  |  | Unit Volume |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1998 | 1997 | \%Increase/ <br> (Decrease) | 1998 | 1997 | \%Increase/ (Decrease) |
| Wine | \$400,891 | \$392,629 | 2.1\% | 20,961 | 20,809 | $0.7 \%$ |
| Beer | 298,601 | 237,628 | 25.7\% | 23,796 | 18,964 | 25.5\% |
| Spirits | 153,093 | 141,266 | 8.4\% | 7,644 | 7,235 | 5.7\% |
| Other (a) | 77,653 | 101,921 | (23.8\%) | N/A | N/A | N/A |
|  | \$930,238 | \$873,444 | 6.5\% | 52,401 | 47,008 | 11.5\% |

(a) Other consists primarily of non-branded concentrate sales, contract bottling and other production services and bulk product sales, none of which are sold in case quantities.

Net sales for Nine Months 1998 increased to $\$ 930.2$ million from $\$ 873.4$ million for Nine Months 1997, an increase of $\$ 56.8$ million, or $6.5 \%$. This increase resulted primarily from (i) $\$ 61.0$ million of additional beer sales, largely Mexican beers, (ii) $\$ 13.3$ million of additional table wine sales and (iii) $\$ 11.8$ million of additional spirits sales. These increases were partially offset by lower sales of grape juice concentrate, bulk wine and other branded wine products. Unit volume for branded beverage alcohol products for Nine Months 1998 increased $11.5 \%$ as compared to Nine Months 1997. The unit volume increase was largely the result of increased sales of the Company's Mexican beer brands and its spirits brands. The increase in table wine brands unit volume was partially offset by a decrease in unit volume of dessert wine brands and sparkling wine brands.

## GROSS PROFIT

The Company's gross profit increased to $\$ 263.5$ million for Nine Months 1998 from $\$ 224.4$ million for Nine Months 1997, an increase of $\$ 39.1$ million, or 17.4\%. As a percent of net sales, gross profit increased to $28.3 \%$ for Nine Months 1998 from 25.7\% for Nine Months 1997. The dollar increase in gross profit resulted primarily from increased beer sales, higher average selling prices and cost structure improvements related to branded wine sales, higher average selling prices in excess of cost increases related to grape juice concentrate sales and higher average selling prices and increased volume related to branded spirits sales. These increases were partially offset by lower sales volume of grape juice concentrate and bulk wine.

In general, the preferred method of accounting for inventory valuation is the last-in, first-out method ("LIFO") because, in most circumstances, it results in a better matching of costs and revenues. For comparison purposes to companies using the first-in, first-out method of accounting for inventory

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valuation ("FIFO") only, gross profit reflected a reduction of $\$ 1.1$ million and $\$ 21.8$ million in Nine Months 1998 and Nine Months 1997, respectively, due to the Company's LIFO accounting method.

## SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to $\$ 171.8$ million for Nine Months 1998 from $\$ 161.1$ million for Nine Months 1997, an increase of $\$ 10.6$ million, or $6.6 \%$. The dollar increase in selling, general and administrative expenses resulted principally from selling and other expenses related to the Company's increased sales volume and overall growth. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of net sales increased to 18.5\% for Nine Months 1998 as compared to $18.4 \%$ for Nine Months 1997. The increase in percent of net sales resulted from a change in the sales mix driven by an increase in net sales of branded products, which have a higher percent of marketing and selling costs relative to sales, partially offset by a decrease in net sales of nonbranded products which have relatively little associated marketing and selling costs.

## INTEREST EXPENSE, NET

Net interest expense decreased to $\$ 23.9$ million for Nine Months 1998 from $\$ 25.5$ million for Nine Months 1997, a decrease of $\$ 1.6$ million, or $6.2 \%$. The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the Company's average borrowings which was partially offset by an increase in the average interest rate.

PROVISION FOR FEDERAL AND STATE INCOME TAXES
The Company's effective tax rate for Nine Months 1998 decreased to $41.0 \%$
from 42.5\% for Nine Months 1997 as Nine Months 1997 reflected a higher effective tax rate in California caused by statutory limitations on the Company's ability to utilize certain deductions.

## NET INCOME

As a result of the above factors, net income increased to $\$ 40.0$ million for Nine Months 1998 from $\$ 21.8$ million for Nine Months 1997, an increase of $\$ 18.3$ million, or $84.0 \%$.

For financial analysis purposes only, the Company's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") for Nine Months 1998 were $\$ 117.5$ million, an increase of $\$ 28.4$ million over EBITDA of $\$ 89.1$ million for Nine Months 1997. EBITDA should not be construed as an alternative to operating income or net cash flow from operating activities and should not be construed as an indication of operating performance or as a measure of liquidity.

FINANCIAL LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

GENERAL
The Company's principal use of cash in its operating activities is for purchasing and carrying inventories. The Company's primary source of liquidity has historically been cash flow from operations, except during the annual fall grape harvests when the Company has relied on short-term borrowings. The annual grape crush normally begins in August and runs through October. The Company generally begins purchasing grapes in August with payments for such grapes beginning to come due in September. The Company's short-term borrowings to support such purchases generally reach their highest levels in November or December. Historically, the Company has used cash flow from operating activities to repay its short-term borrowings. The Company will continue to use its short-term borrowings to support its

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working capital requirements. The Company believes that cash provided by operating activities and its financing activities, primarily short-term borrowings, will provide adequate resources to satisfy its working capital, liquidity and anticipated capital expenditure requirements for both its short-term and long-term capital needs.

NINE MONTHS 1998 CASH FLOWS

## OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net cash used in operating activities for Nine Months 1998 was $\$ 29.5$ million which resulted from a net increase of $\$ 130.7$ million in operating assets, partially offset by a net increase of $\$ 70.5$ million in net income adjusted for noncash items plus a net increase of $\$ 30.7$ million in operating liabilities. The net increase of $\$ 130.7$ million in operating assets resulted principally from a $\$ 91.0$ million net increase in inventory levels, primarily the result of the purchase of grapes from the 1997 grape harvest, and a $\$ 42.2$ million increase in accounts receivable primarily due to higher seasonal sales of products. The net increase of $\$ 30.7$ million in operating liabilities was primarily due to a $\$ 21.6$ million increase in other accrued expenses and liabilities, including advertising and promotion accruals associated with the Company's unit volume increase, accrued income taxes and accrued interest.

## INVESTING ACTIVITIES AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Net cash used in investing activities for Nine Months 1998 was $\$ 10.7$ million which resulted from $\$ 23.2$ million of capital expenditures, including $\$ 8.7$ million for vineyards, partially offset by proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment of $\$ 12.5$ million.

Net cash provided by financing activities for Nine Months 1998 was $\$ 32.5$ million which resulted primarily from net proceeds of $\$ 104.0$ million of revolving loan borrowings under the Company's bank credit agreement, partially offset by principal payments of $\$ 64.2$ million of long-term debt and repurchase of $\$ 9.2$ million of the Company's Class A Common Stock.

During January 1996, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to $\$ 30.0$ million of its Class A Common Stock and Class B Common Stock (the "Repurchase Program"). During May 1997, the Company completed the Repurchase Program with the repurchase of 362,100 shares of its Class A Common Stock at a cost of $\$ 9.2$ million. With respect to the Repurchase Program, the Company repurchased a total of $1,149,550$ shares of Class A Common Stock at an aggregate cost of $\$ 30.0$ million, or at an average cost of $\$ 26.10$ per share.
an increase of $\$ 40.1$ million from February 28, 1997, resulting primarily from the net proceeds of revolving loan borrowings, partially offset by principal payments of long-term debt. The ratio of total debt to total capitalization decreased to 54.4\% as of November 30, 1997, from 54.5\% as of February 28, 1997.

As of November 30, 1997, under its bank credit agreement, the Company had outstanding term loans of $\$ 122.2$ million bearing interest at 6.5\%, \$161.0 million of revolving loans bearing interest at $6.5 \%$, undrawn revolving letters of credit of $\$ 7.9$ million and $\$ 16.1$ million available to be drawn in revolving loans.

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As of November 30, 1997, the Company had outstanding $\$ 195.0$ million aggregate principal amount of $83 / 4 \%$ Senior Subordinated Notes due 2003. The notes are unsecured and subordinated to the prior payment in full of all senior indebtedness of the Company, which includes the bank credit agreement. The notes are guaranteed, on a senior subordinated basis, by substantially all of the Company's operating subsidiaries.

On December 19, 1997, the Company, its principal operating subsidiaries, and a syndicate of banks (the "Syndicate Banks"), for which The Chase Manhattan Bank acts as Administrative Agent, entered into a new $\$ 325.0$ million senior Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"). The proceeds of the Credit Agreement were used to repay all outstanding principal and accrued interest on all loans under the Company's Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, as amended. As compared to the previous bank credit agreement, the Credit Agreement includes, among other things, lower interest rates, lower quarterly loan amortization and greater flexibility with respect to effecting acquisitions, incurring indebtedness and repurchasing the Company's capital stock.

The Credit Agreement provides for a $\$ 140.0$ million term loan facility due in June 2003 and a $\$ 185.0$ million revolving loan facility, including letters of credit up to a maximum of $\$ 20.0$ million, which expires in June 2003. The rate of interest payable, at the Company's option, is a function of the London interbank offered rate (LIBOR) plus a margin, federal funds rate plus a margin or the prime rate. The margin is adjustable based upon the Company's Debt Ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement). There are certain mandatory term loan prepayments including, if the proceeds of which are not used to finance an acquisition, aggregate net proceeds received in excess of $\$ 50.0$ million from any Debt Incurrence (as defined in the Credit Agreement) and $50 \%$ of any net proceeds from the sale of equity, and net proceeds from the sale of assets not reinvested in like assets.

The term loan facility requires quarterly repayments of $\$ 6.0$ million beginning March 1998 through December 2002, and payments of $\$ 10.0$ million in March 2003 and June 2003. Currently, the margin on the term loan facility borrowings is $0.75 \%$ and may be decreased by up to $0.35 \%$ and increased by up to $0.5 \%$ depending on the Company's Debt Ratio.

The revolving loan facility is utilized to finance working capital requirements. The Credit Agreement requires that the Company reduce the outstanding balance of the revolving loan facility to less than $\$ 60.0$ million for thirty consecutive days during the six months ending each August 31. Currently, the margin on the revolving loan facility is $0.5 \%$ and may be decreased by up to $0.25 \%$ and increased by up to $0.4 \%$ depending on the Company's Debt Ratio. In addition, the Company pays a facility fee on the revolving loan commitments. Currently, the facility fee is $0.25 \%$ and may be reduced or increased by $0.1 \%$ subject to the Company's Debt Ratio.

Each of the Company's principal operating subsidiaries has guaranteed, jointly and severally, the Company's obligations under the Credit Agreement. The Syndicate Banks have been given security interests in substantially all of the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to customary secured lending covenants including those restricting additional liens, the incurrence of additional indebtedness, the sale of assets, the payment of dividends, transactions with affiliates and the making of certain investments. The primary financial covenants require the maintenance of a Debt Ratio, a senior debt coverage ratio, a fixed charge ratio and an interest coverage ratio. Among the most restrictive covenants contained in the Credit Agreement is the requirement to maintain a fixed charge ratio of not less than 1.0 at the last day of each fiscal quarter for the most recent four quarters.

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As of December 22, 1997, under the Credit Agreement, the Company had outstanding term loans of $\$ 140.0$ million bearing interest at $6.7 \%$, $\$ 116.0$ million of revolving loans bearing interest at 6.4\%, undrawn revolving letters of credit of $\$ 7.2$ million and $\$ 61.8$ million available to be drawn in revolving loans.

## ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

As previously reported under Item 3 in the Company's Annual Report on Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the fiscal year ended February 28, 1997, which is incorporated herein by reference, the Company was involved in an investigation in the State of New Jersey with respect to regulatory trade practices in the beverage alcohol industry. Effective October 14, 1997, the Company entered into a Consent Order with the State of New Jersey to conclude the investigation with respect to the Company. The Company's Consent Order fully resolves the matter without any material effect on the Company.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K.
(a) See Index to Exhibits located on Page 19 of this Report.
(b) No Reports on Form 8-K were filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission during the quarter ended November 30, 1997.

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SIGNATURES
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CANANDAIGUA BRANDS, INC.

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

By: /s/ Thomas F. Howe
,
Thomas F. Howe, Vice President, Corporate Reporting and Controller

By: /s/ Thomas S. Summer

Thomas S. Summer, Senior Vice
President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer and
Principal Accounting Officer)

SUBSIDIARIES

BATAVIA WINE CELLARS, INC.
By: /s/ Thomas F. Howe
------
Thomas F. Howe, Controller
By: /s/ Thomas S. Summer
Thomas S. Summer, Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer and
Principal Accounting Officer)

CANANDAIGUA WINE COMPANY, INC.
By: /s/ Thomas F. Howe
------------------------------------
Thomas F. Howe, Controller

By: /s/ Thomas S. Summer
,
Thomas S. Summer, Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

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CANANDAIGUA EUROPE LIMITED
By: /s/ Thomas F. Howe
Thomas F. Howe, Controller
By: /s/ Thomas S. Summer

Thomas S. Summer, Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer and
Principal Accounting Officer)

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

ROBERTS TRADING CORP.
By: /s/ Thomas F. Howe
Thomas F. Howe, Controller

By: /s/ Thomas S. Summer
(
Thomas S. Summer, Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

BARTON INCORPORATED
By: /s/ Alexander L. Berk


Alexander L. Berk, President and Chief Operating Officer

By: /s/ Raymond E. Powers
Raymond E. Powers, Executive Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

BARTON BRANDS, LTD.
By: /s/ Alexander L. Berk

Alexander L. Berk, Executive Vice President

By: /s/ Raymond E. Powers

Raymond E Powers, Executive Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

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BARTON BEERS, LTD.
By: /s/ Alexander L. Berk
Alexander L. Berk, Executive Vice President

By: /s/ Raymond E. Powers

Raymond E. Powers, Executive Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

BARTON BRANDS OF CALIFORNIA, INC.
By: /s/ Alexander L. Berk
Alexander L. Berk, Executive Vice President

By: /s/ Raymond E. Powers
------------------------------------

Raymond E. Powers, Executive Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

BARTON BRANDS OF GEORGIA, INC.

By: /s/ Alexander L. Berk
,

Alexander L. Berk, Executive Vice President

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

Dated: December 22, 1997

By: /s/ Raymond E. Powers
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Raymond E. Powers, Executive Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

BARTON DISTILLERS IMPORT CORP.
By: /s/ Alexander L. Berk
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Alexander L. Berk, Executive Vice President

By: /s/ Raymond E. Powers
----------------------------------------
Raymond E. Powers, Executive Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary
(Principal Financial Officer and
Principal Accounting Officer)
Page 18

BARTON FINANCIAL CORPORATION
By: /s/ Raymond E. Powers
---------------------------------------
Raymond E. Powers, President and Secretary

By: /s/ Charles T. Schlau
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Charles T. Schlau, Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer and
Principal Accounting Officer)

STEVENS POINT BEVERAGE CO.
By: /s/ Alexander L. Berk
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Alexander L. Berk, Executive Vice President

By: /s/ Raymond E. Powers
-------------------------------------
Raymond E. Powers, Executive Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

## MONARCH IMPORT COMPANY

By: /s/ Alexander L. Berk
------------------------------------
Alexander L. Berk, Executive Vice President

By: /s/ Raymond E. Powers
Raymond E. Powers, Executive Vice President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

THE VIKING DISTILLERY, INC.
By: /s/ Alexander L. Berk -----------------------------------------
Alexander L. Berk, Executive Vice President

By: /s/ Raymond E. Powers

Principal Accounting Officer)

INDEX TO EXHIBITS
(2) PLAN OF ACQUISITION, REORGANIZATION, ARRANGEMENT, LIQUIDATION OR
SUCCESSION.

Not applicable.
ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION AND BY-LAWS.
3.1(a) Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation of Canandaigua Wine Company, Inc. (now known as Canandaigua Brands, Inc., hereinafter in this Index to Exhibits, the "Company") (filed as Exhibit $3.1(a)$ to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended August 31, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.1(b) Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Transition Report on Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the Transition Period from September 1, 1995 to February 29, 1996 and incorporated herein by reference).
3.2 Amended and Restated By-Laws of the Company (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended August 31, 1997 and incorporated herein by reference).
(4) INSTRUMENTS DEFINING THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS, INCLUDING INDENTURES.
4.1 Specimen of Certificate of Class A Common Stock of the Company (filed as Exhibit 1.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 8-A dated April 28, 1992 and incorporated herein by reference).

Specimen of Certificate of Class B Common Stock of the Company (filed as Exhibit 1.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 8-A dated April 28, 1992 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.3 Indenture dated as of December 27, 1993 among the Company, its Subsidiaries and The Chase Manhattan Bank (as successor to Chemical Bank) (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form $10-Q$ for the fiscal quarter ended November 30, 1993 and incorporated herein by reference).
4.4 First Supplemental Indenture dated as of August 3, 1994 among the Company, Canandaigua West, Inc. and The Chase Manhattan Bank (as successor to Chemical Bank) (filed as Exhibit 4.5 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (Registration No. 33-56557) and incorporated herein by reference).

Second Supplemental Indenture dated August 25, 1995, among the Company, V Acquisition Corp. (a subsidiary of the Company now known as The Viking Distillery, Inc.) and The Chase Manhattan Bank (as successor to Chemical Bank ) (filed as Exhibit 4.5 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended August 31, 1995 and incorporated herein by reference).

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Indenture with respect to the $83 / 4 \%$ Series C Senior Subordinated Notes Due 2003 dated as of October 29, 1996 among the Company, its Subsidiaries and Harris Trust and Savings Bank (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (Registration No. 333-17673) and incorporated herein by reference).

MATERIAL CONTRACTS.
Amendment Number 5 to the 1989 Employee Stock Purchase Plan of the Company (filed herewith).

STATEMENT RE COMPUTATION OF PER SHARE EARNINGS.
Computation of per share earnings (filed herewith).
LETTER RE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION.
Not applicable.

LETTER RE CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

Not applicable.

REPORT FURNISHED TO SECURITY HOLDERS.

Not applicable.

PUBLISHED REPORT REGARDING MATTERS SUBMITTED TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

Not applicable.

CONSENTS OF EXPERTS AND COUNSEL.

Not applicable.

POWER OF ATTORNEY.

Not applicable.
FINANCIAL DATA SCHEDULE.
Financial Data Schedule (filed herewith).
ADDITIONAL EXHIBITS.
Not applicable.

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EXHIBIT 10.1
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AMENDMENT NUMBER 5
TO THE
CANANDAIGUA WINE COMPANY, INC.
1989 EMPLOYEE STOCK PURCHASE PLAN

This Amendment Number 5 to the Canandaigua Wine Company, Inc. 1989 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "Plan") was approved pursuant to Paragraph 20 of the Plan by the Board of Directors of Canandaigua Brands, Inc. (f/k/a Canandaigua Wine Company, Inc., the "Company"). Capitalized terms used herein which are not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan.

1. NAME. The name of the Plan is hereby changed to "Canandaigua Brands, Inc. 1989 Employee Stock Purchase Plan," and all references in the Plan to "Canandaigua Wine Company, Inc." are hereby replaced by references to "Canandaigua Brands, Inc."
2. DEFINITION OF COMMITTEE. Paragraph 2 of the Plan, dealing with the administration of the Plan and previously amended by Amendment No. 3 to the Plan, is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:
3. ADMINISTRATION. The Plan shall be administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company as it may be constituted from time to time (the "Committee"). Subject to the express provisions of the Plan and to such instructions and limitations as the Board of Directors may establish from time to time, the Committee shall have the authority to prescribe, amend and rescind rules and regulations relating to the Plan. The Committee may interpret the Plan and may correct any defect or supply any omission or reconcile any inconsistency in the Plan to the extent necessary for the effective operation of the Plan. Any action taken by the Committee on the matters referred to in this paragraph shall be conclusive.

In witness whereof, Canandaigua Brands, Inc. has caused this instrument to be executed as of November 26, 1997.

CANANDAIGUA BRANDS, INC.

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By: /s/ Richard Sands
    -------------------------
    Richard Sands, President
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